Curriculum for Bachelor of Education (B.Ed.) Programme

(Revised)

With effect from session 2022-2023

1 $^{
m ST}$ Semester $\&~2^{
m Nl}$



SEMESTER

NAAC Re-Accreditated - 'A'

RAMAKRISHNA MISSION SIKSHANAMANDIRA

(An Autonomous Post-Graduate College under the University of Calcutta under section 22 of the UGC Act and duly recognized by the NCTE)

College of Teacher Education (CTE) & Swami Vivekananda Centre for Multidisciplinary Research in Educational Studies (SVCMRES)

Belur Math, Howrah – 711 202, West Bengal

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PURPOSE, VISION, MISSION AND OBJECTIVES OF RAMAKRISHNA MISSION SIKSHANAMANDIRA, BELUR MATH

PURPOSE:

The emblem of Ramakrishna Mission, conceived and designed by Swami Vivekananda, is an eloquent expression of Ramakrishna Mission's purpose. To put it simply, the message conveyed by the emblem is – through the harmonious combination of knowledge (*jnana*), devotion (*bhakti*), work (*karma*) and concentration (*yoga*), one attains life's fulfilment. This synthesis of four yogas means that there should be a *harmonious blend of heart*, *head and hand* – which in fact, should be the purpose of all education and training: the making of a complete human being, the development of a perfect character. This development is possible through a manifestation of a person's innate perfection, harmonizing the best elements of Eastern and Western values.

VISION:

Sikshanamandira aspire to be a pioneer teacher education institution actualizing Swami Vivekananda's educational vision by making competent and committed teachers and teacher educators and also to be a research institute that continuously responds to the changing social needs through the discovery, development and application of knowledge. The Vision of Sikshanamandira which is established, administered and run by Ramakrishna Mission Saradapitha, a branch organisation of Ramakrishna Mission, the worldwide organisation started by Swami Vivekananda, with headquarter at Belur Math, Howrah, West Bengal is a corollary of the motto of Ramakrishna Mission, *atmano mokshartham jagaddhitaya cha* which means: attainment of one's own freedom and doing good to the world.

MISSION:

- 1. Making of such teachers who are equipped with a modern outlook in the tools and techniques of education and yet, are rooted in Indian cultural, moral and spiritual values.
- 2. Facilitation of autonomous researches and dissemination of knowledge.
- 3. Support discovery or development of knowledge through strong M.Phil. & Ph.D. programmes and post-doctoral projects.

- 4. Inoculate interdisciplinary approach in academic and research programmes and courses.
- 5. Develop partnership with national & international institutions.

GRADUATE ATTRIBUTES:

- 1. Truth in the pursuit, generation, dissemination, and application of knowledge.
- 2. Freedom of thought and expression
- 3. Respect for diversity and the dignity of the individual
- 4. Responsibility as towards of the environment and citizens of the world.
- 5. Excellence in intellectual, personal, and operational endeavours.
- 6. Integrity in character.
- 7. Innovation in thinking and application.

PROGRAMME LEARNING OUTCOMES:

After completion of the Bachelor of Education (B.Ed.) course the students will -

- 1. Learn the educational philosophy Swami Vivekananda in depth and they will be able to implement that learning in their teaching profession.
- 2. Gain the ability to incorporate all the major teaching skills upto the micro level in their classroom teaching.
- 3. Be able to adopt the necessary and relevant methods and strategies of teaching as per the classroom situation demands.
- 4. Be able to develop Learning Designs (LDs) according to the needs of their students.
- 6. Be able to prepare the Teaching Learning Materials (TLMs) meaningfully and integrate the TLMs in the classroom teaching effectively.
- 7. Attain the ability to use ICT components to deliver the contents more effectively.
- 8. Be prepared to take care of the mental health of the students.
- 9. Possess the mental acuity to identify a problem associated with academic activities of the school and find out a solution of that problem through research activities.
- 10. Be able to manage the classroom for a better teaching-learning process.
- 11. Be able to encourage students for their better health and fitness through Yoga.
- 11. Have a sense of aesthetic appreciation and can encourage their students to appreciate the sense of beauty, aesthetics in their school and daily life activities.

- 12. Be able to nurture the creativity of the students and show their students the path to express this creativity in literary skills and visual and performing arts.
- 13. Be sensitive to respond to the varied needs of the changing society in the educational scenario.
- 14. Be able to provide proper guidance to the students both in the academic and vocational areas.

CURRICULUM STRUCTURE AND SEMESTER WISE DISTRIBUTION OF COURSES

	Semester – 1					
Course Code	Course Name	Theory (T)	Practicum (P)	Full Marks	Hours (T+P)	Credit (T+P)
111	Foundation of Education & Education in the light of Swami Vivekananda	80 (40+40)	20 (10+10)	100	72+25	4+1
112	Developmental Psychology	80 (40+40)	20 (10+10)	100	72+25	4+1
113	Psychology of Teaching & Instructional 80 20 (40+40) (10+10)		72+25	4+1		
114	Yoga and Health Education - 1	on - 1 30 20 50		18+25	1+1	
115	Visual and Performing Arts in Education - 1	30	20	50 18		1+1
116	Psychology Practical (EPC 1)	-	50	50	0+50	0+2
117	School Exposure: 1 Week 117 (Project on School Curriculum of Different Boards)		25	25	0+50	0+2
118	118 Communicative Skill - 1 (EPC 2A)		25	25	0+50	0+2
	Total (Semester – 1)	300	200	500	527	25

	Semester – 2					
Course Code	Course Name	Theory (T)	Practicum (P)	Full Marks	Hours (T+P)	Credit (T+P)
121	Education in India (Pre-independence & Post- independence) (40+40) (10+10)			100	72+25	4+1
122	Understanding Discipline & Pedagogy of School Subject-Method-1 80 20 100		72+25	4+1		
123	Understanding Discipline & Pedagogy of School Subject-Method-2		20	100	72+25	4+1
124	Yoga and Health Education - 2	30	20	50	18+25	1+1
125	Visual and Performing Arts in Education - 2	30	20	50	18+25	1+1
126	Development of Evaluative Tool (Achievement Test) (EPC 3)	1	40 (20+20)	40	0+50	0+2
School Attachment: 3 Weeks (Micro Teaching)		-	35	35	0+50	0+2
128 Communicative Skill - 2 (EPC 2B)		-	25	25	0+50	0+2
	Total (Semester – 2)		200	500	527	25

	Semester – 3					
Course Code	Course Name	Theory (T)	Practicum (P)	Full Marks	Hours (T+P)	Credit (T+P)
131	Evaluation & Management in Education	80 (40+40)	20 (10+10)	100	72+25	4+1
132	Guidance & Counselling and Curriculum Studies		20 (10+10)	100	72+25	4+1
133	Integration of Advanced Technology	40	10	50	36+25	2+1
134	School Internship (Phase I): 8 Weeks (Method-1 & Method-2)		200(100+100)	200	0+200	0+8
135	Learners' Study (School Internship) (EPC 4)		25	25	0+50	0+2
136 Communicative Skill - 3 (EPC 2C)		-	25	25	0+50	0+2
	Total (Semester – 3)	200	300	500	555	25

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	Semester – 4					
Course Code	Course Name	Theory (T)	Practicum (P)	Full Marks	Hours (T+P)	Credit (T+P)
141	Inclusive Education and Children with Special Needs	80 (40+40)	20 (10+10)	100	72+25	4+1
142	Humanistic Education (Peace Education, Value Education and Gender Studies)		10	50	36+25	2+1
143	Special Paper (EDTE/POEE/ENVE/COME/WEVE/HEPE/EDWB)	40	10	50	36+25	2+1
144	School Internship (Phase II): 8 Weeks (Method-1 & Method-2)	-	200(100+100)	200	0+200	0+8
145	Action Research (School Internship) (EPC 5)	-	25	25	0+50	0+2
146	Community Activity	-	50	50	0+50	0+2
147 Communicative Skill - 4 (EPC 2D)		-	25	25	0+50	0+2
	Total (Semester – 4)	160	340	500	569	25

	B.Ed. Curriculum - At a Glance					
	Theory (T)	Practicum (P)	Total Marks	Total Hours (T+P)	Total Credit (T+P)	
Semester – 1	300	200	500	527 (252+275)	25 (14+11)	
Semester – 2	300	200	500	527 (252+275)	25 (14+11)	
Semester – 3	200	300	500	555 (180+375)	25 (10+15)	
Semester – 4	160	340	500	569 (144+425)	25 (8+17)	
Grand Total	960	1040	2000	2178	100	

1 Credit for	Theory Papers (T)	Practicum Papers (P)
1 Cleuit 101	≅ 18 Study Hours*	≅ 30 Study Hours*

*Note: Hours may be adjusted as per requirements of the Curriculum

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	Semester – 1					
Course Code	Course Name	Theory (T)	Practicum (P)	Full Marks	Hours (T+P)	Credit (T+P)
111	Foundation of Education & Education in the light of Swami Vivekananda	80 (40+40)	20 (10+10)	100	72+25	4+1
112	Developmental Psychology	80 (40+40)	20 (10+10)	100	72+25	4+1
113	Psychology of Teaching & Instructional Technology	80 (40+40)	20 (10+10)	100		4+1
114	Yoga and Health Education - 1 30 20 50		18+25	1+1		
115	Visual and Performing Arts in Education - 1	rming Arts in Education - 1 30 20 50		18+25	1+1	
116	Psychology Practical (EPC 1)	-	50	50	0+50	0+2
117	School Exposure: 1 Week 117 (Project on School Curriculum of Different Boards)		25	25	0+50	0+2
118 Communicative Skill - 1 (EPC 2A)		-	25	25	0+50	0+2
	Total (Semester – 1)	300	200	500	527	25

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Course – 111

Foundation of Education and Education in the light of Swami Vivekananda – 100 Marks

(Theory - 80 & Practicum - 20)

$\frac{1^{st} Half}{Foundations of Education - 40 Marks}$

Course Learning Outcome: After completion of these units the students will be able to:

- *Understand the meaning of education and its different facts.*
- Comprehend the place of philosophy in education.
- Analyze education as a social responsibility.
- Describe the meaning and implications of curriculum.

	a) Concept & scope of education; the four pillars of education.					
Unit I:	b) Aims of education: Personal, Social, Economic and National					
General Concept of	Development.					
Education	c) Education for generation, conservation and transmission of knowledge.					
Education						
	d) Agencies of education: home, school, community and media.					
	e) Types of education: formal, non-formal, informal; role of various					
	agencies in education.					
Unit II:	a) The significance of Philosophy in education.					
	b) Brief account of the tenets of the following schools of philosophy of					
Philosophical	education – Idealism, Pragmatism & Naturalism.					
Foundation of	c) The relevance of the philosophy of the aforesaid schools in Indian					
Education	education with regard to aim, curriculum, method of teaching, role of					
	teacher and place of student.					
	a) Relationship between Sociology and Education; Meaning and nature of					
	Educational Sociology and Sociology of Education, Education as a					
	process-a) in social system, b) of Socialization and c) of Social					
	Progress.					
Unit III:	b) Social issues in education- Globalization, multiculturalism, secularism,					
Sociological and	education for sustainable development, illiteracy, poverty, socially					
Political	disadvantaged groups, gender inequality.					
Foundation of	c) Relationship between Education and political development, Role of the					
Education	State and civil society in education, Constitutional goal for Indian					
	education					
	d) Rights-based approach to education: Education as a human right;					
	Rights, claims and entitlements; Claim holders and duty bearers; Child					
	rights					
Unit IV:	a) Meaning, Nature, Scope and Methods of Educational					
Psychological	Psychology;					
Foundation of						
	b) Interrelationship between Education and Psychology;c) Major schools of Psychology and their contribution					
Education	Major schools of Psychology and their contribution					

towards Education	
i)	Structuralism,
ii)	Functionalism,
iii)	Behaviorism,
iv)	Cognitivism,
v)	Gestalt,
vi)	Constructivism, and
vii)	Psychoanalysis.

Suggested Readings:

- i. Philosophy and Principles of Education A. Banerjee.
- ii. Teacher in Emerging Indian Society- Safaya, Shaida, Shukla.
- iii. Philosophical and Sociological Bases of Education- S. Samuel Ravi.
- iv. An Introduction to Philosophy of Education Barrow, R. & Woods, R.
- v. A Comprehensive Study of Education- S. Samuel Ravi.
- vi. Essentials of Education Psychology S. K. Mangal.

Engagement with Field/Practicum – 10 Marks

- i. Preparation of Timeline & reporting based on major schools of philosophy.
- ii. Preparation of Timeline & reporting based on different schools of philosophy of education.
- iii. Preparation of Timeline & reporting based on different social issues in education.

2nd Half Education in the Light of Swami Vivekananda - 40 Marks

Course Learning Outcome: After completion of these units the students will be able to:

- The trainees will become conversant with Vivekananda's life and his unique contribution to educational through and practice, in the context of the present age.
- They will analytically grasp the essential components of Vivekananda's educational thought.
- They will be acquainted with Swami Vivekananda's thought on issues of contemporary to Indian education.
- They will be able to situate Swami Vivekananda's educational ideas within the spectrum of recent Indian educational thinking through a comparative study with other prominent Indian Educators.

Contents

Unit I: Vivekananda, Education and the 21st Century

- a) Life and personality of Swami Vivekananda: a brief sketch.
- b) Swami Vivekananda's perspectives on the causes of India's downfall way to regeneration, education the panacea.
- c) UNESCO & Swami Vivekananda with reference to Federico Mayor's (Director General, UNESCO) speech in 1993.
- d) Swami Vivekananda's twin central definitions of education:
 - i) 'Education is the manifestation of the perfection already in man' with reference to 'Learning the Treasure within' Delors' Commission report to UNESCO.

	ii) 'Education is the nervous association of ideas' - a						
	neuropsychological approach.						
Unit II:	a) Practical Vedanta as the theoretical background to Swami						
Essential	Vivekananda's philosophy of education						
	Aim of Education, Holistic development of the personality – physical,						
components of Swami	intellectual, emotional and spiritual development.						
Swami Vivekananda's	c) Curriculum – Science and spirituality, values based on divinity of the						
	soul, practical value of education, positive and strengthening ideas.						
Educational	d) Method – Concentration, assimilation of ideas, service as a way of life.						
Thought	e) Role of the teacher - qualities of a good teacher, ideal of						
	gurugrihavasa.						
	a) Flaws in the prevailing system of education						
Unit III:	b) Mass education						
Swami	c) Women's education						
Vivekananda on	d) Technical and vocational education						
Issues of	e) Music and art						
Contemporary	f) Harmony of religions						
Relevance	g) Culture and education						
	h) National roots for an educational philosophy						
Unit IV:							
Swami							
Vivekananda and	a) Integral Education of Sri Aurobindo						
other Prominent	b) Basic Education (Nai-Talim) of Mahatma Gandhi						
Indian Educators –	c) Tagore's idea of 'freedom in spite of school'						
A Comparative							
Study							

Suggested Readings:

- i. My India: My India Eternal: Swami Vivekananda: RKM Institute of Culture, Golpark.
- ii. Siksha Prasanga: Swami Vivekananda.
- iii. Integral Education: Swami Vivekananda Educational Vision: Swami Bhajanananda.
- iv. Vedanta & Vivekananda: Swami Swahananda.
- v. Practical Vedanta: Swami Vivekananda.
- vi. Sri Aurobindo and The Mother on Education.
- vii. Integrated Education: P. Sam. Daniel, Rachel K. Daniel.
- viii. Perspective on Nai Talim: S. V. Prabhath
- ix. Siksha: R. N. Tagore.

$Engagement\ with\ Field/Practicum-10\ Marks$

- i. Preparation of a brief outline of life and personality of Swami Vivekananda
- ii. Preparation of Report on Swami Vivekananda & UNESCO
- iii. Preparation of A Comparative outline between Swami Vivekananda and other Prominent Indian Educators

Course – 112

Developmental Psychology – 100 Marks (Theory - 80 & Practicum – 20)

<u>1st Half</u> Development Across Stages – 40 Marks

Course Learning Outcome: The student-teachers will be able to:

- *Understand the theoretical bases of learning from different perspectives.*
- > *Understand the process of Human Development.*
- Understand the learner differences.
- Develop own perception about the learning process.

Contents

	a) Concept and recent trends in educational psychology.
	b) Concept of growth and development.
Unit I:	c) Development – physical, social, cognitive, emotional; their relevance to
Educational	education.
Psychology &	d) Different stages of development- infancy, childhood, adolescence,
Human	adulthood.
development	e) Adolescence - physical development, cognitive development, emotional
_	development.
	f) Needs and problems of adolescents, their guidance and counselling.
	a) Cognitive development- Piaget's theory
	b) Psycho-sexual development – Freud's Theory.
Unit II:	c) Psycho social development – Erikson's theory of psychosocial
Theories of	development.
Development	d) Moral and pro-social development- Kohlberg's theory.
_	e) Development of self-concept and personal identity.
	f) Communication and speech development- paralinguistic and linguistic
	stages of development.
Unit III:	a) How the self-concept develop.
Development of	b) Self-Esteem: the evaluative components of 'Self'.
Self-Concept	c) Development of Academic self-concept.
	d) Cultural influences of self-concept.
	a) Concept of Personality, Type and Trait approaches of Personality.
Unit IV:	b) Type theories (Jung, Hippocrates, Kretschmer, Sheldon).
Development of	c) Trait theories (Allport, Cattell's 16 PF, Eysenck, McCrae & Costa,
Personality	Rogers, Erikson).
	d) Measurement of Personality (Self-Reporting, Projective & Non-
	Projective techniques).

Suggested Reading:

i. Essentials of Educational Psychology - S.K. Mangal

- ii. Advanced Education Psychology S.K. Mangal
- iii. Psychology of Learning and Development J.C. Aggarwal
- iv. Advanced Educational Psychology S.S.Chouhan
- v. Developmental Psychology : Childhood & Adolescence David R. Shaffer & Katherine Kipp

Engagement with Field/Practicum – 10 Marks

- i. Observe the various age group children (Early childhood, later childhood, Adolescent) in various situations like in the classroom, playground, at home, with parents, friends, siblings and list down the characteristics of them in physical, social, emotional and intellectual domain.
- ii. Find out the plug-in points from your school subjects and link it with the components of Adolescence Education. Also plan out supplementary co-curricular activities for the same.
- iii. Observe some successful individuals and list down the behavioural traits of their personalities which impress you.
- iv. List down different development behaviours of learners which you could identify from the classroom and out-side classroom. Take interview of a few and try to understand the factors that may be responsible for their behaviour.

$\frac{2^{nd} Half}{Aspects of Development - 40 Marks}$

Course Learning Outcome: The student-teachers will be able to:

- Get basic idea of Attention, attitude, and Interest and their classroom implication.
- *▶ Get motivational aspect of development from theoretical background.*
- Acquainted with theoretical development of intelligence and intelligence test.
- Find mechanism to identify and nurture creative child.

Contents

	a)	Instincts and Emotions.
Unit I:	b)	Attitude and attachment.
Various aspects	c)	Concept of attention, determinants of attention and their class room
related to		application.
development	d)	Attention span and its fluctuation, distraction.
	e)	Interest and its relation with attention.
	a)	Concept and Types.
Unit II:	b)	Theories of Motivation- Maslow, Weiner and McClelland.
Motivation	c)	Factors affecting motivation: Self-efficacy, locus of control, anxiety,
		curiosity, interest, classroom environment.
	a)	Concept and nature.
	b)	Theories of Intelligence (Guilford, Thurston and Gardner).
Unit III:	c)	Measurement of intelligence (Verbal and non-verbal tests of
Intelligence		intelligence).
	d)	Intelligence Quotient and education.
	e)	Emotional Intelligence.
Unit IV:	a)	Concept of creativity.

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Creativity	b)	The components & process of creativity.
	c)	Identification and nurturance of creativity.

Suggested Readings:

- i. Essentials of Educational Psychology S.K. Mangal
- ii. Advanced Education Psychology S.K. Mangal
- iii. Psychology of Learning and Development J.C. Aggarwal
- iv. Advanced Educational Psychology S.S.Chouhan
- v. Developmental Psychology: Childhood & Adolescence David R. Shaffer & Katherine Kipp

Engagement with Field/Practicum – 10 Marks

- i. Visit a school, identify few students in some classes who are seem to be inattentive, Interview them and find out the factors responsible for their fluctuation & distraction. By talking with them try to identify their areas of Interests.
- ii. Interview with five learners in any school to find how they motivate in terms of need fulfilment.
- iii. Interview with five high achievers in any classroom to find out their process of creative works.

<u>Course – 113</u>

Psychology of Teaching & Instructional Technology – 100 Marks (Theory - 80 & Practicum – 20)

1st Half Psychology of Teaching –40 Marks

Course Learning Outcome: After undergoing the course content, the student-teacher will be able to:

- Understand the process of teaching
- > Understand and efficiently use different models of teaching Theories of teaching,
- Engage in teaching with proper approach.
- Develop skills required for teaching.

Unit I Concept of Teaching	 a) Concept, nature, characteristics & Scope b) Differences among Teaching, Training & Conditioning c) Factors affecting teaching, Maxims of teaching. d) Strategies of Classroom Teaching – Teacher-centric, Learner-centric & ICT- based. e) Role of teacher in effective teaching.
Unit II Theories of Teaching	a) Meaning & nature of theory of teachingb) Scope & signification of theory of teaching.c) Types of teaching theories- Formal, Descriptive, and Normative.
Unit III	a) Levels of Teaching: memory, understanding and reflective.

Levels &	b)	Phases of teaching task: pre-active, inter-active and post active.
Approaches of	c)	Task of teaching: meaning, definition and variables in teaching
Teaching		task.
	d)	Approaches to teaching: Conceptual & Investigator Approaches,
		Inductive & Deductive approaches.
Unit IV	a)	Concept Attainment Model (CAM)
Models of	b)	Advance Organizer Model (AOM)
Teaching	c)	Inquiry Training Model (ITM)

Suggested Reading:

- i. Ram, N. S. & Chandra, S.S (2003) Advanced Educational Technology. New Delhi: Atlantic Publishers & Distributors.
- ii. Salandanan, G. G (2008), Teaching Approaches & Strategies. Philippines: Katha Publishing Co. Inc.
- iii. Mangal, S.K & Mangal, U (2009), Essentials of Educational Technology. New Delhi: PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.

Engagement with Field/Practicum – 10 Marks

i.	Presentation of Innovative Teaching
ii.	Designing a lesson based on any one model of teaching.
iii.	Development of e-content/e-module

$\frac{2^{nd} \; Half}{Instructional \; Technology \; \text{-} \; 40 \; Marks}$

Course Learning Outcome: The student-teachers will be able to:

- *Understand the theoretical bases of Instruction.*
 - Understand bases of Instructional Designs.
- *Develop own perception about Approaches to Instruction.*
- Develop own understanding about Classroom Management with skills of teaching.

Contents

Unit I	a) Concept, nature, types of Instruction.
Concept of	b) Guidelines of Designing Instructional Systems.
Instruction &	c) Concept of Educational & Instructional Course Learning Outcome.
Instructional	d) Revised Taxonomy of instructional Course Learning Outcome
Course Learning	(cognitive, affective and psychomotor).
Outcome	
	a) Meaning and Types (objective based, skill based, competency based,
Unit II	learner style based, value based).
Instructional	b) Approaches to instructional design (training psychology, cybernetic
Design	psychology, system analysis).
	c) Direct instruction and indirect instruction.
Unit III	a) Approaches & Strategies to Instruction: Constructivist approach,
Approaches &	Cooperative and Group Discussion, Games, Debate, Quiz and
Strategies to	Seminar.

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Instruction	b) Individualized & Group Instruction.
	c) Designs of Instructions: Skinner, Gagne & Markle.
	d) Web-based instruction, Multimedia, CD-ROM, Intelligent Tutoring system (ITS).
	a) Skills of Teaching: Concept, definition & features.
	b) Development of different Teaching skills.
Unit IV	c) Modification of Teacher Behaviour- Flanders Interaction Analysis
Skills of Teaching	of Category System (FIACS).
	d) Team Teaching, Micro Teaching & Simulated Teaching.
	e) Programmed Instruction & Computer Assisted Instruction.

Suggested Reading:

- i. Agarwal, J. C. (2001), principles, methods and techniques of teaching. Delhi: Vikas Pub. House.
- ii. Ram, N. S. & Chandra, S.S (2003) Advanced Educational Technology. New Delhi: Atlantic Publishers & Distributors.
- iii. Salandanan, G. G (2008), Teaching Approaches & Strategies. Philippines: Katha Publishing Co. Inc.
- iv. Mangal, S.K & Mangal, U (2009), Essentials of Educational Technology. New Delhi: PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- v. Siddiqui, M.H & Khan, M.S (2007). Models of Teaching Theory and Research. New Delhi: APH Publishing Corporation.

Engagement with Field/Practicum – 10 Marks

- i. Preparation and presentation of ICT-based TLM
- ii. Programming of CAI & WBI
- iii. Development of e-content/e-module

Course – 114

Yoga and Health Education - 1 - 50 Marks (Theory - 30 & Practicum - 20)

Course Learning Outcome: The student-teachers will be able to:

- Relate why Yoga education is significant in one's life.
- Concept of eight limbs of Patanjali Yoga.
- ➤ Aware on guidelines of yogic practices.
- Know the health principles of through the medium of Yoga.
- ➤ Know about fitness with reference to yogic practices.
- How to manage psychological problems in school children and other people.
- Explain the meaning and dimensions of an integrated personality.
- Explain how the practice of yoga can help you develop an integrated personality.
- Discuss the concept of stress in terms of its causes, symptoms and consequence.
- Relate the role or contribution of yoga practices in coping with stress.
- Elucidate the concept if self-development and the role of human values

	a) Yoga - meaning, scope & initiation
	b) Aim and Course Learning Outcome of Yoga
Unit I:	c) History and development of Yoga
Introduction to	d) Astanga Yoga
Yoga and their	e) Stream of Yoga
practices	f) General guidelines for yogic practices
practices	g) Mood disturbance, Drug addiction, Phobia and anti social character-
	Their Yogic management.
	h) Yoga and aging, social problems.
Unit II:	a) Concept of health, Spectrum and determinants of health
Concept of health	b) Aim and objective of Health education
in perspective of	c) Health service and guidelines instruction for guidance and counseling
Yoga	d) Needs of Yoga for positive health
1 Uga	e) Need of warming up and cooling down before and after yogic practices
Unit: III	a) Stress – a yogic perspective
Stress and stress	b) Yoga as a way of life to cope with stress
	c) Yogic practices for stress management
management in	d) Cyclic meditation for stress management
perspective of Yoga	e) Concept of load
Unit IV:	a) Meaning, Definition and Scope of physical Education
Concept of	b) Aim and Objective of Physical Education
_	c) Relationship between Physical Education and Yoga Education
Physical Education	d) Role and significance of Yoga in Physical Education
in perspective of	e) Concept of fitness
Yoga	f) Component of health related fitness and performance related fitness
	g) Sports management system in school, college and university

h) Community based physical education and sports programmes

Suggested Readings:

- i. Raj Yoga: Swami Vivekananda.
- ii. Bhagabad Gita.
- iii. Contemporary Health Education and Yoga: Dr.Kanhaiya Kumar Singha
- iv. Yoga Sutras of Patanjali
- v. Hatha Yoga Pradipika: Syatmaram.
- vi. Health, Yoga And Physical Education: Dr.H. L. Khatri, Dr. Suman Lata

Engagement with Field/Practicum – 20 Marks

- i. Practices of Asanas, Pranayamas, Bandhas and Kriyas
- ii. Practice of Surya Namaskar
- iii. Preparation of Teaching Aids on Yoga
- iv. Visit to Yoga Ashramas and Centres

<u>Course – 115</u>

Visual and Performing Arts in Education - 1 - 50 Marks (Theory - 30 & Practicum – 20)

Course Learning Outcome: The student-teachers will be able to:

- > Understand the use of 'Drama' as Pedagogy.
- ➤ Use 'Role play' technique in the teaching learning process.
- *Understand the importance of dramatic way of presentation.*
- Integrate singing method in teaching learning process.
- ➤ Understand various 'Dance forms' and their integration in educational practices.
- ➤ *Use art of drawing and painting in teaching learning process.*
- *Develop creativity through different creative art forms.*
- *Understand the efficacy of different art forms in education.*

	a) Drama as a tool of learning.
	b) Different forms of Drama.
Timit I.	c) Role play and Simulation.
Unit- I:	d) Use of Drama for Educational and Social change (Street play,
Drama and its Fundamentals	Dramatization of a lesson).
	e) Use of Drama Techniques in the Classroom: voice and speech, mime and
	movements, improvisation, skills of observation, imitation and
	presentation.
Unit- II:	a) Terminology- Dhoni, Nada, Shruti, Sur, Swara, Saptak, Thata, Aroha,
Music (Gayan	Avaroha, Pakar, Badi, Sambadi.

and Vadan)	b) Process of Musical practice.
	c) Concept of Musical Instruments and uses of Harmonium & Tanpura.
	d) Knowledge of Hindustani Tals and Rabindranath Tagore's created Tals.
	e) Life sketch of- Rabindranath Tagore, Nazrul Islam, Rajanikanta Sen,
	Atulprasad Sen, Dwijendralal Roy.
	f) Composition of Poems.
	a) Colours, Strokes and Sketching—Understanding of various means and
	perspectives.
Unit- III:	b) Use of drawing and painting in education—chart making, Poster making,
Drawing	Match stick drawing and other forms.
	c) Arts in practice.
	d) Different types of Visual Arts.
	a) Different forms of Painting—Worli art, Madhubani art, Wall painting
	(Mural), Glass painting, Fabric painting and various forms of painting.
	b) History of paintings Bengal Art tradition—Pata painting, Kalighat
Unit- IV:	painting, Company School, Bengal School, Rabindranath Tagore,
Painting	Abanindranath Tagore, Gaganendranath Tagore, Sunayani Devi,
	Nandalal Bose, Jamini Roy, Binod bihari Mukhopadhyay, Gopal Ghosh,
	Jainul Abedin, Chittaprosad Bhattacharya, Somnath Hore, Ganesh Pyne,
	Jogen Choudhury.

Suggested Reading:

- i. Theory of Drama by A.Nicoll
- ii. Natya Kala by Dhirubhai Thakar
- iii. Natya lekhan by Dhananjay Thakar
- iv. Natak desh videsman by Hasmukh Baradi
- v. Gujarati theatre no Itihas by Baradi Hasmukh
- vi. Acting is Believing by Charls Mc.Gaw
- vii. Art of Speech by Kethlin Rich
- viii. Natya Sahity na swaroopo by Nanda kumar pathak
- ix. Bhavai by Sudahaben Desai
- x. Bhavai by Krishnakant Kadkiya
- xi. Natya Manjari saurabh by G.K.Bhatt
- xii. Kramik Pustak Malika by Pt. Bhatkhande
- xiii. Abhinav Geet Manjari by Ratanjankar
- xiv. NCERT, (2006). Position Paper by National Focus Group on Arts, Music, Dance and Theatre
- xv. The meaning of Art- Herbert Reed
- xvi. Kolkatar Chitrakala- Ashoke Bhattarcharjee
- xvii. Bangala Chitrakala- Ashoke Bhattarcharjee
- xviii. Sai Chobi- Nikhilesh Banerjee
- xix. Charukala Parichiti- A.K.M. Atikur Raheman
- xx. Banglar Bir Yodhay (Raibenshe)- Guru Saday Dutta
- xxi. Shilpo o Shilpi- Shree Krishnalal Das(Paschimbanga Rajya Pustak Parshad)
- xxii. Shilpo Charcha- Nandalal Bose
- xxiii. Dirshti o Sirshti- Nandalal Bose
- xxiv. Charukala Patrika- Edition 1,2,3,4,5 etc. (Paschimbanga Rajya Pustak Parshad)
- xxv. Natya Shastrya Acharya Bharata

Engagement with Field/Practicum – 20 Marks

- i. Develop a script of any lesson in any subject of your choice to perform a Play / Drama.
- ii. Develop a script for the street play focusing on "Girl's education and Women empowerment".
- iii. Prepare a script of based on some Socio-political issues.
- iv. Prepare a pictorial monograph on "Various folk dance of West Bengal".
- v. Prepare a pictorial monograph on "Various Dance forms in India".
- vi. Prepare a calendar chart on "Various Musical Instruments in India".
- vii. Develop an Audio CD based on newly composed Poems of Bengali/English language.
- viii. Prepare some useful, productive and decorative models out of the west materials.
- ix. Visit the Faculty of Performing Arts in your city and prepare a detailed report on its multifarious functioning.
- x. Organize a competition on some Decorative / Performing Art forms in the school during your School Internship programme and prepare a report on it.
- xi. Organize a workshop on some selected Creative Art forms in the school during your School Internship programme and prepare a report on it.
- xii. Develop a creative design based on your choice for CD Cover or Book cover.
- xiii. Develop a design or picture based on collage work.

<u>Course – 116</u>

Psychology Practical (EPC 1) – 50 Marks

List of Psychology Practical Topic:

- a) Measurement of Intelligence (Verbal-WAIS Scale and Nonverbal- Block Design, Cube Construction).
- b) Testing Personality Traits (Cattle's 16 PF).
- c) Measuring Levels of Anxiety (by any standardized test).
- d) Measuring introversion by any standard and Inventory kindness.
- e) Measuring adjustment by any standard adjustment Inventory
- f) Attitude/ Interest.
- g) Self-concept assessment by administrating and standard scale.
- h) Measuring creativity by and standard activity scale.
- i) Measuring Motivation by and standard motivation scale.
- j) Long term Memory Test by C. B. Durivedi.

<u>Course – 117</u>

School Exposure: 1 Week - 25 Marks (Project on School Curriculum of Different Boards)

- ➤ The mode of engagement of School Internship will depend on the stage of teacher preparation in different semesters. The twenty weeks school internship programme may start with school exposure and subsequently it shall be in the form of short term school attachment and finally of the school internship of longer duration.
- ➤ The School Exposure Programme, within twenty weeks of school internship programme, shall be carried out during the first semester in local/nearby school or in needed schools. For this, the student teachers may be placed in regional language medium schools; and the rest may be placed in other schools. Efforts shall be made to provide exposure to as many types of schools as possible.
- A student teacher (or a group of student teachers) needs to visit those schools and a brief orientation programme can be arranged before sending the student teachers to schools to acquaint them with the Course Learning Outcome and modalities of such programme.
- During this programme, the student teachers shall observe the school/classroom environments with reference to infrastructure, equipments, learning teaching materials, functioning, human resources, organisation of various activities, various curricular activities, e.g. sports and games, dance, songs; and the learning-teaching process in the classroom, ICT use, student participation, classroom management etc.
- ➤ The student teachers shall do a project specifically on different school curricula of various boards. After completion of this school exposure programme, student teachers shall be required to submit the said project report to the institution.

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Course – 118

Communicative Skill - 1 (EPC 2A) - 25 Marks

Course outline:

Language is the most commonly used medium of communication in all sphere of human existence- personal, social and professional. A language is never an independent and self sufficient set of signs. It is very much connected to the physical world where it operates. Considering the significance of the language as a tool for global communication, the course aims to develop and enhance the linguistic, grammatical, strategic and communicative competence of the learners. The focus is on honing the skills of reading, writing, listening and speaking.

Contents

Unit- I:	a) Purpose of communication;
	b) Process of communication;
Introduction to Communication	c) Barriers to communication;
Communication	d) Measures to overcome the barriers.
	a) Types of communication;
Unit- II:	b) Verbal communication and it's importance; Advantages of verbal
Types of	Communication
Communication	c) Significance of non verbal communication;
	d) Advantages of written Communication.
Unit- III: Listening Skill	a) Classification of listening;
	b) Listening process; Purpose of listening;
	c) Common barriers to the listening process and measures to overcome.

Suggested Reading:

- i. Improve your Communication Skills Barker, A.
- ii. The Art of Active Listening: How to double your Communication Skills in 30 days Walker, F & Gibson, J.
- iii. Developing Communication Skills Mohan, K & Banerjee, M.
- iv. Effective Communication and Soft skills Bhatnagar, N. & Bhatnagar, M.
- v. Personality Development and Soft skills Mitra, B.K..

Semester – 2							
Course Code	Course Name	Theory (T)	Practicum (P)	Full Marks	Hours (T+P)	Credit (T+P)	
121	Education in India (Pre-independence & Post-independence)	80 (40+40)	20 (10+10)	100	72+25	4+1	
122	Understanding Discipline & Pedagogy of School Subject-Method-1	80	20	100	72+25	4+1	
123	Understanding Discipline & Pedagogy of School Subject-Method-2	80	20	100	72+25	4+1	
124	Yoga and Health Education – 2	30	20	50	18+25	1+1	
125	Visual and Performing Arts in Education – 2	30	20	50	18+25	1+1	
126	Development of Evaluative Tool (Achievement Test) (EPC 3)	-	40 (20+20)	40	0+50	0+2	
127	School Attachment: 3 Weeks (Micro Teaching)	1	35	35	0+50	0+2	
128	Communicative Skill - 2 (EPC 2B)	-	25	25	0+50	0+2	
Total (Semester – 2) 300 200 500				527	25		

Course – 121

Education in India (Pre-independence & Post-independence) -100 Marks (Theory - 80 & Practicum -20)

<u>1st Half</u> Education in India (Pre- Independence) - 40 Marks

Course Learning Outcome: After undergoing the course content, the student-teacher will be able to:

- The characteristics of education in ancient India.
- The characteristics and development of education in medieval India.
- The milestones of educational development in India in the British period.

	Synoptic study of Vedic, Brahmanic, Buddhist and Jain Education in			
		ndia With respect to:		
	a.	Aims and Course Learning Outcome		
Unit I	b.	Subjects of Study		
Ancient Period	c.	Methods of teaching including teacher-pupil relationship		
Timelent I eriou	d.	Evaluation System		
	e.	Centre of Learning		
	f.	Education of Women		
	A brief s	study of education in Sultan and Mughal periods in India with		
	special Re	eference to:		
Unit II	a.	Aims and Course Learning Outcome		
	b.	Subjects of Study		
Medieval Period	c.	Methods of teaching including teacher-pupil relationship		
	d.	Evaluation System		
	e.	Centre of Learning		
	f.	Education of Women		
	a.	Early Missionary Activities		
	b.	Charter Act - 1813, Oriental and Occidental controversy		
Unit III	c.	Macaulay's Minute - 1935		
British Period	d.	Adams report - 1835-38		
(Before 1900)	e.	Education Despatch - 1854		
	f.	Stanley's Despatch – 1859		
	g.	Education Commission – 1882		
		rd Curzon with reference to University Commission - 1902 and		
		niversity Act- 1904.		
	b.	Sadler Commission – 1917		
Unit IV	c.	Origin and Development of CABE		
British Period	d.	Hartog Committee Report - 1929		
(After 1900)	e.	Wood Abott report – 1937		
	f.	Wardha Scheme - 1937		
	g.	Sergeant Committee Report – 1944		
	U			

Engagement with Field/Practicum – 10 Marks

- i) Field visit to heritage institutes to make reports.
- ii) Preparing a presentation on rich cultural heritage of India.

$\frac{2^{nd} \ Half}{Education \ in \ India \ (Post-Independence) - 40 \ Marks}$

Course Learning Outcome: After undergoing the course content, the student-teacher will be able to:

- > The educational provisions of Indian Constitution,
- Important recommendations as given by various education commissions in post-independent India,
- > Recent initiatives in India education
- ➤ The contemporary issues related to Indian educational context.

Contents

Unit I Educational	a. Fundamental Rights		
	b. Directive Principles of State Policy		
provision in India	c. Fundamental Duties		
Constitution	d. Centre-State Relationship		
Unit II	a. Radhakrishnan Commission – 1948-49		
Recommendations	b. Mudaliar Commission - 1952-53		
of different	c. Kothari Commission – 1964-66		
commissions	d. National Education Policy – 1986, POA – 1992		
	a. Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan – 2000		
	b. National Curriculum Framework - 2005		
Unit III	c. Rashtriya Madhyamik Shiksha Abhiyan – 2009		
Recent Initiatives	d. Right to Education Act - 2009		
in Indian	e. Knowledge Commission – 2009 (In brief)		
Education	f. Rashtriya Uchchatar Shiksha Abhiyan (2013)		
	g. NEP 2020		
	a. Women Education – Problems and Recommendations of		
	Commissions & Committees.		
	b. Teacher Education – Role of NCTE.		
Unit IV	c. Technical and Vocational Education – problems & suggestions.		
Contemporary	d. Adult education – Problems and suggestions.		
Issues in	e. Open & Distance Education – Concept, Features & problems.		
Education	f. Education for socially and economically disadvantaged section		
	of society.		
	·		

Engagement with Field/Practicum – 10 Marks

- i. Study the impact of Right to Education Act on schools.
- ii. Critical Analysis of Different Committees and Commissions on Education.
- iii. Preparation of a status report on Women Education/ Teacher Education/ Technical

and Vocational Education/ Adult education/ Open & Distance Education.

Suggested Readings:

- i. Milestones in Ancient, Mediaeval Education in India B.R. Purkait
- ii. Milestones in Modern Indian Education B.R. Purkait
- iii. Ancient Indian Education Nrisingha Prasad Mukhopadhyay
- iv. Ancient Indian Education R.K. Mukherjee
- v. Landmarks in the Modern Indian Education J.C. Aggarwal
- vi. Milestones in Modern Indian Education B.R. Purkiat.
- vii. Modern Indian Education Planning & Development B.B. Bhatt
- viii. History of Education in India B. N. Dash
- ix. Modern India Education: Policies, Progress & Problems C.P.S. Chauhan
- x. Educational reforms in India for the 21st century J.C. Aggarwal

Course - 122 & Course - 123

Course – 122: Understanding Discipline & Pedagogy of School Subject-Method-1 (Theory- 80 & Practicum -20)

Course – 123: Understanding Discipline & Pedagogy of School Subject-Method-2 (Theory- 80 & Practicum -20)

[Bengali, English, Sanskrit, Hindi, Mathematics, Physical Science, Life Science, Computer Studies, History, Geography, Political Science, Education, Accountancy, and Music]

Course Learning Outcome: The student-teachers will be able to:

- Reflect on the nature and role of disciplinary knowledge
- ➤ Understand the role of such disciplinary knowledge in the overall schema of the school curriculum.
- ➤ Be aware of the emergence of various disciplines
- ➤ Develop among the teacher trainees an understanding of subject as a discipline.
- > Acquainted with pedagogical analysis.
- Able to prepare pedagogical notes for subject teaching.
- Familiar with different methods and approaches of subject teaching.
- Acquainted with evaluation tools and techniques in subject teaching.
- Able to find the importance aids in subject teaching.

Crown A	Unit I:	a) Nature and Characteristics of a Discipline
Group A	Understanding	b) Emergence of Various Disciplines
(10 Marks)	Discipline and	c) Merger of Various Disciplines

	School Subject	 d) Interrelation and Interdependence amongst various School subjects e) Course Learning Outcome, scope and nature of school subjects f) Different strategies used for respective school subjects. 		
Group B (10 Marks)	Unit II: Critical Appraisal of Subject Content	Selected Subject Contents from Class VI-XII (Vide details at the end of the curriculum: page no. 63)		
		Pedagogical Analysis of the Content		
		Focus Area	Number	
	Unit III: Pedagogy of School	Division of the unit into suitable sub-units specifying the number of periods.	2	
		The brief essence of the sub-unit	2	
		Previous knowledge	2	
		Appropriate instructional Course Learning Outcome in behavioral terms	3	
Group C		The broad method of teaching	2	
(30 Marks)		Learning Teaching Materials	2	
· ·	Subject	Two probing questions with probable answers	2 2	
		Illustration of the concepts with examples/analogies/contrasts	2	
		Teaching aids	2	
		Criterion Based Test (at least six items) preceded by a table specification	6	
		Theoretical argument for inclusion in the school curriculum	2	
		Relevance of the topic from practical view persists in real-life situation	3	
Group D (30 Marks)	Unit IV: Methodology of Teaching	Methodology of Teaching (Vide details at the end of the curriculum: page no. 67)		

Engagement with Field/Practicum – 20 Marks - Method-1

Practical on School Subject-Method-1	Vide details at the end of the curriculum: page no. 78
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Engagement with Field/Practicum – 20 Marks - Method-2

Practical on School Subject-Method-2	Vide details at the end of the curriculum: page no. 78
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<u>Course – 124</u>

Yoga and Health Education- 2 (50 Marks) (Theory- 30 & Practicum -20)

Course Learning Outcome: After undergoing the course content, the student-teacher will be able to:

- *Know about the different culture and Indian culture of Yoga.*
- Describe the Indian philosophy of Yoga.
- Role of Yoga on Indian philosophy.
- Inculcate value education among people.
- Elucidate the concept if self-development and the role of human beings.

Back to Contents

- *Know the traditional concept of value education*
- *Know the Need, Importance and application of anatomy and physiology in Yoga.*
- Know about the Structure and functions of cell and tissue.
- ➤ Knowledge on internal body system.
- Enhance knowledge on yogic diet in relation to nutrition.
- *Know about modern view of therapy.*
- How to prevent and cure physical disorder and psychological disorder through Yoga practices.

Contents

	a) Understanding of culture and civilization
Unit I	b) Yoga Culture and Humanitarianism, Indian Culture of Yoga
Yogic Culture	c) Characteristics of Indian philosophy, shad darshanas
and Philosophy	d) Role of Yoga on Indian philosophy, Traditional philosophies and relation
	with Yoga
Unit II	a) The concept of value and value education
	b) Yoga as a method of value education
Yoga and Value	c) Yoga and human excellence
Education	d) Role of Yoga teacher in value education
	a) Basic concept of anatomy and physiology
TT24 TTT	b) Concept of cell and tissue
Unit III	c) Impact of Yoga in various systems of human body- musculo- skeletal
Yoga and Human	system, circulatory system, respiratory system, digestive system.
Biology	d) Yogic diet and its importance
Unit IV	a) Concepts of therapy and its types
Unit IV	b) Meaning of yoga therapy
Therapeutic	c) Yogic therapy and physical diseases- Diabetes, Hypertension, Obesity,
Modalities of	Lower Back Pain, Neck Pain.
Yoga	d) Mental disorder and yoga therapy-Anxiety, Depression And Neurosis

Engagement with Field/Practicum – 20 Marks

- i. Practices of Asanas, Pranayamas, Bandhas and Kriyas
- ii. Practice of Surya Namaskar
- iii. Practice of Recitation

Suggested Readings:

- i. Feurstien G (2002): The Yoga tradition, New Delhi: Bhavana Books and prints
- ii. Visharadananda Swami (2007), human values, Bangalore, Swami Vivekananda Yoga Prakasana
- iii. B.k.s Iyenkar:the light of yoga(haper Collins publications india pvt ltd, New Delhi
- iv. Prajapati brahma kumares(2009), moral values, attitudes and modes, mount abn: Prajapati brahma kumares ishwariya vishwa-vidyalaya.

- v. Karmanada Swami (2008), Yogic management of common disease, Munger, Yoga publication trust
- vi. Kuvalananda Swami and Vinekar S.L: (1963) yogic therapy: Its basic principles and methods, pub. Ministry of health, Govt. of india, New Delhi
- vii. Singh S J. "History and Philosophy of nature and cure"
- viii. Chandrasekaran, (1999) Sound Health Through Yoga, Prem kalian publication, seapatti,
- ix. Madurai Swami Kuvalayananda and Dr. S.L Vinekar Yogic Therapy Kaivalyadham, lonavala
- x. N.Murugesh, Basic Anatomy And Physiology, Madurai
- xi. Raman. K, A (1998) Matter of Health, East west books, Chennai
- xii. Gathore M.L: Applied yoga Kaivaladhama, Lonavala
- xiii. Yoga Mimansa Journal Pub: Kaivalyadhama, Lonavala

<u>Course – 125</u>

Visual and Performing Arts in Education - 2 (50 Marks) (Theory- 30 & Practicum -20)

Course Learning Outcome: After undergoing the course content, the student-teacher will be able to:

- ➤ Understand the use of 'Dance' as Pedagogy.
- ➤ Use creative and decorative art in the teaching learning process.
- Integrate singing method in teaching learning process.
- ➤ Understand various 'Dance forms' and their integration in educational practices.
- > Develop creativity through different creative art forms.
- > Develop creativity through different decorative art forms.
- > *Understand the efficacy of different art forms in education.*

	a) Musical competition and Musical presentation— Effects on students'
	behaviour.
	b) Programme related appropriate songs selection.
Unit I	c) Various types of songs- Kirtan, Baul, Bhatiali, Toppa, Thungry,
Music (Gayan	Kabigaan, Patriotic song, Prayer song.
and Vadan)	d) Variety of Rabindra Sangeet- Puja, Prem, Prakati, Swadesh,
	Anusthanik, Bichitra.
	e) Integration of Gayan and Vadan in educational practices.

	 a) Creative writing—Story and Poetry writing.
	b) Model making—Clay Modeling:
	 Preparation of common clay
Unit II	ii. Uses of various tools and equipment for clay work
Creative Art	c) Method, Materials and Process of mould and plaster casting
	d) Origami, Puppet making.
	e) Modern Indian Sculptor- Ramkinkar Baij, Deviprasad Roy
	Chaudhury, Prodosh Dasgupta, Chintamoni Kar, Sankho
	Choudhury, Meera Mukharjee.
	a) Spray painting, Rangoli, Ikebana.
	b) Designing- Computer graphics, Book cover, CD cover, collage work.
	c) The use of different Art forms in Education.
Unit III	d) Prepare some useful, productive and Decorative Models out of the waste materials.
Decorative Art	e) Develop a creative design based on your choice for CD cover or Book cover.
	f) Develop a design or picture based on Collage work.
	a) Various Dance Forms- Bharat Natyam, Kathakali, Folk dance:
Unit IV	Garba, Bhavai, Bhangra, Bihu and various other dances.
The Art of Dance	b) Integration of Dance in Educational practices. (Action songs, Nritya Natika).

Engagement with Field/Practicum – 20 Marks

- i. Prepare a script of *Bhavai* based on some Socio-political issues.
- ii. Prepare a pictorial monograph on "Various folk dance of Gujarat".
- iii. Prepare a pictorial monograph on "Various Dance forms in India".
- iv. Develop an Audio CD based on newly composed Poems of Gujarati / Hindi language.
- v. Prepare some useful, productive and decorative models out of the west materials.
- vi. Visit the Faculty of Performing Arts in your city and prepare a detailed report on its multifarious functioning.
- vii. Organize a competition on some Decorative / Performing Art forms in the school during your School Internship programme and prepare a report on it.
- viii. Organize a workshop on some selected Creative Art forms in the school during your School Internship programme and prepare a report on it.
- ix. Develop a creative design based on your choice for CD Cover or Book cover.
- x. Develop a design or picture based on collage work.

Suggested Readings:

- i. Bhavai by Sudahaben Desai
- ii. Bhavai by Krishnakant Kadkiya
- iii. Kramik Pustak Malika by Pt. Bhatkhande
- iv. Abhinav Geet Manjari by Ratanjankar

v. NCERT, (2006). Position Paper by National Focus Group on Arts, Music, Dance and Theatre vi.

<u>Course – 126</u>

Development of Evaluative Tool – (Achievement Test) (EPC -3) - 40 (20+20) Marks

Preparation of Evaluative Tool (Achievement Test) in each method subject and submission of the report to the concerned method teachers in the institution. The report is to be prepared according to the following headings-

- a) Concept of Achievement Test
- b) Selection of Topic (Unit)
- c) Identification of learning Course Learning Outcome
- d) Preparation of blue print
- e) Development of questions
- f) Preparation of answer keys
- g) Application of Achievement Test
- h) Evaluation of answer scripts
- i) Reporting the Results

<u>Course – 127</u>

School Attachment: 3 Weeks - 35 Marks (Micro Teaching)

- Three weeks of School Attachment Programme, within twenty weeks of school internship programme, shall be carried out during the second semester in local/nearby school(s). After required practicing in their own teachers' education institution, the student teachers may be attached to regional language medium schools; and the rest may be placed in other schools.
- ➤ In this semester the student teachers shall practice micro teaching skills with the help of their Subject Supervisors and at the end of the practice micro teaching programme, student teachers shall be required to submit a report consisting of practice micro teaching lessons and the peer feedback sheets to the institution.
- ➤ Out of 3 Weeks, 2 Weeks for LD and Micro teaching skill practice and one week school visit for Micro teaching is to be held.
- ➤ In each school one or two group leaders can be selected among the student teachers for smooth functioning of the Micro Teaching.

<u>Course – 128</u>

Communicative Skill - 2 (EPC -2B) - 25 Marks

	a) Purpose of reading;
	b) Skimming and Scanning;
Unit- I:	c) Understanding the gist of an argument;
Reading Skill	d) Identifying the topic sentence;
	e) Inferring lexical and contextual meaning;
	f) Improving comprehension skill.
	a) Note taking;
Unit- II:	b) Paraphrasing
Writing Skill	c) Elements of writing sentence formation;
	d) Précis, Paragraph writing.
Unit- III:	a) Forms of Non-verbal communication;
Non-verbal	b) Effective use of body language;
Communication c) Interpreting body language-Cues, Kinesics, Proxemics, and	
& Body Language	Chronemics.

Semester – 3							
Course Code	Course Name	Theory (T)	Practicum (P)	Full Marks	Hours (T+P)	Credit (T+P)	
131	Evaluation & Management in Education	80 (40+40)	20 (10+10)	100	72+25	4+1	
132	Guidance & Counselling and Curriculum Studies	80 (40+40)	20 (10+10)	100	72+25	4+1	
133	Integration of Advanced Technology	40	10	50	36+25	2+1	
134	School Internship (Phase I): 8 Weeks (Method-1 & Method-2)	-	200	200	0+200	0+8	
135	Learners' Study (School Internship) (EPC -4)	-	25	25	0+50	0+2	
136	Communicative Skill - 3 (EPC-2C)	-	25	25	0+50	0+2	
	Total (Semester – 3)	200	300	500	555	25	

Course – 131

Evaluation & Management in Education— 100 Marks (Theory - 80 & Practicum — 20)

<u>1st Half</u> Evaluation in Education - 40 Marks

Course Learning Outcome: After undergoing the course content, the student-teacher will be able to:

- Get basic knowledge of assessment for learning.
- *Know the process of evaluation and it uses.*
- Write educational Course Learning Outcome.
- Know different techniques of evaluation, tools of evaluation and their uses.
- Know different characteristics of instruments of evaluation.
- Know different types of teacher made tests and will construct them.
- Compute simple statistics to assess the learning.

Unit I Concept of Test, Measurement, Assessment & Evaluation	a) Meaning and nature of Test, Examination, Measurement, Assessment
	& Evaluation
	b) Distinguish among Test, Examination Measurement, Assessment and
	Evaluation
	c) Nature and purpose of Evaluation.
	d) Measurement & Evaluation in Language, Social Sciences, Science
	and Mathematics.
	e) The status of educational measurement in India.
Unit II Test Constructions	a) Test Construction and its Standardization — Meaning and Nature,
	Principles and Methods of Test construction and standardization.
	b) Scales of Measurement- Nominal, Ordinal, Interval, Ratio.
	c) Criteria of Standardized test a) validity b) reliability C) objectivity d)
	usability e) norms
	d) Construction of a Standardized Achievement Test.
	a) Formative & Summative Tests
	b) Diagnostic & Prognostic Tests
Unit III	c) NRT and CRT
Approaches and	d) Written & Oral Tests
Types of	e) Essay type & Objective type Tests
Evaluation	f) Semester system
	g) Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation
	h) Computer in evaluation
Unit IV	a) Scoring and Grading, Analysis of Score and Its Interpretation
Tools and	b) Tabulation of data
Techniques of	c) Graphical representation of Data (Histogram, frequency Polygon,
Evaluation	Ogive)
	d) Measurement Central Tendency
	e) Measurement of dispersion

Engagement with Field/Practicum – 10 Marks

- i) Writing educational Course Learning Outcome, learning experience and corresponding evaluation techniques, General and specific Course Learning Outcome.
- ii) Designing Rating scale, Questionnaire, Interview Schedule in a given a topic.
- iii) Framing Different types of questions.
- iv) Preparation of Blue Print and a question paper.
- v) Prepare graphs and use statistics for analysis of test result.

2nd Half Management in Education – 40 Marks

Course Learning Outcome: After undergoing the course content, the student-teacher will be able to:

- ➤ Understand the concept and significance of school in the modern Indian context;
- ➤ Have a knowledge about various school services and its importance;
- ➤ Develop concept and skills in school administration;
- ➤ Develop the understanding and ability of institutional planning;
- ➤ Acquire knowledge about healthy practices in school;

	a) Meaning, Nature & Scope, School as an Organization.
	b) School Plant – Site, Buildings and Equipments, Planning of school
TT 24 T	
Unit I	plant.
School	c) Role of Classroom, Library and Laboratory in school.
Organization	d) Significance of School in the present Indian Context – as stated in the
	Report of Kothari Commission (1966), National Policy of Education
	(1986) & POA (1992), and National Curriculum Framework (NCF-
	2005).
Unit II School Administration	a) Meaning, Nature & Scope.
	b) Controlling Authorities - Roles of Central Government, State
	Government, NCERT, SCERT, WBBSE, WBCHSE, WBME.
	c) Local Regulatory Bodies - Functions of Village/Ward Education
	Committee, School Managing Committee, Staff Council, Teachers'
	Council, Finance Committee, Parent Teacher Association.
	d) Duties & Responsibilities – Secretary of the Managing Committee,
	Headmaster/Headmistress, Assistant Headmaster/Headmistress of a
	school.
	a) Concept, characteristics & significance of institutional planning.
Unit III	
	b) Steps and principles of institutional planning.
Institutional	c) Long-term & Short-term Planning: Academic Calendar, Time Table,
Planning	Co-curricular activities.
	d) Finance & Budget.
	e) Inspection & supervision.

Unit IV
School Services

- a) Admission, Examination, Evaluation & Publication of results.
- b) Games & Sports, Seminars/ Symposia/ Discussions/ Workshops, Health & sanitary services, NSS/ NCC, Community Based Activities, Cultural Programme, Excursion. Daily Prayer, Magazine.
- c) Student self- Governance, Literary Club, Science Club, Eco Club, Gender Equity Cell, Protection of Human Rights Cell, Grievance Redressal Cell, Inclusive Growth Cell & Internal Assurance Cell.

Engagement with Field/Practicum – 10 Marks

- i. Project on formation of Managing Committee.
- ii. Preparation of a report on the time table of two schools on the basis of the principles of time table construction.
- iii. Preparation of a report on NCC/ Literary Club/ Science Club/ Eco Club in school.

Suggested Reading:

- i. School Planning and Management T.K.D. Nair
- ii. School Organisation & Management J. Prasad
- iii. Educational Management J.C. Agarwal
- iv. School Management S.K. Kochar
- v. Educational Management Dr. Subir Nag
- vi. Educational administration, supervision and school management J. Mohanty
- vii. Secondary school administration S.K. Kochar
- viii. Sikshya Babostapona –Pal, Dhor, Das, Banerjee.

Course - 132

Guidance & Counseling and Curriculum Studies - 100 Marks

<u>1st Half</u> Guidance and Counselling – 40 Marks

Course Learning Outcome: The students will be able to

- i. Develop an understanding of the concepts of guidance and counselling.
- ii. Know about different areas of counselling.
- iii. Create awareness about working of guidance organizations.
- iv. Know about the basic needs of guidance services.
- v. Develop the knowledge about different fields of Guidance & Counselling.
- vi. Know about the necessity of Career Guidance & Counselling
- vii. Know about Mental Health & Hygiene

Unit I Basic concept of Guidance and Counselling	 a) Concept, nature & Scope of Guidance and Counselling b) Difference & Relation between Guidance and Counselling c) Basic principles of Guidance and Counselling, d) Ethical issues in Guidance and Counselling e) Counselling and Psychotherapy
Unit II Techniques of Guidance and Counselling	 a) Steps in Guidance and Counselling b) Different types of Guidance - Educational, Vocational & Personal. c) Different approaches of Counselling - Directive, Non-directive and Eclectic approaches d) Guidance and Counselling - Individual and Group e) Guidance and Counselling at different stages of education.
Unit III Essential information for Effective Guidance and Counselling	 a) Essential information for Guidance and Counselling b) Personal information - information about physical, intellectual, personality & academic achievement. c) Educational information - scope and opportunities available d) Occupational information - Scope and Opportunities for employment, Career prospects.
Unit IV Mental Health & Hygiene	 a) Concept, Nature, and Scope of Mental Health & Hygiene b) Adjustment, Maladjustment: Defense Mechanisms c) Stress- Nature, Type, Causes, and Consequences, Coping Strategies d) Concepts of Conflicts, Frustration, Complex & Anxiety

- i. Aggarwal, J.C. (1989). Educational and Vocational Guidance and Counselling, Doaba House; Delhi
- ii. Aggarwal, J.C. (1998). Career Information in Career Guidance: Theory and Practice, Doaba House, Delhi
- iii. Dev, Kapil (2006). Educational Counselling, Pragun Publications, New Delhi
- iv. Gupta, Manju (2003). *Effective Guidance & Counselling modern Methods and Techniques*, Mangal Deep Publications, India.
- v. Sharma, Ramnath and Sharma, Rachana (2007). *Guidance and Counselling in India*, Atlantic Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi.
- vi. Choudhury, Mohamad & Islam, Mo: Aminul (2014). *Counselling Psychology*, Mostafa Prakashani, Dhaka.
- vii. Ghosh, Dr. Sanat Kumar, Shikshay Sangati-Apasangati Ebong Nirdeshana,
- viii. Nag, Dr. Subir & Datta, Dr. Gargi. Sangati Bidhane Nirdeshana O Paramarshadan (Guidance and Counselling in Adjustment), Rita Book Agency.
- *ix.* Nanda, Adhyapak Bishnupada & Jaman, Adhyapika Saraoyatara. *Byatikramdharmi Shishu*, Maola Brothers, Dhaka.
- x. Pal, Debashis (2001). *Shikshay O Brittite Nirdeshana*, Central Library.
- xi. Pal, Debashis. Nirdeshana O Paramarsha, Central Library, Kolkata.
- xii. Guidance & Counselling S.K. Kochar
- xiii. Guidance & Counselling R. Agarwal

Engagement with the field/ Practicum - 10 Marks

Project on Maladjusted behaviour (any one; on the basis of case study) - Truancy, Lying, Timidity, Stealing, Anxiety, Phobia, Hysteria, OCD, Depression, Suicidal tendency, Substance Abuse Disorder, Antisocial Behaviour

2nd Half Curriculum Studies – 40 Marks

Course Learning Outcome: The students will be able to-

- i. understand the concept, types, bases and determinants of curriculum;
- ii. know different approaches of planning and designs of curriculum development;
- iii. apply the models of curriculum implementation;
- iv. comprehend the process of curriculum evaluation;
- v. know about the contemporary trends in curriculum implementation.

 Meaning, nature and scope of curriculum, Relationship between curriculum and syllabi
b) Types of curriculum – core, hidden, null and latent curriculum
c) Characteristics & need of a good curriculum.
d) Principles of curriculum construction.
e) Constitutional values and national culture in curriculum.
a) Bases of Curriculum – Philosophical, Psychological & Sociological.
b) Course Learning Outcome of curriculum: Need to form Course
Learning Outcome of curriculum. Sources of Course Learning
Outcome of the curriculum: society, discipline, needs of students.
c) Framing of Curriculum Course Learning Outcome: Cognitive,
Affective & Psychomotor domains.
d) Principles of selecting curriculum contents
a) Approaches to Curriculum Design
b) Determinants & Stages of Curriculum Development
c) Models of Curriculum Implementation – Administrative, Grass-root,
Demonstration, System Analysis.
d) Curriculum Support Materials – Roles and Types
e) Meaning, Nature & Course Learning Outcome of Curriculum
evaluation, Models of Curriculum evaluation
a) Curriculum reforms as suggested by various commissions and
committees
b) Issues and Trends in Curriculum Implementation in National
Education Policies (1968, 1986 & 2016 Draft) – Primary, Secondary,
Higher Education & Teacher education levels.
c) Highlights & Implementation of NCF – 2000, 2005 & NCFTE –
2009

Suggested Reading:

- i. Agarwal, J. C., Curriculum Development, 2005.
- ii. Chauhan, S. S., Innovations in the Teaching Learning Process, Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi, 1993.
- iii. Arora, G. L., Reflections on Curriculum, NCERT, New Delhi, 1984.
- iv. Ciddldwood, D. & Burton, N., *Managing the Curriculum*, Sage Publications, New Delhi, 2010.
- v. Glatthorn, A. A., Boschee, F., & Whiteheed, B. M., *Curriculum Leadership: Strategies for Development and Implementation*, Sage Publications, New Delhi, 2009.
- vi. Julian, C. S. & Kenneth, D. H., *Education and Evaluation*, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 1978.

Engagement with the field/ Practicum - 10 Marks

- i. Policy analysis National Curriculum Frame works.
- ii. Identification of core, hidden, null and latent curriculum in textbooks.
- iii. Designing an activity based curriculum.
- iv. Textbook analysis
- v. Review of curriculum in elementary education.
- vi. Review of curriculum in secondary education
- vii. Review of curriculum in higher secondary education
- viii. Report on liking of curriculum in between the classes in secondary education

<u>Course – 133</u>

<u>Integration of Advanced Technology - 50 Marks</u> (Theory - 40 & Practicum - 10)

Course Learning Outcome: The trainees will be acquainted with:

- a. Understand the social, economic, security and ethical issues associated with the use of ICT
- b. Identify the policy concerns for ICT
- c. Describe a computer system;
- d. Operate the Windows;
- e. Use Word processing, Spread sheets and Presentation software;
- f. Acquire the skill of maintaining the computer system and the skill of trouble shooting with the help of Anti-Virus and Other tools.
- g. Operate on Internet with safety
- h. Elucidate the application of ICT for Teaching Learning Pedagogy
- i. Develop various skills to use computer technology for sharing the information and ideas through the Blogs and Chatting groups

Unit I Digital Technology and Socioeconomic Context:

- a) Concepts of information and communication technology (ICT); Its Course Learning Outcome and scope in education; Universal access Vs Digital Divide issues and initiatives.
- b) Aims and Course Learning Outcome of National Mission on Education through ICT (NMEICT), Virtual laboratory and Haptic technology.
- c) National Policies & their recommendations on Information and

	Communication Technology (ICT) in School Education in India; IT@ School Project; Challenges of Integration of ICT in School. d) Media Crowd & Media Culture; High Tech & High Touch.
Unit II Educational Resources & ICT	 a) MS Word, MS Excel & MS Power Point, Introduction to Internet, email, Search Engines, Info-Savvy Skills; Digital Age Skills, safe surfing mode. b) Internet resources for different disciplines like natural sciences, social sciences, Humanities and Mathematics. c) General Introduction to e-learning, Mobile-learning, distance learning, On-line learning. d) Virtual University, Wikipedia, Massive Open Online Courses (MOOCs); Social networking e) Models of Communication system
Unit III ICT Integrated Education	 a) ICT Integrated Education, Student management through automation software, e-guidance & counseling, e-modules, e-learning Resources. b) ICT based Co-operative and Collaborative Learning – concept, features and educational application c) Communication Tools - Mobile, e-mail, chat Online Conferencing, Blog, Wiki, Internet forum, News Groups
Unit IV Hands on Knowledge of ICT Hardware & Software	 a) Computer, Server, Projection & Operating systems b) Software, Websites, Virtual Servers & Cloud technology c) Recording, Audio & Video editing, Pedagogic collaboration d) Set up of digital classrooms and lab e) Promoting inclusivity through ICT

- i. Benkler, Y. (2006). The wealth of networks: How social production transforms markets and freedom. Yale University Press.
- ii. Douglas Comer(2007) The Internet Book: Everything You Need to Know about Computer Networking and How the Internet Works, Prentice Hall,
- iii. DSERT Karnataka. (2012). Position paper on ICT mediation in education. DSERT.

Engagement with the field/ Practicum - 10 Marks

- i. Installation of Operating systems, Windows, installation of essential Software and Utilities;
- ii. Projects that may involve the hardware like LCD Projector, digital camera, camcorder, scanner, Printer, interactive white board and software like word processors (MS Word/ Libre Office), spread sheet and Slide Presentation (PPT/impress); and/or Creating and using Blogs and Google Groups, Google Docs.
- iii. Develop a report on preparing a learning designing on any topic from your methods while using internet resources. They report should mention the details of navigating, searching, selecting, saving and evaluating the authenticity of the material and also mention how it adds or justify the facts, figures (data), graphics, explanation and logic of the topic.
- iv. Teaching with a multimedia e-content developed by the student.

Course – 134

School Internship (Phase I): 8 Weeks - 200 Marks (1st Method: 100+2nd Method: 100)

1st Method: 100 marks

(*Practice Teaching - 50 Marks & ^Final Teaching - 50 Marks)

*Practice Teaching - 50 Marks (Method 1) (Learning Designs - 30, Internship Attendance - 10, Teaching Diary - 10)

^Final Teaching - 50 Marks (Method 1)

2nd Method: 100 marks

(*Practice Teaching - 50 Marks & ^Final Teaching - 50 Marks)

*Practice Teaching - 50 Marks (Method 2) (Learning Designs - 30, Internship Attendance - 10, Teaching Diary - 10)

^Final Teaching - 50 Marks (Method 2)

- ➤ Eight weeks school internship shall be carried out during the third semester. Here, the student teachers are required to be placed suitably in the schools.
- The institute may assign a senior faculty as 'School Internship Coordinator' for smooth functioning of the internship programme, who would identify and allot schools to student teachers and maintain liaison with the schools. The role of the 'School Internship Coordinator' would be to share his professional experiences, present model lessons, assess student teachers' performance, and provide on-site guidance and support during internship.
- > Selected faculty members of the institute, on the basis of their availabilities, would be allotted to different schools as 'School Internship In-charge' during the internship period. Along with the names of the 'School Internship In-charge', the subject/subjects are to be observed and the schools for observation may be written & noticed.
- In each school one or two group leaders can be selected among the student teachers. The 'School Internship In-charge' shall coordinate the activities of all the student teachers with the group leaders of the school. All the faculty members, on the basis of their availabilities, would visit all the schools as 'Subject Supervisors' and would assess student teachers' performance.
- > During this period the student teacher shall be attached to the school and he shall undertake such duties as are assigned to him by the Head of the Institution of the school in all school related activities.
- > During this semester the student teachers are acquainted with the overall conduct of the school activities and record keeping. It may include morning assembly, class time table, attendance

- register, stock register, mid-day meal, conduct of periodical meetings, purchase and consumption and co-curricular activities.
- During or at the end of the internship programme the final teaching examination shall be organised by the institution in the respective schools preferably in their first method subject. At least 30 learning designs should be delivered within this internship period (duly prepared and approved by the Subject Supervisors).
- A teaching diary is to be maintained by all student teachers throughout the programme and it is required to submit the same to the institution at the end of the programme or at the time of final teaching examination.

Course – 135

Learners' Study (School Internship) (EPC -4) - 25 Marks

- ➤ One of the main Course Learning Outcome of this course is to learn about the various aspects of the learners.
- ➤ In this section the student teacher will learn about different aspects of scholastic and coscholastic areas of the learners.
- This will give a comprehensive picture about the all round development of the learners.

Course - 136

Communicative Skill - 3 (EPC -2C) - 25 Marks

Contents

	 a) Advantages and disadvantages of Oral communication;
Unit I	b) Improving Oral communication;
Oral	c) One-to-one Oral communication;
Communication	d) Oral presentation;
	e) Brainstorming.
	a) Netiquettes;
Unit II	b) Effective e-mail messages;
Technology based Communication	c) PowerPoint presentation;
Communication	d) Using computer software.

Semester – 4						
Course Code	Course Name	Theory (T)	Practicum (P)	Full Marks	Hours (T+P)	Credit (T+P)
141	Inclusive Education and Children with Special Needs	80 (40+40)	20 (10+10)	100	72+25	4+1
142	Humanistic Education (Peace Education, Value Education and Gender Studies)	40	10	50	36+25	2+1
143	Special Paper (EDTE/POEE/ENVE/COME/WEVE/HEPE/EDWB)	40	10	50	36+25	2+1
144	School Internship (Phase II): 8 Weeks (Method-1 & Method-2)	-	200	200	0+200	0+8
145	Action Research (School Internship) (EPC -5)	1	25	25	0+50	0+2
146	Community Activity	-	50	50	0+50	0+2
147	Communicative Skill - 4 (EPC-2D)	-	25	25	0+50	0+2
	Total (Semester – 4)	160	340	500	569	25

<u>Course – 141</u>

Inclusive Education & Education of Children with Special Needs - 100 Marks (Theory – 80 & Practicum - 20)

<u>1st Half</u> Inclusive Education – 40 Marks

Course Learning Outcome: The students will be able to

- i. The background ideas of inclusive education, its dimensions and educational placement of special children.
- ii. Policies, legislation and provisions in contemporary India & abroad with regard to inclusive education.
- iii. Preparation of Inclusive setting in Education
- iv. Inclusive in operation.

Unit I: Introduction to inclusive Education	 a) Concept & history of Inclusive education. b) Special education, integrated education and inclusive Education & their relation. c) Philosophical, Sociological, Economical, Humanitarian & Educational dimensions of inclusive education. d) Advantages of inclusive education for the individual and society. e) Problems in inclusion, Ways for overcoming the problems in inclusion.
Unit II: Legal and policy perspectives in inclusive education	 a) Important international declarations / conventions / proclamations-BMF (1993-2012), b) Recommendations of the Salamanca Statement and Framework of Action (1994), UNCRPD (2006). c) National initiatives for inclusive education – Constitutional provisions, PIED-1987, National Policy on Education – 1968, 1986 & 2016 (Draft) IEDC- 1992, RCI act- 1992, NCF-2005, National Policy on Disability (2006), RTE Act (2009), PWD Act-2016.
Unit III: Preparation of Inclusive setting in Education	 a) Concept & Characteristics of inclusive schools, Schools' philosophy & mission, Enrolment & Retention drive. b) Classroom management and organizations. c) Review of existing educational programmes offered in secondary schools (General and Special Schools). d) Skills and competencies of teachers and teacher educators for

	education in inclusive settings.	
	e) Professional development of teachers – their Attitude &	
	Accountability.	
	f) Teacher preparation for inclusive education in the light of NCF,	
	2005.	
	a) Curricular adaptations for inclusive education, learning designing,	,
	development of suitable TLM.	
	b) Pedagogical strategies to respond to individual needs of students:	
Unit IV: Inclusion	Cooperative & Collaborative learning strategies in the classroom,	
in operation	peer tutoring, social learning, team teaching, reflective teaching,	
in operation	multisensory teaching.	
	c) Technological Advancement and its applications – ICT, Adaptive	
	and Assistive devices, equipment, aids and appliances.	

Engagement with the field/ Practicum – 10 Marks

- i. Visit to Inclusive Schools and to observe classroom transaction of any one of such school in Baroda and make a report of the same.
- ii. Preparation of teaching aids, toys, charts, flash cards for children having any one type of disability (Visit to Resource Room).
- iii. Preparation of learning design, instruction material for teaching students with disability in inclusive school.
- iv. Case Study of one main streamed (Inclusive) student w.r.to
 - a. Role of a parent.
 - b. Role of a teacher: Special School Teacher, General School Teacher
 - c. Role of Counsellor

$\frac{2^{nd} \ Half}{Education \ of \ Children \ with \ Special \ needs - 40 \ Marks}$

Course Learning Outcome: The students will be able to

- i. Concept of exceptional children, their need.
- ii. Developmental characteristics of children with special needs- visually and hearing impaired, slow learners, mentally retarded & gifted children, learning disabled, autistic & cerebral palsy children.
- iii. Educational management for inclusive setting.

Unit I: Exceptional children & their needs	 a) Definition, concept and types of exceptionality. b) Causes of exceptionality. c) Concept of impairment, disability and handicap. d) Needs and problem of exceptional children.
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Unit II: Visually and Hearing Impaired Children	 a) Causes & characteristics of sensory impairment – visual & auditory. Identification of visually and hearing impaired children b) Educational provisions for visually and hearing impaired children.
Unit III: Slow learners, Mentally retarded & Gifted Children	 a) Slow learners - Meaning, causes, characteristics & education of slow learner children. b) Mentally retarded- Meaning, types and causes of Mental retardation. Identification, characteristics and education of mentally retarded children. c) Gifted- Meaning, causes, characteristics & education of gifted children.
Unit IV: Learning Disabled, Autistic & Cerebral Palsy Children	 a) Learning disabled - Meaning, types and causes of Learning Disability. Characteristics and Measurement of Learning Disability. Education of Learning Disability. b) Autistic - Meaning, causes, characteristics & education of autistic children. c) Cerebral Palsy - Meaning, causes, characteristics & education of children with Cerebral Palsy.

Suggesting Readings:

- i. Educating Exceptional Children S.K. Mangal
- ii.Inclusive Education Loreman, Deppeler & Harvey
- iii.Inclusive Education for children with special needs Neena Dash
- iv.Byatikromi Sishu Bishnupada Nanda & Sarawata Jaman

Engagement with the field/ Practicum – 10 Marks

- i. Collection of data regarding children with special needs from Municipal records.
- ii. Identifying one/ two pupils with special needs in the primary schools and preparing a profile of these pupils.
- iii. Developing list of teaching activities of CWSN in the school.
- iv. Visit any one Institution for
 - a. Children with visual impairment,
 - b. Hearing Impairment,
 - c. Mental Retardation or
 - d. Orthopedically Handicapped and

Make a Report. The report must include reflections on problems faced by Disabled Children, resources, infrastructure, assistive devices, aids and appliances and support services

Course – 142

Humanistic Education (Peace Education, Value Education and Gender Studies) - 50 marks

(**Theory – 40 & Practicum - 10**)

Course Learning Outcome: The students will be able to-

- i. understand the concept, nature, and purpose of Value Education;
- ii. know the types of values and the relevance of Value Education;
- iii. differentiate such values from religious education and moral training;
- iv. think about and reflect on different values;
- v. make human and social choices and expressing them in relation to themselves, others, the community and the world at large;
- vi. choose their own personal, social, moral and spiritual values and be aware of practical methods for developing values.
- vii. Develop gender sensitivity among the student teachers.
- viii. Understand the gender issues faced by the schools & in society
- ix. Understand the concepts of LGBTIQ

	a) Meaning, Concept, Course Learning Outcome, Nature, Scope and Importance of Peace Education.
Unit I: Peace	b) Barriers of Peace Education – Psychological, Cultural, Political.
Education & its	c) Factors responsible for disturbing Peace: Unemployment, terrorism,
Social Perspectives	Exploitation, suppression of individuality, complexes.
Social Leispectives	d) Need of Peace Education in School, home and society.
	e) Peace Education in Secondary Education curriculum.
	a) Classification of Values
	b) Personal and social values
U.: 4 U. C	 i. Intrinsic and extrinsic values on the basis of personal interest & social good.
Unit II: General Idea about Values	ii. Social, moral, spiritual and democratic values on the basis of expectation of society & one's self-inspiration
	c) Identification of Analysis of emerging issues involving value
	conflicts.
	d) Values in Indian Constitution and Fundamental Duties of citizens
	a) Meaning, Concept, Course Learning Outcome, Nature, scope and
	Importance of Value Education.
Unit III: Basic concept of Value	b) Philosophical, psychological and sociological perspectives of Value Education.
Education	c) Design and develop of instructional material for Value Education
	d) Characteristics of Instructional material for Value Education.
	a) Concept of gender including LGBTIQ, Difference between gender
	and sex.
Unit IV. Condon	b) Gender bias, gender stereotyping, and empowerment.
Unit IV: Gender	c) Curriculum and the gender Issues
studies	d) Gender Identities and Socialization Practices in Family, Schools &
	Other formal and informal organizations.

e) Role of Teacher in eliminating Gender bias in school.

- i. R. P. Shukla. (2010). Value education and human rights.
- ii. The moral child Damon, W.New York: The free press.
- iii. Values in Education and Education in value Halstead, J.Mark. London.
- iv. Moral Education Durkheim, E.London.
- v. The Psychology of moral Development Kohlberg. New York.
- vi. Values Education Bagchi, J.P. University Book House (P) Ltd.
- vii. Human Rights A source Book Dev, Arjun et. al. NCERT, New Delhi.
- viii. Human Development Report 2002, UNDP New York and Oxford.
- ix. Fundamentals of Indian Philosophy Puligandla, R. Abingdon Press.
- x. Values and Teaching: Working with values in the Classroom, Raths, L
- xi. Basu, R. & Chakraborty, B. (2011). *Prasanga: Manabividya*. Kolkata: Urbi Prakashan.
- xii. Bandarage, A. (1997). Women Population and Global Crisis: A Political Economic Analysis. London: Zed Books.
- xiii. Nanda, B.P. (2014) Sikhya Ekibhaban, Classiq Books, Kolkata.
- xiv. Boserup, E. (1970). Women's Role in Economic Development

Engagement with the field/ Practicum - 10 Marks

- i. Visit schools and study the sexual abuse and sexual harassment cases.
- ii. Textbook analysis for identifying gender issues, gender biases reflected in it.
- iii. To undertake study of sex ratio and analysis of it state-wise.
- iv. Develop an awareness programme for female infanticide and foeticide, child marriages, dowry. Sexual abuse, work place harassment in terms of drama, street play, poster, documentary, power point presentation.
- v. Prepare presentation on laws related to rape, dowry, remarriage, divorce, property inheritance, trafficking etc.
- vi. Debate on women reservation bill.
- vii. Group activities on domestic violence and other personal issues and its remedies.
- viii. Visits to institutions like WSRC, dowry prohibition cell, women help line, NGO working for women etc.
- ix. Develop / compile stories with values from different sources and cultures,
- x. Organize value based co-curricular activities in the classroom and outside the classroom,
- xi. Develop value based learning designing,
- xii. Integrating values in school subjects.

Course – 143

Special Paper - 50 Marks (Theory – 40 & Practicum - 10)

(Any one to be selected)

- 1. Educational Technology (EDTE)
- 2. Population Education (POEE)
 - 3. Environmental Education (ENVE)
- 4. Comparative Education (COME)
 - 5. Work Education & Vocational Education (WEVE)
- 6. Health Education and Physical Education (HEPE)
 - 7. Education in West Bengal (EDWB)

Educational Technology (EDTE) - 40 Marks

Course Learning Outcome: The trainees will be acquainted with:

- *i)* The concept and meaning of educational technology and its role in educational practices.
- ii) The mode and use of various instructional strategies.
- iii) Concepts and applications of some models of teaching.
- iv) Concept of PSI, e-learning, virtual classroom.

Unit I: Concept of Educational Technology	 a) Meaning, nature & scope of Educational Technology b) Components of ET: Hardware, Software & System c) Hardware & Software Instructional aids d) Role of ET in Modern educational practices.
Unit II: Teaching – Learning Strategies	 a) Teaching Methods, Strategies & Devices. b) Communication in Teaching-learning Process c) Organization of Teaching-learning: Selection of teaching methods and strategies, Selection and use of proper teaching aids, Selection & use of appropriate communication strategy.
Unit III: Computer Learnedness & Instructional approaches	 a) Programmed Instruction - Meaning, Characteristics, Principles & Styles b) Learner Controlled Instruction (LCI) - Meaning, Nature, Steps. c) Personalized System of Instruction (PSI) - Meaning, Course Learning Outcome, Characteristics, Mechanism. d) Computer Assisted Instruction & Computer Managed Instruction – Meaning, Definitions, Types, Processes.

	a) e-Learning - Meaning, Nature, Types. Advantages, Limitations
	b) Virtual Classrooms – Meaning, Videotape, Ratio-vision,
Unit IV: e-	Teleconferencing, CCTV, Advantages, Limitations
Learning & Recent	c) Resource Centres for Educational Technology- CIET, UGC,
trends	IGNOU, NOS, State ET Cells, AVRC, EMRC, NIST-Their
	activities for the improvement of teaching learning.

- i. Essentials of Educational Technology: Teaching Learning Inn ovations in Education J.C. Aggarwal
- ii. Educational Technology and Management vol. I & II Y.K. Sharma
- iii.Fundamental Aspect of Educational Technology Y.K. Sharma
- iv.Advanced Educational Technology Prasad & Koushik
- v.Models of Teaching Joyce, Well, Calhoun

Engagement with the field/ Practicum - 10 Marks

- i. Seminar presentation on approaches to educational technology.
- ii. Seminar presentation on Evolution of Educational Media.
- iii. Evaluating multimedia CD ROMs using standard criteria
- iv. Comparative study of ICT syllabus of school education and teacher education of various organizations.

Population Education (POEE) - 40 Marks

Course Learning Outcome: The student teacher will know:-

- i. The different terms, rules, acts, agencies, summits related to environment.
- ii. Present status of environment of the world, country and the region, and their history.
- iii. Role of teachers and other institution in different process for the development of Environment and transaction of environmental education. Understand a. cause of environmental degradation and pollution, b. different measures for prevention and remedy.
- iv. Efficacy of different methods of environmental education apply
- v. the knowledge of different aspects of the environment for the teaching learning of environment, its hazards and protection and its sustainable development.

	a) Concept of population education and its meaning
	b) Population education and sex Education
Unit I: Concept of	c) Population education and family planning
Population	d) Population education as an Innovation
Education	e) Important Characteristics of population Education
	f) Scope of population education
	a) Population Situation in developed and developing countries: with
Unit II: History &	special reference to India
trends of	b) National policy on education (NPE) and population education and
Population	National population policy (2000AD)
Education	c) Growing population: Need and importance of education in India and
	implementation programme (Role of various Agencies)

Unit III: Population Education & Present Scenario	 a) Teaching Methodology of population education b) Population Education and Teachers c) Population control: Education and empowerment of women d) Interaction Between population growth and quality of life
Unit IV: Population dynamics	 a) Population dynamics: distribution and density b) Population composition: Age, Sex, rural and Urban c) Fertility, Mortality and Migration d) World population: Trends and its economic, Social, political and educational implications

- i. Population & Environmental Education, Dr. Subir Nag
- ii. SCERT published document on population education

Engagement with the field/ Practicum - 10 Marks

- i. Field based study & Report on population control
- ii. Field study on Wetland management and reporting
- iii. Academic report on sustainable development
- iv. Survey based report on Health and Nutrition
- v. Field based study on Natural resources with Population education

Environmental Education (ENVE) - 40 Marks

Course Learning Outcome: The students will be able to-

- i. understand the concept, nature, and importance of Environmental Education;
- ii. learn the Course Learning Outcome and goals of Environmental Education.;
- iii. gain an insight into the relation between environmental awareness and environmental action;
- iv. understand the concept of education for sustainable development;
- v. acquire knowledge about physical environment, pollution and its causes, and major environmental problems in India;
- vi. acquire knowledge about the international efforts for environmental protection;

	 Meaning, scope, aims and Course Learning Outcome and importance of environmental education in contemporary Indian context.
Unit I: Concept of environmental education	 b) Development of environmental awareness among teachers, students and community, strategies and action plan. c) Roles of teachers and other institution in the development of environmental awareness.
Unit II: Ecology and Environment	a) Definition of ecology and ecosystem, their basic characteristics and principles.b) Ecosystem and human life.c) Biodiversity.

Back to Contents

Unit III: Environmental degradation and pollution	 a) Environmental conditions in India b) Environmental degradation and pollution: causes, effect and control measures c) Movements for protection of environment in India
Unit IV: Environmental education and management	 a) Development of environmental education project and their execution b) Sustainable development; energy and waste management c) Indian environment policies, World Summits, International agencies and Programmes on environmental management.

- i. Environmental Education Curriculum Framework and Teacher Educators, NCTE, New Delhi, 2005.
- ii. Env. Education & Pollution Control Senapati and Sahoo Mittal 2009
- iii. Environmental Education-R Roy(Ed) Shipra (Delhi) -2008
- iv. Paribesh R.N. Bose-CU-2001
- v. Environmental Studies-E Bharucha-UGC-Universities Press-2005
- vi. Environment quiz book R. Garg-Pustak Mahal-1993
- vii. Envipronmental Education-J. Chand- anshah Publishing House-2007
- viii. Paribesh Parichay (VI-X) WBBSE

Engagement with the field/ Practicum - 10 Marks

- i. Visits to polluted sites and preparation of report.
- ii. Interviewing people and reporting the inconveniences due to any of the Environmental problems.
- iii. To study innovations done by any organization to improve the local Environment.
- iv. To study the implementation of Environmental Education Programmes.
- v. To prepare models and exhibits for general awareness of public regarding environmental hazards.
- vi. To prepare a programme for environmental awareness and to conduct the same, with school children.
- vii. To visit industries and study alternative strategies of Environmental management.
- viii. To prepare a resource material on any of the environmental problems along with a suitable evaluation strategy.
- ix. To prepare quizzes and games on environmental issues.
- x. To study the contribution of NGOs in improving the environment of the city.

Comparative Education (COME) - 40 Marks

Course Learning Outcome: The students will be able to-

- i. understand the concept, scope, need, and importance of Comparative Education;
- ii. understand Comparative Education as a discipline;

- iii. compare between Comparative Education and International Education;
- iv. know the methods of Comparative Education, understand the factors and forces of Comparative Education;
- v. develop understanding of system of education in India and developed countries, develop the sense of international understanding;
- vi. know the problems of developing countries (SAARC), their causes and solutions through education.

Unit I: Concept of Comparative Education	 a) Meaning, Nature, and Scope b) Importance of Comparative Education c) Comparative Education as an Academic Discipline d) Comparison between Comparative Education and International Education
Unit II: Methods & Factors of Comparative Education	 a) Area Study b) Juxtaposition Comparison, Intra and Inter Educational Analysis c) Interpretative and Explanatory Methods- Historical Approach, Sociological Approach, Philosophical Approach, Scientific Approach (Quantities) d) Cross Disciplinary Approaches used in Comparative Education e) Factors of Comparative Education - Socio-cultural, Historical, Philosophical, Economical, Structural, Functional
Unit III: Comparative Study of Educational Systems among Different Countries and India	 a) Primary Education: USA, UK, Japan, and India b) Secondary Education: USA, Russia, and India c) Higher Education: UK, France, and India d) Teacher Education: USA, Germany, and India e) Adult Education: Australia, Brazil, and India
Unit IV: Problems Prevailing in Developing (SAARC) Countries with Special Reference to India, Their Causes and Solution through Education	 a) Poverty (Bangladesh, Sri Lanka, India) b) Unemployment (Bangladesh, Pakistan, India) c) Population Explosion (Bangladesh, Pakistan, India) d) Terrorism (Pakistan, Sri Lanka, India) e) Illiteracy (Bangladesh, Pakistan, India)

- i. Trivedi, P. R., Singh, U. K., & Sudarshan, K. N., *Global Education: An Analysis*, Commonwealth, New Delhi, 1994.
- ii. Comparative Education Nicholas Hans.
- iii. A Text Book of Comparative Education-T.S.Sodhi
- iv. Comparative Education B.C.Rai
- v. Comparative Education- S.P.Choube
- vi. Comparative Education- The methods of Analysis and Enquiry- V.Rao. R.S Reddy.
- vii. Comparative Method in Education-Gorge Z. F. Bereday.

Engagement with the field/ Practicum - 10 Marks

- i. Report on comparative analysis of Primary education between India & Bangladesh
- ii. Report on comparative analysis of Secondary & Higher Secondary education between India & Bangladesh
- iii. Report on comparative analysis of Teacher Education between India & Bangladesh
- iv. Report on comparative analysis of Primary education between India & Sri Lanka
- v. Report on comparative analysis of Secondary & Higher Secondary education between India & Sri Lanka
- vi. Report on comparative analysis of Teacher Education between India & Sri Lanka
- vii. Report on comparative analysis of Primary education, Secondary & Higher Secondary education and Teacher Education between SAARC countries.

Work Education & Vocational Education (WEVE) - 40 Marks

Course Learning Outcome: The students will be able to-

- i. Make a teacher-trainee aware of the modern approaches to teaching of Work Education in the perspectives of its development from traditional approaches.
- ii. Make the teacher-trainee acquainted with the basic skills required for the inculcation of the modern approaches to teaching of Work Education.
- iii. Make the teacher trainees aware of different methods of teaching suitable to different topics of Work Education.
- iv. Make the teacher trainees acquainted with the ways and means for managing class-room from the stand point of inclusive education.

Unit I: Aims, Course Learning Outcome and Bases	 a) Aims and Course Learning Outcome of Teaching Work Education at Secondary level. Values of teaching Work Education at Secondary level. b) Correlation of Work Education with other School Subjects. c) Bases of Work Education – Psychological, Sociological, Historical and Economical.
Unit II: Development of the Concept and Work & Vocational Education Teacher	 a) Development of the concept of Work Education with Special reference to National Policy on Education (1986) b) Work & Vocational Education Teacher - Qualities & Responsibilities. c) Need for Professional Orientation.
Unit III: Approaches & Methods of Teaching Work & Vocational Education	 a) Inductive and Deductive approach b) Methods: Lecture Cum Demonstration Method Laboratory Method. Heuristic Method. Problem Solving Method, Project Method

Unit IV: Aspects of
Teaching Work &
Vocational
Education

- a) Work Education Laboratory
- b) A critical evaluation of work education syllabus prescribed by the WBBSE in (a) the exposure stage and (b) the Involvement stage.
- c) Concept of improvisation; its use in the teaching of Work Education.
- d) Ares of work education, viz. socially useful productive work (as designed by I.B. committee), Occupational explorations and Innovative practices.
- e) Removal of social distances through Work Education, Excursion.

- i. Choudhury, J., Deb, N. and Samanta, A. (2014) Karmashiksha Shikhsan Bigyan Kala O Prajukti, Aaheli Publishers, Kolkata.
- ii. Kincheloe, Joe L. Toil and Trouble: Good Work, Smart Workers, and the Integration of Academic and Vocational Education. New York: Peter Lang Publishing. (1995)

Engagement with the field/ Practicum - 10 Marks

- i. Growing of Vegetables/ Fruit / Flower
- ii. Household wiring and Electrical gadgets repairing
- iii. Tailoring and Needle Work
- iv. Bamboo Work and Wood craft
- v. Tie-Dye and Butik Printing
- vi. Clay Modelling
- vii. Fruit preservation
- viii. Cardboard Work and Book Binding
- ix. Soap, Phenyl and Detergent making
- x. Wallet mast making
- xi. Paper making and paper cutting work

Health Education and Physical Education (HEPE) - 40 Marks

Course Learning Outcome: The students will be able to-

- i. Build a scenario of Health Education in India.
- ii. Develop a Knowledge Base of the Most Common and Uncommon
- iii. Diseases in India; their Diagnosis & Remediation.
- iv. Learn the Tech Related Health Risks & Learn How to Fix These.
- v. Study the Health Education Vision & Mission of India.

Unit I: Health Education Scenario in India

- a) Introduction to the concept of health, it's significance and importance
- b) Identity of Educational Institutional Plants: Structure, Infra-Structure and Environment,
- c) Emerging Health & Total Quality of the Educational Institutions,
- d) Status of Health Education in India from Pre-Natal Education through Higher Education,

	e)	Health & Hygiene, Mess & Toilets, Disease & Dispensary, Work &
		Leisure,
	f)	Total Health Quality of Educational Governors, Administrators,
		Teachers, Students, Supporters, Libraries, Laboratories, Classrooms,
		Halls, Play Fields
	a)	Heart Diseases, Cancer, HIV/AIDs, Swine Flue, Reproductive
		Helpless Health, Osteoporosis, Depression,
Unit II: Most	b)	Intentional & Unintentional Injuries, Diabetes, and Obesity,
Common &		Uncommon Diseases- Autistic, Cerebral Palsied, Blood Borne
Uncommon		Diseases
diseases in India	c)	Beta Thal Major, Sickle Cell Anemia, Hemophilia, Diagnosis,
		Prevention & Prognosis.
	a)	\mathcal{E}
		Stress, Acne caused by the Cell Phones, Blackberry Stress Injuries to
		the Thumb, Radiation from the cell phones, Cell Phone Sickness,
	L)	Cell Phone & Car Accidents, Allergies & Phones, Crazy Phones,
Unit III: Tech-	D)	Computers Causing Wrist Pain, Back & Neck Pain, Decreased
Related Health		Sperm Count from the WIFI, Laptop Burns, Laptop Headaches, Sleeping Problems from the Laptops, Decreased attention span from
Risks & How to Fix		using Face-book,
Them	c)	The Internet Causing Anxiety, Headphone Use leading to Accidents,
	C)	Hearing Loss from Headphones, Visual Impairment,
	d)	Death from Social Networking, Environmental Degradation,
	α)	Aggression, Social Crimes Evolving Controlling & Regulatory
		Mechanisms.
	a)	Fast Food Problems, Drinking Water Problems, Falling Heart &
	Í	Brain Entrainment Ratio, Inflated Height Weight Index,
	b)	High & Low Blood Pressure, Depression & Aggression, Adhyatmik
Unit IV: Health		Troubles, Adhi- bhoutik Troubles, Adhidaivik Troubles, along with
Issues, Health		these all sorts of Medical Practices
Education: Vision	c)	Vision & Mission of Medical Council of India, Health Education
& Mission; First		Priorities, and immediate need of Health Education Policy of India.
Aid	d)	The principles of first aid, equipment, principles & treatments -
		Fractures, Muscular sprains, haemorrhage, respiratory discomfort,
		Natural and artificial carriage of sick and wounded person,
		unconsciousness, heat stroke.

- i. Bhattacharyya, A.K.(2010). *Dimensions of Physical Education Principles, Foundation & Interpretation.* Kolkata: Classique Books.
- ii. Bucher, C.A. Foundation of Physical Education St. Louis: The C.V. Mosby Co.
- iii. Bhattacharyya, A.K. &Bhowmick, S. Sarirsiksha. Kolkata: PaschimbangaRajyaPustakParshad.
- iv. Bandyopadhyay, K. Sarir siksha parichay. Kolkata: Classique Books
- v. Kar, Subhabrata& Mandal, Indranil. (2009). *Uchhatara sarir siksha*. Lalkuthipara, Suri, Birbhum: Sarir Siksha Prakashani.

Engagement with the field/ Practicum - 10 Marks

- i. Surfing to know the diseases in India.
- ii. Preventive & Ameliorative measures for health hazards.
- iii. Playing Games
- iv. Athletics
- v. Yoga
- vi. Reflective Dialogues on Serials, such as, Satyamev Jayate on Health of the People.
- vii. Preparation of inventories on myths on exercises and different type of food
- Viii. Make an inventory of energy rich food and nutritious food(locally available) indicating its health value
- ix. Make an inventory of artificial food and provide critical observations from health point of view
- x. Home remedies as health care
- xi. Role of biopolymers (DNA) in health of child
- xii. Medicinal plants and child health
- Xiii. Strategies for positive thinking and motivation
- xiv. Preparation of first aid kit

Education in West Bengal (EDWB) - 40 Marks

Course Learning Outcome: The students will be able to-

- i. Educational history of West Bengal.
- ii. Academic structures of different educational sectors.
- iii. Administrative structures of education in different levels.
- iv. Recent development and trends of education in West Bengal

Unit I: Educational	a) Education of Ancient, Medieval, Colonial Bengal - Features
	b) Education in Bengal after Independence - Features
	c) Eminent Educationists of Bengal
History of West Bengal	d) Notable Institutions of Bengal
Dengar	e) Different Education Commissions and Committees in West Bengal
	a) Primary Education - Structure, Curriculum, Agencies
	b) Secondary & Higher Secondary Education - Structure, Curriculum,
	Agencies
	c) Higher Education - Structure, Universities, Courses Offered,
	Evaluation System
Unit II: Academic	d) Teacher Education - Structure, Universities, Curriculum
Structure of Education in	e) Others Sectors - Structure, Universities, Curriculum
Different Sectors	i. Mass Education,
	ii. Lifelong & Continuing Education
	iii. Vocational Education,
	iv. Medical Education,
	v. Technical Education

	vi. Agricultural Education vii. Judicial Education viii. Open & Distance Education a) Primary Education & Elementary Education
Unit III: Administrative Structure of Education in West Bengal	 b) Secondary & Higher secondary Education, c) Higher Education d) Different Statutory Bodies, Boards, Councils, Research Institutes, Centre and Schools of West Bengal
Unit IV: Recent Initiatives in Education of West Bengal	 a) SSA – RMSA, KGBV b) Incentive Schemes – <i>Kanyashree</i>, <i>Sikshashree</i>, <i>Sabuj Sathi</i>, c) Grants – Prematric - Postmatric - Minority Scholarship, Non-NET fellowship for M.Phil & Ph.D Scholars, Uniform-Shoe-Umbrella-Books Grants.

Engagement with the field/ Practicum - 10 Marks

- i. Field visit & report writing to any educational or administrative institution
- ii. Seminar Presentation
- iii. Preparation of educational timeline of West Bengal
- iv. Report on recent initiatives and development.

Course – 144

School Internship (Phase II): 8 Weeks - 200 Marks (1st Method: 100+2nd Method: 100)

1st Method: 100 marks

(*Practice Teaching - 50 Marks & ^Final Teaching - 50 Marks)

*Practice Teaching - 50 Marks (Method 1) (Learning Designs - 30, Internship Attendance - 10, Teaching Diary - 10)

^Final Teaching - 50 Marks (Method 1)

2nd Method: 100 marks

(*Practice Teaching - 50 Marks & ^Final Teaching - 50 Marks)

*Practice Teaching - 50 Marks (Method 2) (Learning Designs - 30, Internship Attendance - 10, Teaching Diary - 10)

^Final Teaching - 50 Marks (Method 2)

- ➤ Eight weeks school internship shall be carried out during the fourth semester. Here, the student teachers are required to be placed suitably in the schools.
- The institute may assign a senior faculty as 'School Internship Coordinator' for smooth functioning of the internship programme, who would identify and allot schools to student teachers and maintain liaison with the schools. The role of the 'School Internship Coordinator' would be to share his professional experiences, present model lessons, assess student teachers' performance, and provide on-site guidance and support during internship.
- ➤ Selected faculty members of the institute, on the basis of their availabilities, would be allotted to different schools as 'School Internship In-charge' during the internship period. Along with the names of the 'School Internship In-charge', the subject/subjects are to be observed and the schools for observation may be written & noticed.
- ➤ In each school one or two group leaders can be selected among the student teachers. The 'School Internship In-charge' shall coordinate the activities of all the student teachers with the group leaders of the school. All the faculty members, on the basis of their availabilities, would visit all the schools as 'Subject Supervisors' and would assess student teachers' performance.
- > During this period the student teacher shall be attached to the school and he shall undertake such duties as are assigned to him by the Head of the Institution of the school in all school related activities.
- > During this semester the student teachers are acquainted with the overall conduct of the school activities and record keeping. It may include morning assembly, class time table, attendance

register, stock register, mid-day meal, conduct of periodical meetings, purchase and consumption and co-curricular activities.

- During or at the end of the internship programme the final teaching examination shall be organised by the institution in the respective schools preferably in their second method subject. At least 30 learning designs should be delivered within this internship period (duly prepared and approved by the Subject Supervisors).
- A teaching diary is to be maintained by all student teachers throughout the programme and it is required to submit the same to the institution at the end of the programme or at the time of final teaching examination.

Course – 145

Action Research (School Internship) (EPC -5) – 25 Marks

Course Learning Outcome: This Action Research will enable the student-teacher to:

- *i) Identity the Meaningful problems in Education especially in Schools.*
- *ii)* Be engaged in the inquiry into the problems.
- *iii)* Develop a plan of action for the solution of the problem.
- *iv)* Have a firsthand experience for conducting a research and its reporting.

Students-teachers are to prepare research report after conducting action research based on education. The action research report is to be prepared according to the following heading.

A. Section I:

- 1. Title page
- 2. Acknowledgement
- 3. Contents

B. Section II:

1. Introduction:-

- a) Background
- b) Objective of the Study (Identification of a problem area, Identification of the problem, delimiting the problem)
- c) Action hypotheses / Research questions

2. Methodology:

- a) Subjects
- b) Preparation of tools for gathering data
- c) Procedure (Data Collection)

3. Results:

- a) Presentation of data
- b) Analysis of data

4. Discussion:

- a) Summary of findings
- b) Implication of the Study.
- c) Conclusion

Course – 146

Community Activity – 50 Marks

Students-teachers are to prepare detailed report on the following topic/s or as suggested by the concerned teacher.

- i. Organization of a rally or campaign on any social issue e.g. Polio, HIV, Electoral Rights, Gender sensitization etc.
- ii. Planning, Organizing & Participation in Field Trip / Excursion
- iii. Gardening.
- iv. Cleanliness of the campus and beautification, Cleaning of furniture
- v. Assembly
- vi. Community Games
- vii. Cultural Programmes
- viii. SUPW, Work Education.
- ix. Scout & Guide / NSS
- x. Celebration of National Festivals, Teachers Day etc.
- xi. First Aid
- xii. Aesthetic development activities-decoration of classroom etc.

Course – 147

Communicative Skill - 4 (EPC -2D) - 25 Marks

Contents

Unit I	a) Speech Rhythms;
Pronunciation	b) Breaking larger utterances into meaning chunks;
Practice	c) Intonation patterns and their use.
	a) Situational use of vocabulary;
Unit II	b) Basic grammar;
Vocabulary and Grammar	c) Transformation of sentences;
Grammar	d) Narration change and change of voice.

<u>Course – 122 & 123</u>

Understanding Discipline & Pedagogy of School Subject Method-1 & Method-2 (10 Marks)

Group – B (Unit-II)

Critical Appraisal of Subject Content

Bengali (10 Marks)

Unit	Class		Contents
		1.	বোঝাপড়া – রবীন্দ্রনাথ ঠাকুর (কবিতা)- অষ্টম শ্রেণী
		2.	গাছের কথা – জগদীশচন্দ্র বোস (গদ্য)- অষ্টম শ্রেণী
Unit-II	VI-XII	3.	অসুখী একজন – পাবলো নেরুদা (কবিতা)
		4.	ধীবর বৃত্তান্ত – কালিদাস (গদ্য)
		5.	কারক-বিভক্তি প্রকরণ (ব্যাকরণ)

English (10 Marks)

Unit	Class	Contents	
		1.	Lesson 4: The Great Escape by Sugata Bose (VIII)
		2.	Lesson 8: His First Blight by Liam O'Flaherty (IX)
Unit-II	VI-XII	3.	Lesson 1: Father's Help by R. K. Narayan (X)
		4.	Lesson 4: Nobel Lecture by Mother Teresa (XI)
		5.	Lesson 1: On Killing a Tree by Gieve Patel (XII)

Sanskrit (10 Marks)

Unit	Class	Contents	
		1. शब्दरूपाणि- स्वरान्तानि, व्यञ्जनान्तानि, सर्वनामानि, संख्यावाचकानि	
		2. धातुरूपाणि- भ्वाद्यदादिरुधादीनि	
TT '4 TT	371 3711	3. सन्धिः- स्वरसन्धिः, व्यञ्जनसन्धिः	
Unit-II	VI-XII	4. कारकाणि	
		5. चाणक्यश्लोकाः	
		6. सरस्वतिस्तोत्रम्	

	7.	मुनिम्षिककथा
	8.	ब्राहमणचौरपिशाचकथा
	9.	मेघदूतम्
	10.	श्रीमद्भगवद्गीता- कर्मयोगः

HINDI (10 Marks)

इकाई-2	कक्षा VI – XII
विषय सामाग्री का सूक्ष्म	• कोई नहीं पराया – गोपाल दास नीरज(VIII)
समीक्षा (Critical	• वाक्य, कारक, समास एवं संधि
Appraisal of Subject	• संस्कृति है क्या – रामधारी सिंह दिनकर (IX)
Content)	• मैं नर्क से बोल रहा हूँ – हरिशंकर परसाई (XI)
	• हो गई है पीर पर्वत –सी – दुष्यंत कुमार (XII)

Mathematics (10 Marks)

Unit	Class	Contents		
		1.	Algebraic Formulae	
		2.	Rule of Three	
		3.	Simple and compound Interest	
		4.	Congruency and Similarities	
Unit-II	VI-XII	5.	Equation	
UIIIt-II	V 1-A11	6.	Mensuration on Solids	
		7.	Trigonometrical Ratios and Identities	
		8.	Progression	
		9.	Introduction of Calculus (Differentiation, Integral)	
		10.	Matrix, Determinant	

Physical Science (10 Marks)

Unit	Class	Physics	Contents	Chemistry
Unit-II	VI-XII	 Measurement System (VI) Force and Pressure (VIII) Heat (VIII) Newton Law's of Motion (IX) Lens and Dispersion (X) Modern Physics (X) Gravitation (XI) Optics (XII) Current Electricity (XII) 	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9.	Simple, Compound and Mixed Matter (VI) Molecule, Atom & Chemical Reaction (VII) Properties of Gas (VIII) Physical and Chemical Change (IX) Electronic Theory of Oxidation & Reduction (X) Chemical Bonding (X) Structure of Atom (XI) Solid State (XII) Polymers (XII)

Life Science (10 Marks)

Unit	Class	Contents	
		1. Diversity of structure and function of biotic components of ecosystem (VII)	
Unit-II	VI-XII	 Environment, health and hygiene (VII) Photosynthesis and respiration (IX) Hormones (X) 	
		5. Human physiology (XI)6. Genetic and evolution (XII)	

COMPUTER STUDIES

Unit	Class	
Unit- II	VI-VIII	1 History of computer 2 Generation of computer 3 Different parts of computer 4 Operating system
Unit-III	IX-X	1 Word 2 Spreadsheet 3 Power point presentation 4 Internet
Unit-XI- XII	XI-XII	1 Programming language

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	2 Application of computer
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History (10 Marks)

Unit	Class	Contents	
		1.	Concept of History
		2.	Indian sub-continent of 6 th Century
		3.	Expansion of Empire and Rule
		4.	Delhi Sultanate and Mughal Empire
Unit-II	VI-XII	5.	Evolution of Indian Civilization
		6.	Rise of Kingdom
		7.	Emergence of Indian Nationalism
		8.	Indian Constitution
		9.	Age of Cold War
		10.	New World System

Geography (10 Marks)

Unit	Class	Contents		
Unit-II	VI-XII	 River (VII) Pressure Belts and Wind (VIII) Determination of Location on Earth, International Date & Time, Antipode (IX) Weathering (X) Process of Landform (XII) 		

Political Science (10 Marks)

Unit	Class	Contents
Unit-II	IX-XII	 Constitution of India; Salient Features Fundamental Rights & duties Cultural citizenship & Present India Political Science: An interdisciplinary study Theory on origin of the state; Evolutionary Theory Nationalism: A gateway to Internationalism Liberty: A general profile; Safeguard of liberty Distinguish between Rights and Human Rights. Human Rights and UNO. Writ procedure. Public opinion: Universal Adult Suffrage; Election Commission of India Indian Judicial system – nature of integrated Judiciary, Legislature and Executive: Unicameral and bicameral legislature of Indian Federal System; Accountability of executive (both political & bureaucrat).

Education (10 Marks)

Unit	Class	Contents		
Unit-II	XI-XII	 Historical development of Indian Education in ancient & medieval periods. Important Educational events before India's Independence. Important Educational events after India's Independence. Universalization of Elementary Education (UEE), Delors' Commission Different Development stages of Development. Learning and its factors. Conditioning, connectionism and Insightful Learning. Statistics in Education – Tabulation, Frequency Distribution, Graphical Representation, Central Tendency. 		

ACCOUNTANCY

Unit	Class	Contents
Unit-II	XI & XII	 Theoretical bases of accounting, Accounting Assumptions, Principles, Indian Accounting Standards and brief introduction of IFRS. Recording of Transactions, Preparation of Trial Balance and Rectification of Errors. Financial Statements, Trading and Profit & Loss Account, Balance Sheet; Income and Expenditure Account Partnership, Analysis of Financial Statements, Company Accounts. Computers in Accounting.
Unit-III	XI & XII	 Classification of Costs and Preparation of Cost Sheet, Storing and control of materials Residential Status, Various Heads of Income. Forms of Business Organizations. Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) and Business Ethics, Sources of Business Finance. Functions of Business Management, Financial Management, Marketing Management, fundamentals of tax
Unit-IV	XI & XII	 Meaning and Sources of Indian Commercial Law, Law of Contract. Errors, Frauds and Auditor. Principles of Law of Insurance. Cost of labour and basic concept of overhead, Method of remuneration Income from house property and capital gains Different type of audit and new branches of audit, Pre audit procedure and vouching of transactions

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Music (10 Marks)

Unit	Class	Contents		
Unit-II	VI-XII	1. Concept of Music (Sangeet)		
		2. Characteristics of Raga in Indian Music (Sruti ,Seara, Suddha, Vikrita,		
		Vadi, Samvadi, Vivadi, Pakar Arohar, Avarohan, Purbanga, Uttaranga etc.		
		3. Musical Definitions- Swara, Saptaka, Tala, Laya, Matra etc.		
		4. Theka and form of following talas: Dadra, Kaharaba, Tritala, Ektala ete.		
		5. Use of Tanpura, Harmonium, Tabla, Relation between Tala and Laya.		
		6. A brief study of the characteristics of:		
		7. Songs of Vedic Period, Mughal period and Modern period.		

<u>Course – 122 & Course – 123</u>

Understanding Discipline & Pedagogy of School Subject Method-1 & Method-2 - 60 (30+30) Marks

Group - D (Unit-IV)

Methodology of Teaching

Bengali (30 Marks)

বিভাগ – ঘ

শিক্ষণ পদ্ধতি

একক – ১	ক) ভাষা ও মাতৃভাষা; জীবন ও শিক্ষায় গুরুত্ব,
মাতৃভাষা হিসাবে বাংলা	খ) মাতৃভাষার শিক্ষা ও মাতৃভাষার মাধ্যমে শিক্ষাঃ উদ্দেশ্য ও গুরুত্ব,
ভাষার স্থান ও গুরুত্বঃ	গ) মাতৃভাষা শিক্ষাক্ষেত্রে পাঠ্যক্রমগত স্তরবিভাগ,
	ঘ) সাহিত্য শিক্ষকের ব্যাক্তিগত ও পেশাগত গুনাবলী/ বৈশিষ্ট্য সমূহ
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একক – ২ মাতৃভাষার শিক্ষায় দক্ষতার চতুরঙ্গঃ	ক) গ্রহনধর্মী দক্ষতা অ) শ্রবন – দক্ষতা বিকাশের উপায়সমূহ, আ) পঠন – পঠনের প্রকারভেদ সরব ও নীরব পাঠ, ব্যাপক ও গভীর পাঠ। ধারনা, চর্বনা ও স্বাদনা পাঠ। দ্রুত পঠন – প্রয়োজন অভ্যাস গঠন, এই দক্ষতার বিকাশের জন্য করনীয় কৃত্যঃ শিক্ষক ও বিদ্যালয়ের। খ) প্রকাশধর্মী দক্ষতা অ) কখন – বাংলা ভাষার বৈশিষ্ট্য। মৌলিক বর্ণ ও যুক্তবর্ণের উচ্চারন বিধি। মান্য উচ্চারন বনাম উপভাষা/ আঞ্চলিক উচ্চারন। এই দক্ষতার বিকাশের জন্য করনীয় কৃত্যঃ শিক্ষক ও বিদ্যালয়ের। আ) লিখন – সুন্দর হস্তাক্ষরের সংঙ্গা ও বৈশিষ্ট্য সমূহ, হস্তাক্ষরের উন্নতির উপায় সমূহ, বাংলা বানান সঠিক বানানের রীতি ও বানান সংস্কার। বিদ্যালয় শিক্ষার্থীদের বানানের ভুলের প্রকৃতি, কারন ও প্রতিকার।
একক – ৩ সাহিত্যানুশীলন ও ভাষাবিকাশে শব্দভান্ডার সমৃদ্ধি ও সহপাঠক্রমিক কার্যাবলীর ভূমিকা ও ব্যবহার।	ক) আবৃত্তি, খ) অভিনয়, গ) বিতর্ক, ঘ) তাৎক্ষণিক বক্তৃতা ঙ) সাহিত্য সভা ও প্রতিযোগিতা, চ) পত্রিকা সংগঠন ও প্রকাশ, ছ) আলোচনাচক্র, জ) ভাষা গবেষণাগার, ঝ) শিক্ষামূলক প্রদর্শনী

- i. বাংলা শিক্ষা পদ্ধতি ডঃ সুবিমল মিশ্র
- ii. Encyclopedia of Teaching Languages in India: Bengali S.R. Sharma
- iii. Bangla sikshan paddhati- Kaushik Chattopadhya
- iv. Bangla paranor riti- Satyagopal Mishra

English (30 Marks)

Group –D Methodology of Teaching

	a) Aims & Course Learning Outcome of teaching English in Post-
Unit I	independent India with reference to multicultural perspectives.
Concept &	b) Trends in second language teaching theories: A brief overview
Background of	i. The behaviorist school
Teaching English	ii. Cognitive school
	iii. Vygotsky and language development
Unit II	a) Commissions and committees on status of English in India after
The Identity Phase	independence
The Identity Phase	b) English as a global language
Unit III	a) Methods and approaches of language teaching
Methods and	i.Concept & procedure
	ii.Teachers' & learners' role
Approaches of	b) Continuing Professional Development (CPD)
Language Teaching	- Concept and features

Suggested Reading:

- i. English Language teaching Nagaraj.
- ii. Approaches and methods in language teaching Richards & Rodgers
- iii. Teaching of English Parveen Sharma
- iv. Teaching English Evans, Midgley,
- v. S. Kudchedkar (ed.), 'English Language Teaching in India: Orient Longman.
- vi. V. Saraswathi, 'English Language Teaching: Principles and Practice': orient Longman.

Sanskrit (30 Marks)

Group – D

Methodology of Teaching

Unit I	a) Aims and Course Learning Outcome of teaching Sanskrit.
Concept and	b) Relation and relevance of Sanskrit into contemporary Indian
background of	Language.
teaching Sanskrit:	c) Views of different commissions and committees for school-level
	Sanskrit Teaching.
	a) Traditional Method.
Unit II	b) Bhandarkar Method.
Method of	c) Text Book Method.
Teaching Sanskrit:	d) Direct Method.
	e) Translation Method.
	f) Psychological Method.

	a) Listening skill – listening comprehension and strategies for its development. 1
Unit III Developing Skills:	development. 1 b) Speaking skill – impact of phonetics on development of speech habit, strategies for correct pronunciation and fluency in speaking. c) Reading skill – reading for comprehension, factors determiningreading, strategies for its development. d) Writing skill – characteristics of Devanagari Script, factors influencing hand writing, causes of spelling mistake, strategies for its development e) Critical analysis of the Sanskrit syllabus at Secondary Level in West Bengal. f) Causes of backwardness and remedial teaching in Sanskrit. g) Agencies of Sanskrit education i. Rashtriya Sanskrit Sansthan. ii. Sanskrit Universities. iii. Sanskrit Institution – In India and abroad.

- i. Teaching of Sanskrit- Apte & Dongre
- ii. Debabhasa Sikshanam (Beng.)- Atulananda Mandal
- iii. Teaching of Sanskrit- Safaya, Shukla
- iv. Sanskrit sikshan paddhati (Beng.)- Rita Book Agency

Hindi (30 Marks)

Group – D Methodology of Teaching

इकाई 1: भाषा शिक्षण के आधार	 भाषा: अर्थ, महत्व एवं प्रकृति भाषा और समाज: भाषा और लिंग, भाषा और वर्ग, भाषा और अस्मिता भाषा और विद्यालय: घर की भाषा और विद्यालय की भाषा में अंतर व महत्व, बहुसांस्कृतिक एवं बहुभाषिक कक्षा का महत्व संविधान और शिक्षा समितियों की रिपोर्ट में हिंदी भाषा एवं अन्य भाषा की स्थिति: धारा 343- 351, कोठारी आयोग 1964-1966, राष्ट्रीय शिक्षा नीति 1986, राष्ट्रीय पाठ्यचर्या की रूपरेखा 2005
इकाई 2: हिंदी शिक्षण में विभिन्न विधियों एवं	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

विधाओं का	• कविता शिक्षण एवं नाटक शिक्षण
संक्षिप्त	 व्याकरण शिक्षण एवं रचना शिक्षण
अवलोकन:	• शिक्षणशास्त्रीय विश्लेषण: अवधारणा, उद्देश्य, सोपान एवं लाभ
इकाई 3: हिन्दी	 भाषायी कौशल: अर्थ, विशेषताएं, प्रकार
शिक्षण में भाषायी	 श्रवण कौशल, मौखिक अभिव्यक्ति कौशल,पठन कौशल, लेखन कौशल:
कौशल एवं	अर्थ, प्रकार, उद्देश्य,महत्व एवं प्रविधियां
शिक्षण कौशल	 शिक्षण कौशल: परिभाषा, विशेषताएं, घटक एवं वर्गीकरण
	• सूक्ष्म शिक्षण: अवधारणा, विशेषताएं, सोपान,सावधानियां
	अधिगम प्रारूप: अवधारणा, आवश्यकता एवं आवश्यक गुण
इकाई 4:	शिक्षण विधि (Methodology of Teaching)

Mathematics (30 Marks)

Group – D Methodology of Teaching

	a) Nature and significance of mathematics.
	b) Aims and Course Learning Outcome of Teaching Mathematics
Unit I	in school level.
Importance of	c) Historical Perspectives of mathematics.
Teaching	d) Mathematics in everyday life.
Mathematics	e) Place of mathematics in school curriculum.
	f) Correlation of Mathematics with other school subjects.
	g) Psychological theories of teaching mathematics: A brief view of
	Piaget, Dienes and Bruner.
Unit II Methods & Strategies of Teaching Mathematics	a) Methods of teaching mathematics:
	i. Inductive method,
	ii. Deductive method,
	iii. Analytic method,
	iv. Synthetic method,
	v. Problem method
	vi. Project method
	vii. Laboratory method
	b) Mathematics phobia
	c) Identification of slow learners in mathematics
	d) Remedial measures for slow learners in mathematics
	e) Identification and nurture of gifted students in mathematics
	a) Different types of teaching aids (projective and non projective)
Unit III	including calculator, computer, models.
Instructional aids	b) Teaching mathematics through – Mathematics Club, magazines,

and assistance in	Quiz, puzzles – their roles in mathematics teaching learning.
teaching	c) The mathematics laboratory: its nature and use
mathematics and	d) Good Mathematics text books: features
Evaluation	e) Good Math teacher: Qualities
	f) Importance of evaluation in mathematics.
	g) Types of evaluation in mathematics (Formative, Summative,
	Diagnostic, and prognostic)
	h) Techniques of evaluation (oral, written, achievement test,
	observation).

Suggested Readings:

- i. Agarwal S.M.– Teaching of Modern Mathematics.
- ii. Kulbir Sing Sidhu Teaching of Mathematics.
- iii. Teaching of Mathematics- C.L. Banga

Physical Science (30 Marks)

Group – D Methodology of Teaching

Unit I	a) Aims and Course Learning Outcome of Teaching
Importance of	Physical Science.
Teaching Physical	b) Qualities & Responsibilities of Physical Science
Science	Teacher
	a) Inductive and Deductive approaches
Unit II	b) Methods:
Approaches &	 Concept Development Investigatory Method.
Methods of	ii. LCD Method.
Teaching Physical	iii. Heuristic/ Discovery Method.
Science	iv. Problem Solving Method.
	v. Project Method.
	a) CAI, Electronic Media/ ICT used in lesson Demonstration
	b) Physical Science Laboratory.
Unit III	c) Popularization and Propagation of Science
	d) Improvisation of teaching-learning material.
Aspects and Evaluation in	e) Scientific Temper and Nurturance of Special Talents
	f) Qualities of a Good Physical Science Text Book
Physical Science	g) Types and Techniques of evaluation
	h) Evaluation of Physical Science Syllabus in Secondary &
	Higher Secondary level in W.B.

Suggested Readings:

- i. Innovative Science Teaching for Physical Science Teacher- Radhamohan
- ii. Modern Science teaching R.C. Sharma
- iii. Bhota Vijnan Sikshan Paddhati (In Bengali) Dr. Kamal Krishna De.

Life Science (30 Marks)

Group – D Methodology of Teaching

	 a) Aims and Course Learning Outcome of teaching Life Science at school.
Unit I	b) Relation of Life Science with other school, and in particular with Physical Science.
Importance of	c) Core concepts of Life Sciences and multi-disciplinary
Teaching Life	approaches of modern areas of Life Science like genetics, bio-
Science	technology, bio-informatics, microbiology, bio-chemistry etc.
333333	d) Life Science Teacher:
	e) Qualities & Responsibilities.
	a) Inductive and Deductive approaches
	b) Methods:
	i. Demonstration Method.
	ii. Laboratory Method
Unit II	iii. Heuristic/ Discovery Method.
Approaches,	iv. Problem Solving Method.
Methods, Aids	v. Project Method.
and Equipments	c) Visual, Audio, Audio-Visual Aids.
in Teaching Life	 d) Popularization and Propagation through –
Science	 Science Fair, Exhibition and Club
	ii. Science Magazine
	iii. Science Quiz
	iv. Field Trips & specimen collection/dissection
	v. Science museum, Zoological & Botanical gardens,
	aquarium/vivarium/terrarium.
	a) Improvisation of materials in Life Science teaching. b) Magning and scape of the concepts. Scientific Antitude
Unit III	b) Meaning and scope of the concepts – Scientific Aptitude, Scientific Temper and Nurturance of Special Talents.
Important	c) Qualities of a good Life Science Text Book.
Aspects of	d) Evaluation of Life Science Syllabus in Secondary and Higher
Teaching and	Secondary Stages in West Bengal.
Evaluation in Life	e) Types of evaluation in Life Science (Formative, Summative,
Science	Diagnostic, and prognostic)
	f) Techniques of evaluation (oral, written, achievement test,
	observation).

Suggested Readings:

- i. Teaching of Biological Science Jasim Ahmad
- ii. Modern Teaching of Life Science S.M. Zaidi

Computer Studies (30 Marks)

Group – D

Methodology of Teaching

Unit I Importance of Teaching Computer Studies Unit II Approaches & Methods of Teaching	 Generation, Types & Characteristics of Computer. Nature & Scope of Computer Studies. Aims and Course Learning Outcome of Teaching Computer Studies. Place of Computer Studies in the School Curriculum. Computer Studies Teacher: a) Qualities & Responsibilities. b) Need for Professional Orientation. Inductive and Deductive approaches Methods: Concept Dev. Inv. Method • Lecture Cum Demonstration Method • Problem Solving Method • Project Method • Laboratory Metho 		
Computer Studies Unit III Aspect and evaluation of Teaching Computer Studies	Characteristics of Good Text Book in Computer Studies. Legal & Copy Right Issues regarding Downloading Material from Inter-Net. Viruses and protection System.		
	 Viruses and protection System. Critical Evaluation of the Syllabus of the 'Modern Computer Application' prevailing in Secondary Education System in West Bengal. Computerization of School Library and Office. Importance of Mass Literacy in Computer Studies. Importance of evaluation in Computer Studies. Types of evaluation in Computer Studies (Formative, Summative, Diagnostic, and prognostic) Techniques of evaluation (oral, written, achievement test, observation). Evaluation of Computer Studies Syllabus in Higher Secondary level in W.B. 		
Unit IV (EXTRA) Use and Assistance in Teaching Computer Studies	 Brief Introduction about Operating System and types, CPU Scheduling. Basic concept about logic gates and their expressions, Use of Boolean Algebra in Computer Studies. Using Internet for Accessibility & Retrieval of Information and different types of Networks – LAN, MAN, WAN. Number system: Bits, bytes, base conversion, complement system, addition, subtraction, Fixed point, Floating Point, ASCII, BCD, EBCDIC, Excess-3,2421, Gray Code. Digital Circuit: Adder, Subtractor, Decoder, Encode, Multiplexer, De-multiplexer. Sequential circuit: Flip-flop, Register, Counter. 		

7. Into	roduction to DMBS – Data, Database, Advantages
of I	DMBS, Layered Architecture of database, Data
Ind	ependence, Data Models, Schemes and Instances,
Da	tabase languages, Database users, DBA, Data
Die	ctionary, Functional components of a DBMS,
Ent	tity, Attributes and Relationship, Keys, ER Diagram
of S	Some Examples Database.
8. Ht	ml

History (30 Marks)

Group – D Methodology of Teaching

TT24 T	a) Definition of History Aims Course Learning Outcome of	
Unit I	a) Definition of History, Aims, Course Learning Outcome of	
Concept and	Teaching History	
background of) Sources: Primary and Secondary	
Teaching History	c) Correlation of history with other subjects	
	a) Importance, Classification and Preparation of Low Cost teaching aids.	
	b) History Library, Text-Book, History Room, History Museum.	
	c) Excursion, Cinemas and Documentaries, Collateral Reading	
Unit II	(Historical Biographies, Travel Accounts, Reference Books, Historical fictions, Magazine, Journals and News Papers).	
Aids, Equipment	d) Time Scale.	
and Methods in		
Teaching History	, ,	
	f) Lecture Method	
	g) Heuristic Method	
	h) Project Method	
	i) Dramatization Method	
	j) Discussion Method	
	a) History Teacher:	
	i. Qualities and Functions of History Teacher.	
	ii. History Teacher and Controversial Issues.	
Unit III	iii. Role of History teacher in Action Research.	
Aspects of	b) Art of Questioning in History Teaching, Brain Storming	
Teaching History		
& Evaluation in	c) Importance of evaluation in History.	
	d) Types of evaluation in History (Formative, Summative,	
History	Diagnostic, and prognostic)	
	e) Techniques of evaluation (oral, written, achievement test, observation).	

Geography (30 Marks)

Group – D Methodology of Teaching

	a) Natura Canagat & Caga of Caganahy in Hyman Life and its		
	a) Nature, Concept & Scope of Geography in Human Life and its		
	Place in the School Curriculum.		
Unit I	b) Aims and Course Learning Outcome of teaching Geography.		
Importance	c) Correlation of geography with other school Subjects. Inductive		
Approaches &	and Deductive approach		
Methods of	d) Direct Observation Method and Local Study		
Teaching	e) Indirect Observation Method.		
Geography	f) Lecture Method.		
	g) Demonstration Method.		
	h) Project Method.		
	a) Maps, Graphs, models, Visual Aids, Filmstrips and Slides,		
	b) CAI, Electronic Media, Excursion & Field Study.		
	c) Geography Room & Museum, Geography Laboratory.		
Unit II	d) Organization of Geography Club.		
Aspects, Aids,	e) Geography Teacher:		
Equipments and	i. Qualities and Functions of Geography Teacher.		
Assistance in	ii. Need for Professional Orientation.		
Teaching	iii. Use of Graphs & Statistics.		
Geography	iv. Need for Environmental Awareness.		
	f) Art of Questioning in Geography Teaching, Brain Storming		
	Questions, Probing Questions		
	a) Importance of evaluation in Geography.		
	b) Types of evaluation in Geography (Formative, Summative,		
Unit III	Diagnostic, and prognostic)		
Evaluation in	c) Techniques of evaluation (oral, written, achievement test,		
Geography	observation).		
	d) Evaluation of Geography Syllabus in Secondary & Higher		
	Secondary level in W.B.		

Suggested Readings:

i. Teaching Geography- M. Boral

Political Science (30 Marks)

Group – D Methodology of Teaching

Unit I	a) His	story of Political Science as a separate field of study.
Concept and	b) Mo	odern Definitions of Political Science.
background of	c) Scope, Aims, Course Learning Outcome and Values of	
Teaching Political	Teaching Political Science.	
Science	d) Pla	ace of Political Science in School Curriculum.
	a)	Inductive and Deductive Approaches
	b)	Lecture Method
	c)	Question Answer Method
Unit II	d)	Supervised Study Method
Approaches,	e)	Project Method
Methods, Aids	f)	Discussion Method
and Assistance in	g)	Individualized Instruction Method
Teaching Political	h)	Problem Solving Method
Science	i)	Teaching Aids: Importance, Classification and Preparation
		of Low Cost teaching aids, Computer Assisted Instruction.
	j)	Text-Books, Journal and Periodicals for teaching Political
		Science, Subject Room, Subject Museum.
	a)	Political thoughts of Swami Vivekananda.
Unit III	b)	Evaluation of Political Science and Civics Syllabus with
Critical Context	special reference to West Bengal	
& Evaluation of	c) Principles of framing the Political Science Syllabus.	
Political Science	d)	Qualities and Functions of Political Science Teacher.
	e)	Art of Questioning in Political Science Teaching.

Suggested Readings:

- i. Modern Methods of Teaching Political Science Prem Lata Sharma, Swarup and Sons, New Delhi
- ii. Teaching Social Science in Schools: NCERT
- iii. Teaching Political Science Vernon Van Dyke, Humanities Press
- iv. Rstra Bijnan Sikshan Paddhati Dr. Smritikana Mazumder, Rita Publication

Education (30 Marks)

Group – D Methodology of Teaching

Unit I	a)	Definition of "Education"
Concept,	b)	Aims, Course Learning Outcome of Teaching Education.
Approaches &	c)	Correlation of Education with other subjects.
Methods of	d)	Instructional approaches: Direct, Indirect, PSI.
Teaching	e)	Lecture Method

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Education	f) Project Method
	g) Discussion Method
	h) Programmed Instructions/CAI
Unit III	a) Importance Classification and Preparation of Low Cost
	teaching aids.
Aids, Equipments and Assistance in	b) Education Library, Text-Book, Education Room, Education
	Museum.
Teaching Education	c) Excursion, Documentaries
Education	d) Use of technology in Education.
	a) Qualities and Functions of Education Teacher.
Unit III	b) Art of Questioning in Teaching Education.
Aspects &	c) Critical Analysis of Education Syllabus
Evaluation of	d) Principles of framing the "Education" Syllabus.
Teaching	e) Importance of evaluation in Education.
Education	f) Evaluation of Education Syllabus in Higher Secondary level in
	W.B.

Suggested Readings:

- i. শিক্ষা বিজ্ঞান ড. নিখিল দত্ত ও ড. চৈতন্য মন্ডল
- ii. শ্রেণীশিক্ষনে শিক্ষাবিজ্ঞান ড. চৈতন্য মন্ডল
- iii. সমাজবিজ্ঞান শিক্ষণ পদ্ধতি ড. চৈতন্য মন্ডল

Accountancy (30 Marks)

Group – D Methodology of Teaching

	b) Aims & Course Learning Outcome of teaching Accountancy.
Unit I	c) Correlation of Education with other subjects.
Concept,	d) Instructional approaches: Direct, Indirect, PSI.
Approaches &	e) Lecture Method
Methods of Teaching	f) Project Method
Accountancy	g) Discussion Method
	h) Programmed Instructions/CAI.
Unit II	a) Importance, Classification and Preparation of Low Cost teaching
Aids, Equipments	aids.
and Assistance in	b) Accountancy Text-Book, Accountancy Room, Excursion (Visit to
Teaching	profit seeking and non-profit seeking organizations).
Accountancy	c) Use of technology in Accountancy.
Unit III	a) Qualities and Functions of Accountancy Teacher.
Aspects &	b) Art of Questioning in Teaching Accountancy.
Evaluation of	c) Critical Analysis of Accountancy Syllabus
Teaching Accountancy	d) Principles of framing the Accountancy Syllabus.
Accountancy	d) Principles of framing the Accountancy Syllabus.

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e) Importance of evaluation in Accountancy.

Music (30 Marks)

Group – D Methodology of Teaching

	a) Aims and Course Learning Outcome of Teaching Music at
	Secondary and Higher Secondary Level.
Unit-I	b) Concept & Scope of Music in Human Life.
Importance of Teaching Music	c) Musical Ability, Musical aptitude, musical creativity.
reaching wusic	d) Qualities and Responsibilities of Music Teacher
	a) System of introducing music to be beginners' use of Alankaras
Unit-II	and tanas for vice- training.
Approaches &	b) Methods
Methods of	i.Demonstration method.
Teaching Music	ii.Heuristic method
8	iii.Problem solving method
	iv.Project method a) Good music text books: features.
	,
	b) Behavioural/instructional Course Learning Outcome of music
Unit-III	teaching.
Aspect, Teaching	c) Art of questioning in music teaching, Brain storming,
Aids, Equipments,	Question, Probing questions.
Assistance and	d) Principles of framing the music syllabus
Evaluation in	e) Techniques of evaluation in music (oral, written, practical,
Teaching Music	observation), Types of evaluation in music (Formative,
	Summative, Diagnostic etc)
	f) Evaluation of music syllabus in H.S level of W.B.C.H.S.E.

<u>Course – 122 & Course – 123</u>

Understanding Discipline & Pedagogy of School Subject Method-1 & Method-2 - 40 (20+20) Marks

Engagement with Field/Practicum

Practical on School Subject

(Project / Experiment)

Practical in Bengali Method (20 Marks)

- 1. Listening Comprehensions Test
- 2. Reading (aloud) Drama (pass)

Pronunciation

Stress

Modulation

Course Learning Outcome of silence

Meaningfulness

- 3. Close-Test (Reading comprehension silent Reading)
- 4. Creative writing (250 words) free writing from own choice
- 5. Planning, Organizing & Participation in Field Trip
- 6. Reading of a passage (10 lines above)

Rewritten, having no gals in between words, no punctuation marks.

Shortcut will be worked read it loudly proper accepts, stress, silence, modulation.

Practical in English Method (20 Marks)

- 1. Listening comprehension Test from recorded text
- 2. Reading (aloud) Extract from any drama
 Pronunciation, stress, modulation, suggestive pause, meaningfulness
- 3. Creative writing (in 250 words) Free writing any one topic out of five
- 4. Planning, Organizing & Participation in Field Trip
- 5. Reading comprehension Test (silent reading) A text will be supplied with gaps students will be asked to fill in the gaps either from accurate word from the text, or relevant word- Categories: (a) accurate (b) Relevant (e) inaccurate

Practical in Sanskrit Method (20 Marks)

- 1. Listening and speaking comprehension test (both Listening and speaking skill).
- 2. Reading aloud Dramatization (Proper stress, accent, modulation, punctuation, pause, meaningfulness).
- 3. Typing a text in Sanskrit software named Baraha Powerpoint presentation in Sanskrit
- 4. Creative writing (in 250 words) free writing any one out of five.
- 5. Planning, Organizing & Participation in Field Trip

6. Correction of spelling mistake with the help of proper pronunciation (specimen should be collected from modern Bengali words for correction and justification).

Practical in Hindi Method (20 Marks)

ग्रशिक्षण/कक्षा शिक्षण के दौरान गतिविधि

- । वाक एवं वाग्ययन्त्र
- 2.सृजनात्मक लेखन(250 शब्द)
- 3.वाक्य विन्यास
- 1.कक्षा शिक्षण के दौरान "कक्षा आठ के छात्रों द्वारा हिन्दी में की जाने वाली वर्तनी संबंधी अशुद्धियों को दूर करना "-इस समस्या पर क्रियात्मक शोध तैयार करें I
- 5..प्रशिक्षण के दौरान 'पश्चिम बंगाल के संदर्भ में प्रथम, द्वितीय एवं तृतीय भाषा' -विषय पर परिचर्चा का आयोजन करें I
- 5..भाषायी कौशलों से संबंधित विभिन्न प्रकार की गतिविधियां तैयार करें और उनका प्रयोग कक्षा शिक्षण के दौरान करें I
- 7.प्रशिक्षण के दौरान किसी पाठ का शिक्षणशास्त्रीय विश्लेषण करें I
- 3.कक्षा शिक्षण के दौरान खेल-खेल में विभिन्न क्रियाओं-कलापों के द्वारा व्याकरण सिखायें I
-).पाठ्य प्स्तक की समीक्षा
- 10.अन्रूपित शिक्षण (5 पाठ)

Practical in Mathematics Method (20 Marks)

- 1. To verify the sum of 1st n numbers.
- 2. To verify the Pythagoras Theorem.
- 3. To verify the angles in the same segment of a circle are equal.
- 4. To verify the value of Π
- 5. To make a cone with given slant-height and circumference.
- 6. To make cylinder with given circumference and height.
- 7. Construction of a parabola.
- 8. To measure height of an object.
- 9. To make a mathematical vocabulary.
- 10. Frequency of letters/ words in a text (graphical)
- 11. Percentage open space calculation of a room.
- 12. Planning, Organizing & Participation in Field Trip

Practical in Physical Science Method (20 Marks)

- Planning, Organizing & Participation in Field Trip
- Either from Physics (any one from each Gr. A & Gr. B) or Chemistry (any one from each Gr. A & Gr. B)

Physics: Group A

Experiment I – Demonstration of Specific Gravity of Solid/Liquid.

Experiment II – Reflection & Refraction of Light.

Experiment III – Determination of 'g'.

Experiment IV – Determination of unknown Resistance using PO Box.

Experiment V – Magnetic Lines of Force

Physics: Group B

- 1. To determine resistance per cm of a given wire plotting a graph of potential difference versus.
- 2. To find resistance of a given wire using meter bridge and hence determine the specific resistance of its materials.
- 3. To verify the laws of combination (series/ parallel) of resistances using a metre bridge.
- 4. To convert the given galvanometer (of known resistance and figure of merit) into an ammeter and voltmeter of desired range and to verify the same.
- 5. To assemble a household circuit comprising three bulbs, three (on/off) switches, a fuse and power source.
- 6. To observe refraction and lateral deviation of a beam of light incident obliquely on a glass slab.

Chemistry: Group A

Experiment I – Salt Analysis.

Experiment II – Titration.

Experiment III – Preparation Of gases – CO₂, H₂S, NH₃

Experiment IV – Preparation of In-organic compound (ferrqus ammonium sulphate, Potassium ferric oxalate).

Chemistry: Group B

- 1. Organic Chemistry: Identification of Radicals: -COOH, -OH, -NH2, -CHO, >C=0
- 2. Preparation of Organic Compounds (acetanilide, Di-benzal acetone, P-Nitroacetanilide, Iodoform)
- 3. Quantitative estimation
- 4. Using a chemical balance
- 5. Preparation standard solution of Oxalic acid.
- 6. Experiment related to pH change
- 7. Determination of pH of some solutions obtained from fruit juices varied concentrations of acids, bases using pH paper.
- 8. Comparing the pH of solutions of strong and weak acid of same concentration.

Practical in Life Science Method (20 Marks)

Planning, Organizing & Participation in Field Trip Demonstration of Laboratory Practical:

- 1. Botany or Bio-Chemistry or Zoology or Physiology (Two Practical)
- 2. Laboratory Note- Book
- 3. Project Work

4. Viva voce

Botany (Lab. Works – cutting, dissection, display etc.)

(Answer scripts – During Lab. Identification etc.)

- Demonstration of cutting of section (Root/ Stem- Monocot/ Dicot), or flower dissection
- 2. Microscopic observation of section and to show the same to the Examinee. OR T.S. of ovary and display of flower dissection
- 3. Drawing and Labeling
- 4. Identifying character of the section Or description of flower

Or **Biochemistry** (Lab. Work – demonstration + Identification Written work

- 1. Demonstration for identification of the sample (starch, glucose, fat, protein)
- 2. Written work based on identification of the food material (mentioning procedures of observation, influence of the test)

Or Zoology

- 1. Demonstration for identification of the specimen (any two)
- 2. Drawing
- 3. Writing of two identifying characters of the specimen and mention only the scientific name.

Or **Physiology**:

- 1. PFI / Blood Pressure: Demonstration in class
- 2. Written work in answer Scripts about procedure / result

Practical in Computer Studies Method (20 Marks)

- 1. Preparation of materials & programmes to inculcate computer attitude.
- 2. Analysis and Evaluation of Computer Science/Application Textbook.
- 3. Survey of Computer Science Laboratory in a school.
- 4. Evolving suitable technique(s) to evaluate laboratory work.
- 5. Visit to Community Science Centre/ Science City / Science Museum
- 6. Simulated Teaching Practical (5 lessons).
- 7. Any other decided by class teacher

Practical in History Method (20 Marks)

- 1. Numismatics:
 - (Name of the dynasty, nature of coin, issuer, metal used and weight, name of the ruler, Time, mint name, if any, Calligraphy, comments etc.).
- Inscription studies: (Brahmee, Kharastee, Greek, Arbic, Urdu, Proto -Bengali etc.).
- 3. Project on Local History
- 4. Preparation of Time-Line, Time-Graph and History maps.

5. Planning, Organizing & Participation in Field Trip

Practical in Geography Method (20 Marks)

- 1. Comparative Study of Liner, Digital and Vernier Scales.
- 2. Surveying:
- 3. Prismatic Compass Surveying
- 4. Chain Surveying
- 5. Interpretation of Topographical Sheets with Suitable morphometric Techniques.
- 6. Map Projection: Cylindrical Equal Area
- 7. Polar Zenithal Equal Area.
- 8. Instruments Study.
- 9. Maximum and Minimum Thermometer.
- 10. Hygrometer
- 11. Rain Gauge
- 12. Barometer (Fortin's and Aneroid)
- 13. Rock & Mineral Identification.
- 14. Cartograms –
- 15. Choropleth mapping Population density by screen method,
- 16. Pie-diagram Occupational structure or Land use Pattern,
- 17. Bar Diagram Male-Female population / Rural-urban population/ Production of food-grains,
- 18. Dot method and interpretation Rice & Wheat.
- 19. Statistical Diagram with interpretation: Rainfall Temperature graphs of different climatic of the World.
- 20. Planning, Organizing & Participation in Field Trip

Practical in Political Science Method (20 Marks)

- 1. Political Map, Time line
- 2. Project on Local Political Governance
- 3. Planning, Organizing & Participation in Field Trip

Practical in Education Method (20 Marks)

- 1. Team Teaching
- 2. Project work
- 3. Preparation of Timeline/Comparative Timeline
- 4. Preparation of LTM
- 5. Planning, Organizing & Participation in Field Trip

Practical in Accountancy Method (20 Marks)

- 1. Team Teaching
- 2. Project work on commercial phenomena

- 3. Preparation of LTM
- 4. Planning, Organizing & Participation in Field Trip
- 5. Industrial Survey work

Practical in Music Method (20 Marks)

- 1. Practical Demonstration & reporting of Activity
- 2. Planning, Organizing & Participation in Field Trip
- 3. Laboratory book
- 4. Practical Activities
 - (a) Raga (Secondary & H.S Level), (b) Bhajan, (c) Rabindra Sangeet (Darupada & Kheyal Style), (d) Nazrul Geeti (any one), (e) D. L. Roy, Rajanikanta, Atulprasadi song (any of each),
 - (f) One Padabali Kirtan

<u>F</u>	End
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