Curriculum for Bachelor of Education (B.Ed.) Programme

(Revised)

With effect from Session: 2024-2025



NAAC Re-Accredited - 'A'

RAMAKRISHNA MISSION SIKSHANAMANDIRA

(A NCTE recognized Autonomous Govt. Aided (WB) Post-Graduate College under the University of Calcutta)

College with Potential for Excellence (CPE), College of Teacher Education (CTE) & Swami Vivekananda Centre for Multidisciplinary Research in Educational Studies

BELUR MATH, HOWRAH - 711202, WEST BENGAL

"To me the very essence of education is concentration of mind, not the collecting of facts. If I had to do my education over again and had any voice in the matter, I would not study facts at all. I would develop the power of concentration and detachment, and then with a perfect instrument I could collect facts at will. Side by side, in the child, should be developed the power of concentration and detachment."

- Swami Vivekananda

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Table of Contents

Table of Contents	1
PURPOSE, VISION, MISSION, GRADUATE ATTRIBUTES AND PLOS OF RAMAKRISHN	
MISSION SIKSHANAMANDIRA	
PURPOSE:	
VISION:	
MISSION:	
GRADUATE ATTRIBUTES:	
PROGRAMME LEARNING OUTCOMES:	
CURRICULUM STRUCTURE AND SEMESTER WISE DISTRIBUTION OF COURSES Semester – 1	
CC111: Foundation of Education and Education in the light of Swami Vivekananda & Ramakr	
Mission	
1st Half: Foundations of Education.	9
2nd Half: Education in the light of Swami Vivekananda & Ramakrishna Mission	10
CC 112: Developmental Psychology	
1st Half: Development Across Stages.	12
2nd Half: Aspects of Development	13
CC 113:Psychology of Teaching & Instructional Technology	14
1st Half: Psychology of Teaching	14
2nd Half: Instructional Technology	15
CC 114:Yoga and Health Education - 1	17
CC115: Visual and Performing Arts in Education - 1	18
CC 116: Psychology Practical (EPC 1)	20
CC 117: School Exposure: 2 Weeks	20
Curriculum Comparison (different International, National & State school boards)	21
CC 118: Communicative Skill - 1 (EPC 2A)	21
Semester – 2	23
CC 121: Education in India (Pre-independence & Post-independence)	24
1st Half: Education in India (Pre- Independence)	24
2nd Half: Education in India (Post- Independence)	25
CC 122 & CC 123: Understanding Discipline & Pedagogy of School Subjects: Method 1 & 2	26
CC 122: First Method Subject (Method 1):	26
CC 123: Second Method Subject (Method 2):	27
CC 124: Yoga and Health Education - 2	28
CC 125: Visual and Performing Arts in Education - 2	29
CC 126: Development of Evaluative Tool (Achievement Test) (EPC -3)	31
CC 127: Micro Teaching on 1st Method (EPC 4)	31
CC 128: School Attachment: 2 weeks (School Study & Appraisal)	32
Semester – 3	33
CC 131: Evaluation & Management in Education	34
1st Half: Evaluation in Education	34
2nd Half: Management in Education.	35
CC 132: Guidance & Counseling and Curriculum Studies	36
1st Half: Guidance and Counselling	
2nd Half: Curriculum Studies	
CC 133: Integration of Advanced Technology	39

CC 134: School Internship (Phase I): 8 Weeks	40
CC 135: Learners' Study (EPC -5)	42
CC 136: Communicative Skill - 2 (EPC -2B)	42
Semester – 4	43
CC 141: Inclusive Education & Education of Children with Special Needs	44
1st Half: Inclusive Education	44
2nd Half: Education of Children with Special needs	45
CC 142: Humanistic Education (Peace Education, Value Education and Gender Studies)	47
CC 143: Special Paper (Any one to be selected)	49
143A - EDTE: Educational Technology	49
143B - POEE: Population Education.	50
143C - ENVE: Environmental Education	51
143D - COME: Comparative Education.	52
143E - WEVE: Work Education & Vocational Education.	54
143F - HEPE: Health Education and Physical Education	55
143G - EDWB: Education in West Bengal	57
CC 144: School Internship (Phase II): 8 Weeks - 200 Marks	58
CC 145: Action Research (School Internship) (EPC -5)	60
CC 146: Community Activity – 50 Marks	61
CC 147: Project on Medicinal Plants (EPC 6)	61
Annexure	62
CC 122 & CC 123: Understanding Discipline & Pedagogy of School Subject	62
CC 122: First Method Subject (Method 1):	62
CC 123: Second Method Subject (Method 2):	62
Bengali	63
English	64
Sanskrit	65
Hindi	66
Mathematics	68
Computer Studies	69
Physical Science	72
Life Science	75
History	77
Geography	
Political Science	79
Education	81
Music	82
Accountancy	93

PURPOSE, VISION, MISSION, GRADUATE ATTRIBUTES AND PLOS OF RAMAKRISHNA MISSION SIKSHANAMANDIRA

PURPOSE:

The emblem of Ramakrishna Mission, conceived and designed by Swami Vivekananda, is an eloquent expression of Ramakrishna Mission's purpose. To put it simply, the message conveyed by the emblem is – through the harmonious combination of knowledge (*jnana*), devotion (*bhakti*), work (*karma*) and concentration (*yoga*), one attains life's fulfilment. This synthesis of four yogas means that there should be a *harmonious blend of heart, head and hand* – which in fact, should be the purpose of all education and training: the making of a complete human being, the development of a perfect character. This development is possible through a manifestation of a person's innate perfection, harmonising the best elements of Eastern and Western values.

VISION:

Sikshanamandira aspires to be a pioneer teacher education institution actualizing Swami Vivekananda's educational vision by making competent and committed teachers and teacher educators and also to be a research institute that continuously responds to the changing social needs through the discovery, development and application of knowledge. The Vision of Sikshanamandira which is established, administered and run by Ramakrishna Mission Saradapitha, a branch organisation of Ramakrishna Mission, the worldwide organisation started by Swami Vivekananda, with headquarter at Belur Math, Howrah, West Bengal is a corollary of the motto of Ramakrishna Mission, *atmano mokshartham jagaddhitaya cha* which means: attainment of one's own freedom and doing good to the world.

MISSION:

- 1. Making such teachers who are equipped with a modern outlook in the tools and techniques of education and yet, are rooted in Indian cultural, moral and spiritual values.
- 2. Facilitation of autonomous research and dissemination of knowledge.
- 3. Support discovery or development of knowledge through strong M.Phil. & Ph.D. programmes and post-doctoral projects.
- 4. Inoculate interdisciplinary approach in academic and research programmes and courses.
- 5. Develop partnership with national & international institutions.

GRADUATE ATTRIBUTES:

- 1. Truth in the pursuit, generation, dissemination, and application of knowledge.
- 2. Freedom of thought and expression
- 3. Respect for diversity and the dignity of the individual
- 4. Responsibility as towards the environment and citizens of the world.
- 5. Excellence in intellectual, personal, and operational endeavours.
- 6. Integrity in character.
- 7. Innovation in thinking and application.

PROGRAMME LEARNING OUTCOMES:

After completion of the Bachelor of Education (B.Ed.) course the students will -

- 1. Learn the educational philosophy Swami Vivekananda in depth and they will be able to implement that learning in their teaching profession.
- 2. Gain the ability to incorporate all the major teaching skills up to the micro level in their classroom teaching.
- 3. Be able to adopt the necessary and relevant methods and strategies of teaching as per the classroom situation demands.
- 4. Be able to develop Learning Designs (LDs) according to the needs of their students.
- 5. Be able to prepare the Teaching Learning Materials (TLMs) meaningfully and integrate the TLMs in the classroom teaching effectively.
- 6. Attain the ability to use ICT components to deliver the contents more effectively.
- 7. Be prepared to take care of the mental health of the students.
- 8. Possess the mental acuity to identify a problem associated with academic activities of the school and find out a solution of that problem through research activities.
- 9. Be able to manage the classroom for a better teaching-learning process.
- 10. Be able to encourage students for their better health and fitness through Yoga.
- 11. Have a sense of aesthetic appreciation and can encourage their students to appreciate the sense of beauty, aesthetics in their school and daily life activities.
- 12. Be able to nurture the creativity of the students and show their students the path to express this creativity in literary skills and visual and performing arts.
- 13. Be sensitive to respond to the varied needs of the changing society in the educational scenario.
- 14. Be able to provide proper guidance to the students both in the academic and vocational areas.

CURRICULUM STRUCTURE AND SEMESTER WISE DISTRIBUTION OF COURSES

	Semester – 1							
Course Code	Course Name	Theory (T)	Practicum (P)	Full Marks	Hours (T+P)	Credit (T+P)		
CC 111	Foundation of Education & Education in the light of Swami Vivekananda & Ramakrishna Mission	80 (40+40)	20 (10+10)	100	72+25	4+1		
CC 112	Developmental Psychology	80 (40+40)	20 (10+10)	100	72+25	4+1		
CC 113	Psychology of Teaching & Instructional Technology	80 (40+40)	20 (10+10)	100	72+25	4+1		
CC 114	Yoga and Health Education - 1	30	20	50	18+25	1+1		
CC 115	Visual and Performing Arts in Education - 1	30	20	50	18+25	1+1		
CC 116	Psychology Practical (EPC 1)	-	50	50	0+50	0+2		
CC 117	School Exposure: 2 Weeks (Project on School Curriculum of different international, national & state school boards)		25	25	0+50	0+2		
CC 118	Communicative Skill - 1 (EPC 2A)	-	25	25	0+50	0+2		
	Total (Semester – 1)	300	200	500	527	25		

	Semester – 2								
Course Code	Course Name	Theory (T)	Practicum (P)	Full Marks	Hours (T+P)	Credit (T+P)			
CC 121	Education in India (Pre-independence & Post-independence)	80 (40+40)	20 (10+10)	100	72+25	4+1			
CC 122	Understanding Discipline & Pedagogy of School Subject: Method-1	80	20	100	72+25	4+1			
CC 123	Understanding Discipline & Pedagogy of School Subject: Method-2	80	20	100	72+25	4+1			
CC 124	Yoga and Health Education - 2	30	20	50	18+25	1+1			
CC 125	Visual and Performing Arts in Education - 2	30	20	50	18+25	1+1			
CC 126	Development of Evaluative Tool (Achievement Test) (EPC 3)	-	40 (20+20)	40	0+50	1+1			
CC 127	Micro Teaching on 1st Method (EPC 4)	-	35	35	0+50	0+2			
CC 128	School Attachment: 2 weeks (school study & appraisal)	-	25	25	0+50	0+2			
	Total (Semester – 2)	300	200	500	527	25			

	Semester – 3								
Course Code	Course Name	Theory (T)	Practicum (P)	Full Marks	Hours (T+P)	Credit (T+P)			
CC 131	Evaluation & Management in Education	80 (40+40)	20 (10+10)	100	72+25	4+1			
CC 132	Guidance & Counselling and Curriculum Studies	80 (40+40)	20 (10+10)	100	72+25	4+1			
CC 133	Integration of Advanced Technology	40	10	50	36+25	2+1			
CC 134	School Internship (Phase I): 8 Weeks	-	200 (100+100)	200	0+200	0+8			
CC 135	Learners' Study (EPC 5)	-	25	25	0+50	0+2			
CC 136	Communicative Skill - 2 (EPC 2B)	-	25	25	0+50	0+2			
	Total (Semester – 3)	200	300	500	555	25			

	Semester – 4							
Course Code	Course Name	Theory (T)	Practicum (P)	Full Marks	Hours (T+P)	Credit (T+P)		
CC 141	Inclusive Education and Children with Special Needs	80 (40+40)	20 (10+10)	100	72+25	4+1		
CC 142	Humanistic Education (Peace Education, Value Education and Gender Studies)	40	10	50	36+25	2+1		
CC 143	Special Paper (EDTE / POEE / ENVE / COME / WEVE / HEPE / EDWB)	40	10	50	36+25	2+1		
CC 144	School Internship (Phase II): 8 Weeks (Method- 1 & Method- 2)	-	200 (100+100)	200	0+200	0+8		
CC 145	Action Research (School Internship) (EPC 5)	-	25	25	0+50	0+2		
CC 146	Community Activity	-	50	50	0+50	0+2		
CC 147	Project on Medicinal Plants (EPC 6)	-	25	25	0+50	0+2		
	Total (Semester – 4)	160	340	500	569	25		

B.Ed. Curriculum - At a Glance							
	Theory (T)	Practicum (P)	Total Marks	Total Hours (T+P)	Total Credit (T+P)		
Semester – 1	300	200	500	527 (252+275)	25 (14+11)		
Semester – 2	300	200	500	527 (252+275)	25 (14+11)		
Semester – 3	200	300	500	555 (180+375)	25 (10+15)		
Semester – 4	160	340	500	569 (144+425)	25 (8+17)		
Grand Total	960	1040	2000	2178	100		

1 Credit for	Theory Papers (T)	Practicum Papers (P)
1 Credit for	≅ 18 Study Hours*	≅ 25 Study Hours*

^{*}Note: Hours may be adjusted as per requirements of the Curriculum

Semester – 1

	Semester – 1								
Course Code	Course Name	Theory (T)	Practicum (P)	Full Marks	Hours (T+P)	Credit (T+P)			
CC 111	Foundation of Education & Education in the light of Swami Vivekananda & Ramakrishna Mission	80 (40+40)	20 (10+10)	100	72+25	4+1			
CC 112	Developmental Psychology	80 (40+40)	20 (10+10)	100	72+25	4+1			
CC 113	Psychology of Teaching & Instructional Technology	80 (40+40)	20 (10+10)	100	72+25	4+1			
CC 114	Yoga and Health Education - 1	30	20	50	18+25	1+1			
CC 115	Visual and Performing Arts in Education - 1	30	20	50	18+25	1+1			
CC 116	Psychology Practical (EPC 1)	-	50	50	0+50	0+2			
CC 117	School Exposure: 2 Weeks (Project on School Curriculum of different international, national & state school boards)	-	25	25	0+50	0+2			
CC 118	Communicative Skill - 1 (EPC 2A)	-	25	25	0+50	0+2			
	Total (Semester – 1)	300	200	500	527	25			

CC111: Foundation of Education and Education in the light of Swami Vivekananda & Ramakrishna Mission

Theory			eory Practicum			Total		
Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours
80	4	72	20	1	25	100	5	97

1st Half: Foundations of Education

	Theory Practicum				Total			
Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours
40	2	36	10	0.5	12.5	50	2.5	48.5

Course Learning Outcome: After completion of these units the students will be able to:

- ❖ Understand the meaning of education and its different facts.
- **Comprehend the place of philosophy in education.**
- ❖ Analyse education as a social responsibility.
- ❖ Describe the meaning and implications of the curriculum.

) Concept &	& scope of education; the four pillars of education.
Unit I:) Aims of e	education: Personal, Social, Economic and National Development.
	Education	for generation, conservation and transmission of knowledge.
General	l) Agencies	of education: home, school, community and media.
Concept of		education: formal, non-formal, informal; role of various agencies
Education	in educati	
	,	ficance of Philosophy in education.
		ount of the tenets of the following schools of philosophy of
Unit II:		 Idealism, Pragmatism & Naturalism.
Philosophical	*	vance of the philosophy of the aforesaid schools in Indian
Foundation of		with regard to aim, curriculum, method of teaching, role of
Education		nd place of student.
		nal philosophy of Rabindranath Tagore, Sri Aurobindo and
	Mahatma	
		hip between Sociology and Education; Meaning and nature of
		nal Sociology and Sociology of Education, Education as a
		in social system, ii) of Socialization and iii) of Social Progress.
Unit III:	/	sues in education- Globalization, multiculturalism, secularism, for sustainable development, illiteracy, poverty, socially
Sociological and		aged groups, gender inequality.
Political		hip between Education and political development, Role of the
Foundation of		civil society in education, Constitutional goal for Indian
Education	education	
		sed approach to education: Education as a human right; Rights,
		d entitlements; Claim holders and duty bearers; Child rights.
	Cidiliis uli	a thinteness, claim notatio and day obtain, child ingino.

	a) b)		Ieaning, Nature, Scope and Methods of Educational Psychology; aterrelationship between Education and Psychology;				
	(c)	Ma	jor schools of Psychology and their contribution towards Education				
Unit IV:		1.	Structuralism,				
Psychological Psychological		2. Functionalism,					
Foundation of		3.	Behaviorism,				
Education		4.	Cognitivism,				
		5.	Gestalt,				
		6.	Constructivism, and				
		7.	Psychoanalysis.				

Suggested Readings:

- i. Philosophy and Principles of Education A. Banerjee.
- ii. Teacher in Emerging Indian Society- Safaya, Shaida, Shukla.
- iii. Philosophical and Sociological Bases of Education- S. Samuel Ravi.
- iv. An Introduction to Philosophy of Education Barrow, R. & Woods, R.
- v. A Comprehensive Study of Education- S. Samuel Ravi.
- vi. Essentials of Education Psychology S. K. Mangal.
- vii. Sri Aurobindo and The Mother on Education.
- viii. Integrated Education: P. Sam. Daniel, Rachel K. Daniel.
- ix. Perspective on Nai Talim: S. V. Prabhath
- x. Siksha: R. N. Tagore.

Engagement with Field/Practicum – 10 Marks

- 1. Preparation of Timeline & reporting based on major schools of philosophy.
- 2. Preparation of Timeline & reporting based on different schools of philosophy of education.
- 3. Preparation of Timeline & reporting based on different social issues in education.

2nd Half: Education in the light of Swami Vivekananda & Ramakrishna Mission

Theory		I	Practicum	1	Total			
Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours
40	2	36	10	0.5	12.5	50	2.5	48.5

Course Learning Outcome: After completion of these units the students will be able to:

- The trainees will become conversant with Vivekananda's life and his unique contribution to educational through and practice, in the context of the present age.
- ❖ They will analytically grasp the essential components of Vivekananda's educational thought.
- They will be acquainted with Swami Vivekananda's thoughts on issues of contemporary to Indian education.
- They will be able to situate Swami Vivekananda's educational ideas within the spectrum of recent Indian educational thinking through a comparative study with other prominent Indian Educators.

Contents

	a)	Life and personality of Swami Vivekananda: a brief sketch.
	b)	Swami Vivekananda's perspectives on – the causes of India's downfall
		way to regeneration, education – the panacea.
Unit I:	c)	UNESCO & Swami Vivekananda with reference to Federico Mayor's
		(Director General, UNESCO) speech in 1993.
Vivekananda,	d)	Swami Vivekananda's twin central definitions of education:
Education and the 21st Century		i) 'Education is the manifestation of the perfection already in man' with
21" Century		reference to 'Learning the Treasure within' - Delors' Commission report
		to UNESCO.
		ii) 'Education is the nervous association of ideas' a neuropsychological
		approach.
	a)	Practical Vedanta as the theoretical background to Swami
Unit II:		Vivekananda's philosophy of education
Essential	b)	Aim of Education, Holistic development of the personality – physical,
components of		intellectual, emotional and spiritual development.
Swami	c)	Curriculum – Science and spirituality, values based on divinity of the soul, practical value of education, positive and strengthening ideas.
Vivekananda's	d)	Method – Concentration, assimilation of ideas, service as a way of life.
Educational	e)	Role of the teacher qualities of a good teacher, ideal of
Thought		gurugrihavasa.
	a)	Flaws in the prevailing system of education
	b)	Mass education
Unit III:	(c)	Women's education
Swami	d)	Technical and vocational education
Vivekananda on	e)	Music and art
Issues of	f)	Harmony of religions
Contemporary Relevance	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ g \end{pmatrix}$	Culture and education
Relevance	h)	National roots for an educational philosophy
	a)	Vision & Mission
Unit IV:	b)	History
Ramakrishna	(c)	Ideals
Mission: ideals and	1 ′	Activities
activities	d)	
	e)	Contribution to Education

Suggested Readings:

- i. My India: My India Eternal: Swami Vivekananda: RKM Institute of culture, Golpark.
- ii. Siksha Prasanga: Swami Vivekananda.
- iii. Integral Education: Swami Vivekananda Educational Vision: Swami Bhajanananda.
- iv. Vedanta & Vivekananda: Swami Swahananda.
- v. Practical Vedanta: Swami Vivekananda
- vi. Ramakrishna Math and Ramakrishna Mission their History, Ideals and Activities: The General Secretary, Ramakrishna Math and Ramakrishna Mission, Belur Math, Howrah

Engagement with Field/Practicum – 10 Marks

- 1. Preparation of a brief outline of life and personality of Swami Vivekananda
- 2. Preparation of Report on Swami Vivekananda & UNESCO
- 3. Preparation of A Comparative outline between Swami Vivekananda and other Prominent Indian Educators

CC 112: Developmental Psychology

	Theory		I	Practicun	1	Total		
Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours
80	4	72	20	1	25	100	5	97

1st Half: Development Across Stages

	Theory		Practicum			Total			
Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours	
40	2	36	10	0.5	12.5	50	2.5	48.5	

Course Learning Outcome: The student-teachers will be able to:

- **•** *Understand the theoretical bases of learning from different perspectives.*
- ❖ Understand the process of Human Development.
- ***** *Understand the learner's differences.*
- Develop perception about the learning process.

	a) Concept and recent trends in educational psychology.
	b) Concept of growth and development.
Unit I:	c) Development – physical, social, cognitive, emotional; their relevance to
Educational	education.
Psychology &	d) Different stages of development- infancy, childhood, adolescence,
Human	adulthood.
development	e) Adolescence - physical development, cognitive development, emotional development.
	f) Needs and problems of adolescents, their guidance and counselling.
	a) Cognitive development- Piaget's theory
	b) Psycho-sexual development – Freud's Theory.
	c) Psychosocial development – Erikson's theory of psychosocial
Unit II:	development.
Theories of	d) Moral and pro-social development- Kohlberg's theory.
Development	e) Development of self-concept and personal identity.
	f) Communication and speech development- paralinguistic and
	linguistic stages of development.
	a) How the self-concept develops.
Unit III:	b) Self-Esteem: the evaluative components of 'Self'.
Development of Self-Concept	c) Development of Academic self-concept.
of Sen-Concept	d) Cultural influences of self-concept.
	a) Concept of Personality, Type and Trait approaches of Personality.
T I • (TX)	b) Type theories (Jung, Hippocrates, Kretschmer, Sheldon).
Unit IV:	c) Trait theories (Allport, Cattell's 16 PF, Eysenck, McCrae & Costa,
Development of Personality	Rogers, Erikson).
of I ci sonanty	d) Measurement of Personality (Self-Reporting, Projective & Non-
	Projective techniques).

Suggested Reading:

- i. Essentials of Educational Psychology S.K. Mangal
- ii. Advanced Education Psychology S.K. Mangal
- iii. Psychology of Learning and Development J.C. Aggarwal
- iv. Advanced Educational Psychology S.S.Chouhan
- v. Developmental Psychology: Childhood & Adolescence David R. Shaffer & Katherine kipp

Engagement with Field/Practicum – 10 Marks

- 1. Observe the various age group children (Early childhood, later childhood, Adolescent) in various situations like in the classroom, playground, at home, with parents, friends, siblings and list down the characteristics of them in physical, social, emotional and intellectual domain.
- 2. Find out the plug-in points from your school subjects and link it with the components of Adolescence Education. Also plan out supplementary co-curricular activities for the same
- 3. Observe some successful individuals and list down the behavioural traits of their personalities which impress you.
- 4. List down different development behaviours of learners which you could identify from the classroom and out-side classroom. Take interviews of a few and try to understand the factors that may be responsible for their behaviour.

2nd Half: Aspects of Development

Theory			Practicum			Total		
Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks Credit Hours		Marks	Credit	Hours	
40	2	36	10	0.5	12.5	50	2.5	48.5

Course Learning Outcome: The student-teachers will be able to:

- Get a basic idea of Attention, attitude, and Interest and their classroom implication.
- Get motivational aspects of development from a theoretical background.
- ❖ Acquainted with theoretical development of intelligence and intelligence tests.
- Find mechanisms to identify and nurture creative children.

***	a)	Instincts and Emotions.
Unit I:	b)	Attitude and attachment.
Various aspects	c)	Concept of attention, determinants of attention and their
related to		classroom application.
development	d)	Attention span and its fluctuation, distraction.
development	e)	Interest and its relation with attention.
	a)	Concept and Types.
Unit II:	b)	Theories of Motivation- Maslow, Weiner and McClelland.
Motivation	c)	Factors affecting motivation: Self-efficacy, locus of control, anxiety,
1,100,140,1011		curiosity, interest, classroom environment.

	a)	Concept and nature.
	b)	Theories of Intelligence (Guilford, Thurston and Gardner).
Unit III:	c)	Measurement of intelligence (Verbal and non-verbal
Intelligence		tests of intelligence).
Intelligence	d)	Intelligence Quotient and education.
	e)	Emotional Intelligence.
Unit IV:	a)	Concept of creativity
	b)	The components & process of creativity.
Creativity	c)	Identification and nurturance of creativity.

Suggested Readings:

- i. Essentials of Educational Psychology S.K. Mangal
- ii. Advanced Education Psychology S.K. Mangal
- iii. Psychology of Learning and Development J.C. Aggarwal
- iv. Advanced Educational Psychology S.S.Chouhan
- v. Developmental Psychology: Childhood & Adolescence David R. Shaffer & Katherine Kipp

Engagement with Field/Practicum – 10 Marks

- 1. Visit a school, identify a few students in some classes who seem to be inattentive, Interview them and find out the factors responsible for their fluctuation & distraction. By talking with them try to identify their areas of Interests.
- 2. Interview with five learners in any school to find how they motivate in terms of need fulfilment
- 3. Interview with five high achievers in any classroom to find out their process of creative works.

CC 113:Psychology of Teaching & Instructional Technology

Theory		I	Practicun	1	Total			
Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours
80	4	72	20	1	25	100	5	97

1st Half: Psychology of Teaching

Theory		I	Practicun	1	Total			
Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours
40	2	36	10	0.5	12.5	50	2.5	48.5

Course Learning Outcome: After undergoing the course content, the student-teacher will be able to:

- Understand the process of teaching
- ❖ Understand and efficiently use different models of teaching Theories of teaching,
- Engage in teaching with proper approach.
- ❖ Develop skills required for teaching.

Contents

	a) Concept, nature, characteristics & Scope
Unit I:	b) Differences among Teaching, Training & Conditioning
	c) Factors affecting teaching, Maxims of teaching.
Concept of	d) Strategies of Classroom Teaching – Teacher-centric, Learner- centric &
Teaching	ICT- based.
	e) Role of teacher in effective teaching.
Unit II:	a) Meaning & nature of theory of teaching
	b) Scope & significance of theory of teaching.
Theories of	, , ,
Teaching	c) Types of teaching theories- Formal, Descriptive, and Normative.
Unit III:	a) Levels of Teaching: memory, understanding and reflective.
	b) Phases of teaching task: pre-active, interactive and post active.
Levels &	c) Task of teaching: meaning, definition and variables in teaching task.
Approaches of	d) Approaches to teaching: Conceptual & Investigator Approaches,
Teaching	Inductive & Deductive approaches.
Unit IV:	a) Concept Attainment Model (CAM)
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Models of	b) Advance Organizer Model (AOM)
Teaching	c) Inquiry Training Model (ITM)

Suggested Reading:

- i. Ram, N. S. & Chandra, S.S (2003) Advanced Educational Technology. New Delhi: Atlantic Publishers & Distributors.
- ii. Salandanan, G. G (2008), Teaching Approaches & Strategies. Philippines: Katha Publishing Co. Inc.
- iii. Mangal, S.K & Mangal, U (2009), Essentials of Educational Technology. New Delhi: PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.

Engagement with Field/Practicum – 10 Marks

- 1. Presentation of Innovative Teaching
- 2. Designing a lesson based on any one model of teaching.
- 3. Development of e-content/e-module

2nd Half: Instructional Technology

Theory		Practicum			Total			
Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours
40	2	36	10	0.5	12.5	50	2.5	48.5

Course Learning Outcome: The student-teachers will be able to:

- **�** *Understand the theoretical bases of Instruction.*
- Understand bases of Instructional Designs.
- ❖ Develop perception about Approaches to Instruction.
- ❖ Develop understanding about Classroom Management with skills of teaching.

Contents

Unit I: Concept of Instruction & Instructional Objectives	 a) Concept, nature, types of Instruction. b) Guidelines of Designing Instructional Systems. c) Concept of Educational & Instructional Objectives. d) Revised Taxonomy of instructional Objectives (cognitive, affective and psychomotor). 					
Unit II:	 a) Meaning and Types (objective based, skill based, competency based, learner style based, value based). 					
Instructional Design	b) Approaches to instructional design (training psychology, cybernetic psychology, system analysis).c) Direct instruction and indirect instruction.					
Unit III: Approaches & Strategies to Instruction	 a) Approaches & Strategies to Instruction: Constructivist approach, Cooperative and Group Discussion, Games, Debate, Quiz and Seminar. b) Individualized & Group Instruction. c) Designs of Instructions: Skinner, Gagne & Markle. d) Web-based instruction, Multimedia, CD-ROM, Intelligent Tutoring system (ITS). 					
Unit IV: Skills of Teaching	 a) Skills of Teaching: Concept, definition & features. b) Development of different Teaching skills. c) Modification of Teacher Behaviour- Flanders Interaction Analysis of Category System (FIACS). d) Team Teaching, Micro Teaching & Simulated Teaching. e) Programmed Instruction & Computer Assisted Instruction. 					

Suggested Reading:

- i. Agarwal, J. C. (2001), principles, methods and techniques of teaching. Delhi: Vikas Pub. House.
- ii. Ram, N. S. & Chandra, S.S (2003) Advanced Educational Technology. New Delhi: Atlantic Publishers & Distributors.
- iii. Salandanan, G. G (2008), Teaching Approaches & Strategies. Philippines: Katha Publishing Co. Inc.
- iv. Mangal, S.K & Mangal, U (2009), Essentials of Educational Technology. New Delhi: PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- v. Siddiqui, M.H & Khan, M.S (2007). Models of Teaching Theory and Research. New Delhi: APH Publishing Corporation.

Engagement with Field/Practicum – 10 Marks

- 1. Preparation and presentation of ICT-based TLM
- 2. Programming of CAI & WBI
- 3. Development of e-content/e-module

CC 114: Yoga and Health Education - 1

Theory			Practicum			Total			
Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours	
30	1	18	20	1	25	50	2	43	

Course Learning Outcome: The student-teachers will be able to:

- * Relate why Yoga education is significant in one's life.
- ❖ Concept of eight limbs of Patanjali Yoga.
- ❖ Aware of guidelines of yogic practices.
- ❖ Know the health principles through the medium of Yoga.
- ❖ Know about fitness with reference to yogic practices.
- ❖ How to manage psychological problems in school children and other people.
- **Explain** the meaning and dimensions of an integrated personality.
- **Explain** how the practice of yoga can help you develop an integrated personality.
- Discuss the concept of stress in terms of its causes, symptoms and consequences.
- * Relate the role or contribution of yoga practices in coping with stress.
- ❖ Elucidate the concept if self-development and the role of human values

	a) Yoga - meaning, scope & initiation				
	b) Aim and Objectives of Yoga				
Unit I:	c) History and development of Yoga				
	d) Ashtanga Yoga				
Introduction to	e) Stream of Yoga				
Yoga and their	f) General guidelines for yogic practices				
practices	g) Mood disturbance, Drug addiction, Phobia and anti social character- Their Yogic management.				
	h) Yoga and ageing, social problems.				
Unit II:	a) Concept of health, Spectrum and determinants of health				
	b) Aim and objective of Health education				
Concept of health	c) Health service and guidelines instruction for guidance and counseling				
in perspective of	d) Needs of Yoga for positive health				
Yoga	e) Need of warming up and cooling down before and after yogic practices				
Unit: III	a) Stress – a yogic perspective				
	b) Yoga as a way of life to cope with stress				
Stress and stress	c) Yogic practices for stress management				
management in	d) Cyclic meditation for stress management				
perspective of Yoga	e) Concept of load				
	a) Meaning, Definition and Scope of physical Education				
	b) Aim and Objective of Physical Education				
Unit IV:	c) Relationship between Physical Education and Yoga Education				
Concept of Physical	d) Role and significance of Yoga in Physical Education				
Education in	e) Concept of fitness				
perspective of Yoga	f) Component of health related fitness and performance related fitness				
	g) Sports management system in school, college and university				
	h) Community based physical education and sports programmes				

Suggested Readings:

- i. Raj Yoga: Swami Vivekananda.
- ii. Bhagavad Gita.
- iii. Contemporary Health Education and Yoga: Dr.Kanhaiya Kumar Singha
- iv. Yoga Sutras of Patanjali
- v. Hatha Yoga Pradipika : Syatmaram.
- vi. Health, Yoga And Physical Education: Dr.H. L. Khatri, Dr. Suman Lata

Engagement with Field/Practicum – 20 Marks

- 1. Practices of Asanas, Pranayamas, Bandhas and Kriyas
- 2. Practice of Surya Namaskar
- 3. Preparation of Teaching Aids on Yoga
- 4. Visit to Yoga Ashramas and Centres

CC115: Visual and Performing Arts in Education - 1

Theory			Practicum			Total			
Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours	
30	1	18	20	1	25	50	2	43	

Course Learning Outcome: The student-teachers will be able to:

- Understand the use of 'Drama' as Pedagogy.
- ❖ *Use 'Role play' technique in the teaching learning process.*
- ❖ *Understand the importance of dramatic ways of presentation.*
- ❖ Integrate singing method in teaching learning process.
- Understand various 'Dance forms' and their integration in educational practices.
- ❖ *Use the art of drawing and painting in the teaching learning process.*
- Develop creativity through different creative art forms.
- ❖ *Understand the efficacy of different art forms in education.*

Contents

	a) Drama as a tool of learning.
	b) Different forms of Drama.
Unit- I:	c) Role play and Simulation.
Drama and its	d) Use of Drama for Educational and Social change (Street play,
Fundamentals	Dramatization of a lesson).
	e) Use of Drama Techniques in the Classroom: voice and speech, mime and
	movements, improvisation, skills of observation, imitation and presentation.
Unit- II:	a) Terminology- Dhoni, Nada, Shruti, Sur, Swara, Saptak, Thata, Aroha,
	Avaroha, Pakar, Badi, Sambadi.
Music (Gayan and	b) Process of Musical practice.
Vadan)	c) Concept of Musical Instruments and uses of Harmonium & Tanpura.

18

	d) Knowledge of Hindustani Tals and Rabindranath Tagore's created Tals.
	e) Life sketch of- Rabindranath Tagore, Nazrul Islam, Rajanikanta Sen,
	Atulprasad Sen, Dwijendralal Roy.
	f) Composition of Poems.
	a) Colours, Strokes and Sketching—Understanding of various means
	and perspectives.
Unit- III:	b) Use of drawing and painting in education—chart making, Poster making,
Drawing	Match stick drawing and other forms.
Drawing	c) Arts in practice.
	d) Different types of Visual Arts.
	a) Different forms of Painting—Warli art, Madhubani art, Wall painting
	(Mural), Glass painting, Fabric painting and various forms of
	painting.
Unit- IV:	b) History of paintings Bengal Art tradition—Pata painting, Kalighat
Cint-1v.	painting, Company School, Bengal School, Rabindranath Tagore,
Painting	Abanindranath Tagore, Gaganendranath Tagore, Sunayani Devi,
	Nandalal Bose, Jamini Roy, Binod bihari Mukhopadhyay, Gopal Ghosh,
	Jainul Abedin, Chittaprosad Bhattacharya, Somnath Hore, Ganesh
	Pyne, Jogen Choudhury.

Suggested Reading:

- i. Theory of Drama by A.Nicoll
- ii. Natya Kala by Dhirubhai Thakar
- iii. Natya lekhan by Dhananjay Thakar
- iv. Natak desh videsman by Hasmukh Baradi
- v. Gujarati theatre no Itihas by Baradi Hasmukh
- vi. Acting is Believing by Charls Mc.Gaw
- vii. Art of Speech by Kethlin Rich
- viii. Natya Sahity na swaroopo by Nanda kumar pathak
- ix. Bhavai by Sudahaben Desai
- x. Bhavai by Krishnakant Kadkiya
- xi. Natya Manjari saurabh by G.K.Bhatt
- xii. Kramik Pustak Malika by Pt. Bhatkhande
- xiii. Abhinav Geet Manjari by Ratanjankar
- xiv. NCERT, (2006). Position Paper by National Focus Group on Arts, Music, Dance and Theatre
- xv. The meaning of Art- Herbert Reed
- xvi. Kolkatar Chitrakala- Ashoke Bhattarcharjee
- xvii. Bangala Chitrakala- Ashoke Bhattarcharjee
- xviii. Sai Chobi- Nikhilesh Banerjee
- xix. Charukala Parichiti- A.K.M. Atikur Raheman
- xx. Banglar Bir Yodhay (Raibenshe)- Gurusaday Dutta
- xxi. Shilpo o Shilpi- Shree Krishnalal Das(Paschimbanga Rajya Pustak Parshad)
- xxii. Shilpo Charcha- Nandalal Bose
- xxiii. Dirshti o Sirshti- Nandalal Bose
- xxiv. Charukala Patrika- Edition 1,2,3,4,5 etc. (Paschimbanga Rajya Pustak Parshad)
- xxv. Natya Shastrya Acharya Bharata

Engagement with Field/Practicum – 20 Marks

- Develop a script of any lesson in any subject of your choice to perform a Play / Drama.
- Develop a script for the street play focusing on "Girl's education and Women empowerment".
- Prepare a script based on some Socio-political issues.
- Prepare a pictorial monograph on "Various folk dances of West Bengal".
- Prepare a pictorial monograph on "Various Dance forms in India".
- Prepare a calendar chart on "Various Musical Instruments in India".
- Develop an Audio CD based on newly composed Poems of Bengali/English language.
- Prepare some useful, productive and decorative models out of the west materials.
- Visit the Faculty of Performing Arts in your city and prepare a detailed report on its multifarious functioning.
- Organise a competition on some Decorative / Performing Art forms in the school during your School Internship programme and prepare a report on it.
- Organise a workshop on some selected Creative Art forms in the school during your School Internship programme and prepare a report on it.
- Develop a creative design based on your choice for CD Cover or Book cover.
- Develop a design or picture based on collage work.

CC 116: Psychology Practical (EPC 1)

Theory		Practicum			Total			
Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks Credit Hour		
-	-	-	50	2	50	50	2	50

List of Psychology Practical Topic:

- a) Measurement of Intelligence (Verbal-WAIS Scale and Nonverbal- Block Design, Cube Construction).
- b) Testing Personality Traits (Cattell's 16 PF).
- c) Measuring Levels of Anxiety (by any standardised test).
- d) Measuring introversion by any standard and Inventory kindness.
- e) Measuring adjustment by any standard adjustment Inventory
- f) Attitude/ Interest.
- g) Self-concept assessment by administering standard scale.
- h) Measuring creativity by and standard activity scale.
- i) Measuring Motivation by and standard motivation scale.
- i) Long term Memory Test by C. B. Dwivedi.

CC 117: School Exposure: 2 Weeks

Theory		Practicum			Total			
Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks Credit Hour		
-	-	-	25	2	50	25	2	50

Curriculum Comparison (different International, National & State school boards)

School exposure will be of based on activities/ observations:

- ❖ The mode of engagement of School Internship will depend on the stages of teacher preparation in different semesters. The twenty weeks school internship programme may start with school exposure and subsequently it shall be in the form of short term school attachment and finally of the school internship of longer duration.
- ❖ The School Exposure Programme, within twenty weeks of school internship programme, shall be carried out during the first semester in local/nearby school or in needed schools.
- ❖ Efforts shall be made to provide exposure to as many types of schools as possible. They will be required to study the school curriculum of :
 - ➤ International Boards like IGCSE, IB etc.
 - ➤ National boards like CBSE, CISCE etc.
 - > State Boards like WBSE, WBCHSE, WBBME etc.
- A student teacher (or a group of student teachers) needs to visit those schools and a brief orientation programme can be arranged before sending the student teachers to schools to acquaint them with the objectives and modalities of such a programme.
- ❖ The student teachers shall do a project specifically on different school curricula of various boards. After completion of this school exposure programme, student teachers shall be required to submit the said project report to the institution.

CC 118: Communicative Skill - 1 (EPC 2A)

Theory			Practicum			Total			
Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours	
-	-	-	25	2	50	25	2	50	

Course outline:

Language is the most commonly used medium of communication in all spheres of human existence- personal, social and professional. A language is never an independent and self-sufficient set of signs. It is very much connected to the physical world where it operates. Considering the significance of the language as a tool for global communication, the course aims to develop and enhance the linguistic, grammatical, strategic and communicative competence of the learners. The focus is on honing the skills of reading, writing, listening and speaking.

Contents

Unit- I: Introduction to Communication	 a) Purpose of communication, Process of communication b) Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing Skills c) Advantages of verbal Communication d) Significance of non verbal communication;
Communication	e) Barriers to communication
Unit- II:	a) Meetings: Nature and Types,
Meetings	b) Conducting, Meetings: Organization and Proceduresc) Notice and Agenda for a Meeting, Preparing the Minutes of a Meeting
Unit- III: Employment	 a) Writing Business Letters, Memo, Notices and Circulars b) Preparing a CV or Résumé, Creating a Online Profile (LinkedIn Résume) a) Writing Empile: types, convention, and atiquette
Communication	c) Writing Emails: types, convention, and etiquette.

Suggested Reading:

- i. Improve your Communication Skills Barker, A.
- ii. Developing Communication Skills Mohan, K & Banerjee, M.
- iii. Effective Communication and Soft skills Bhatnagar, N. & Bhatnagar, M.
- iv. CVs and Job Applications.- Judith Leigh Oxford University Press, 2002.

Semester – 2

	Seme	ster – 2				
Course Code	Course Name	Theory (T)	Practicum (P)	Full Marks	Hours (T+P)	Credit (T+P)
CC 121	Education in India (Pre-independence & Post-independence)	80 (40+40)	20 (10+10)	100	72+25	4+1
CC 122	Understanding Discipline & Pedagogy of School Subject: Method-1	80	20	100	72+25	4+1
CC 123	Understanding Discipline & Pedagogy of School Subject: Method-2	80	20	100	72+25	4+1
CC 124	Yoga and Health Education - 2	30	20	50	18+25	1+1
CC 125	Visual and Performing Arts in Education - 2	30	20	50	18+25	1+1
CC 126	Development of Evaluative Tool (Achievement Test) (EPC 3)	-	40 (20+20)	40	0+50	1+1
CC 127	Micro Teaching on 1st Method (EPC 4)	1	35	35	0+50	0+2
CC 128	School Attachment: 2 weeks (school study & appraisal)	-	25	25	0+50	0+2
	Total (Semester – 2)	300	200	500	527	25

CC 121: Education in India (Pre-independence & Post-independence)

Theory		Practicum			Total			
Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours
80	4	72	20	1	25	100	5	97

1st Half: Education in India (Pre- Independence)

Theory		Practicum			Total			
Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours
40	2	36	10	0.5	12.5	50	2.5	48.5

Course Learning Outcome: After undergoing the course content, the student-teacher will be able to:

- * The characteristics of education in ancient India.
- ❖ The characteristics and development of education in mediaeval India.
- ❖ The milestones of educational development in India in the British period.

	1			
	Synoptic study of Vedic, Brahmanic, Buddhist and Jain Education in Ancient			
	India With respect to:			
	a. Aims and Objectives			
Unit I:	b. Subjects of Study			
Ancient Period	c. Methods of teaching including teacher-pupil relationship			
7 Americant 1 criod	d. Evaluation System			
	e. Centre of Learning			
	f. Education of Women			
	A brief study of education in Sultan and Mughal periods in India with special			
	Reference to:			
	. Aims and Objectives			
Unit II:	b. Subjects of Study			
M 1. 1D . 1	c. Methods of teaching including teacher-pupil relationship			
Mediaeval Period	d. Evaluation System			
	e. Centre of Learning			
	f. Education of Women			
	a. Early Missionary Activities			
	b. Charter Act - 1813, Oriental and Occidental controversy			
Unit III:	c. Macaulay's Minute - 1935			
British Period	d. Adams report - 1835-38			
(Before 1900)	e. Education Despatch - 1854			
, ,	f. Stanley's Despatch – 1859			
	g. Education Commission – 1882			

	a.	Lord Curzon with reference to University Commission - 1902 and University Act- 1904.
TT24 TX7.	b.	Sadler Commission – 1917
Unit IV:	c.	Origin and Development of CABE
British Period	d.	Hartog Committee Report - 1929
(After 1900)	e.	Wood Abott report – 1937
	f.	Wardha Scheme - 1937
	g.	Sargent Committee Report – 1944

Engagement with Field/Practicum – 10 Marks

- Field visit to heritage institutes to make reports.
- Preparing a presentation on the rich cultural heritage of India.

2nd Half: Education in India (Post- Independence)

Theory		Practicum			Total			
Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours
40	2	36	10	0.5	12.5	50	2.5	48.5

Course Learning Outcome: After undergoing the course content, the student-teacher will be able to:

- ❖ The educational provisions of Indian Constitution,
- ❖ Important recommendations as given by various education commissions in post-independent India
- Recent initiatives in India education
- ❖ The contemporary issues related to Indian educational context.

Unit I:	a.	Fundamental Rights
Omt 1.	b.	Directive Principles of State Policy
Educational	c.	Fundamental Duties
provision in Indian Constitution	d.	Centre-State Relationship
	a.	Radhakrishnan Commission – 1948-49
Unit II:	b.	Mudaliar Commission - 1952-53
D 14	c.	Kothari Commission – 1964-66
Recommendations of different	d.	National Education Policy – 1986, POA – 1992
commissions	e.	National Education Policy - 2020 with special reference to School
		Education.

	a.	Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan – 2000
******	b.	National Curriculum Framework - 2005
Unit III:	c.	Rashtriya Madhyamik Shiksha Abhiyan – 2009
Recent Initiatives in	d.	Right to Education Act - 2009
Indian Education	e.	Knowledge Commission – 2009 (In brief)
	f.	Rashtriya Uchchatar Shiksha Abhiyan (2013)
	a.	Women Education – Problems and Recommendations of
		Commissions & Committees.
***	b.	Teacher Education – Role of NCTE.
Unit IV:	c.	Technical and Vocational Education – problems & suggestions.
Contemporary	d.	Adult education – Problems and suggestions.
Issues in Education	e.	Open & Distance Education – Concept, Features & problems.
	f.	Education for socially and economically disadvantaged sections of society.

Engagement with Field/Practicum - 10 Marks

- Study the impact of the Right to Education Act on schools.
- Critical Analysis of Different Committees and Commissions on Education.
- Preparation of a status report on Women Education/ Teacher Education/ Technical and Vocational Education/ Adult education/ Open & Distance Education.

Suggested Readings:

- i. Milestones in Ancient, Mediaeval Education in India B.R. Purkait
- ii. Milestones in Modern Indian Education B.R. Purkait
- iii. Ancient Indian Education Nrisingha Prasad Mukhopadhyay
- iv. Ancient Indian Education R.K. Mukherjee
- v. Landmarks in the Modern Indian Education J.C. Aggarwal
- vi. Milestones in Modern Indian Education B.R. Purkait.
- vii. Modern Indian Education Planning & Development B.B. Bhatt
- viii. History of Education in India B. N. Dash
- ix. Modern India Education: Policies, Progress & Problems C.P.S. Chauhan
- x. Educational reforms in India for the 21st century J.C. Aggarwal

CC 122 & CC 123: Understanding Discipline & Pedagogy of School Subjects: Method 1 & 2

[Bengali, English, Sanskrit, Hindi, Mathematics, Physical Science, Life Science, Computer Studies, History, Geography, Political Science, Education, Accountancy, and Music]

CC 122: First Method Subject (Method 1):

Theory		l	Practicun	1	Total			
Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours
80	4	72	20	1	25	100	5	97

CC 123: Second Method Subject (Method 2):

Theory		Practicum			Total			
Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours
80	4	72	20	1	25	100	5	97

Course Learning Outcome: The student-teachers will be able to:

- ❖ Reflect on the nature and role of disciplinary knowledge
- ❖ Understand the role of such disciplinary knowledge in the overall schema of the school curriculum.
- ❖ Be aware of the emergence of various disciplines
- Develop among the teacher trainees an understanding of the subject as a discipline.
- ❖ Acquainted with pedagogical analysis.
- ❖ *Able to prepare pedagogical notes for subject teaching.*
- ❖ Familiar with different methods and approaches of subject teaching.
- ❖ Acquainted with evaluation tools and techniques in subject teaching.
- ❖ *Able to find the important aids in subject teaching.*

Groups	Contents		Marks			
Group A Understanding Discipline and School Subject	 Nature and Characteristics of a Discipline Emergence of Various Disciplines Merger of Various Disciplines Interrelation and Interdependence amongst various School subjects Objectives, scope and nature of school subjects Different strategies used for respective school subjects. 					
Group B	Critical Appraisal of Subject Content Selected Subject Contents from Class VI-XII (See the Annex)	<u>ure)</u>	10			
	Focus Area	Marks				
	Division of the unit into suitable sub-units specifying the number of periods.	2				
	The brief essence of the sub-unit	2				
	Previous knowledge	2				
Group C	Appropriate instructional objectives in behavioural terms	3				
Dodogogiaal	The broad method of teaching	2				
Pedagogical Analysis of	Learning Teaching Materials	2	30			
the School	Two probing questions with probable answers	2				
Subject	Illustration of the concepts with examples/analogies/contrasts	2				
Content	Teaching aids	2				
	Criterion Based Test (at least six items) preceded by a table specification	6				
	Theoretical argument for inclusion in the school curriculum	2				
	Relevance of the topic from practical view persists in real-life situation	3				
Group D	Pedagogy of School Subject (See the Annexure)		30			
Practical on So	chool Subject (Project / Experiment) (See the Annexure)		20			
Total Marks			100			

CC 124: Yoga and Health Education - 2

Theory		Practicum			Total			
Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours
30	1	18	20	1	25	50	2	43

Course Learning Outcome: After undergoing the course content, the student-teacher will be able to:

- ❖ Know about the different culture and Indian culture of Yoga.
- ❖ Describe the Indian philosophy of Yoga.
- * Role of Yoga on Indian philosophy.
- ❖ *Inculcate value education among people.*
- ❖ Elucidate the concept of self-development and the role of human beings.
- ❖ Know the traditional concept of value education
- ❖ Know the Need, Importance and application of anatomy and physiology in Yoga.
- ❖ Know about the Structure and functions of cells and tissue.
- * *Knowledge on the internal body system.*
- Enhance knowledge on yogic diet in relation to nutrition.
- ❖ *Know about the modern view of therapy.*
- ♦ How to prevent and cure physical disorder and psychological disorder through yoga practices.

	a)	Understanding of culture and civilization				
Unit I:	b)	Yoga Culture and Humanitarianism, Indian Culture of Yoga				
Yogic Culture and	c)	Characteristics of Indian philosophy, shad darshanas				
Philosophy	d)	Role of Yoga on Indian philosophy, Traditional philosophies and relation				
I mosopiij		with Yoga				
***	a)	The concept of value and value education				
Unit II:	b)	Yoga as a method of value education				
Yoga and Value	c)	Yoga and human excellence				
Education	d)	Role of Yoga teacher in value education				
	a)	Basic concept of anatomy and physiology				
Unit III:	b)	Concept of cell and tissue				
	(c)	Impact of Yoga in various systems of the human body- musculo-				
Yoga and Human		skeletal system, circulatory system, respiratory system, digestive				
Biology		system.				
	d)	Yogic diet and its importance				
TI A TY	a)	Concepts of therapy and its types				
Unit IV:	b)	Meaning of yoga therapy				
Therapeutic	(c)	Yogic therapy and physical diseases- Diabetes, Hypertension, Obesity,				
Modalities of		Lower Back Pain, Neck Pain.				
Yoga	d)	Mental disorder and yoga therapy-Anxiety, Depression And Neurosis				

Engagement with Field/Practicum – 20 Marks

- Practices of Asanas, Pranayamas, Bandhas and Kriyas
- Practice of Surya Namaskar
- Practice of Recitation

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Feuerstein G (2002): The Yoga tradition, New Delhi: Bhavana Books and prints
- 2. Visharadananda Swami (2007), human values, Bangalore, Swami Vivekananda Yoga Prakashana
- 3. B.k.s Iyengar:the light of yoga (harper Collins publications india pvt ltd, New Delhi
- 4. Prajapati brahma kumaris (2009), moral values, attitudes and modes, mount abn: Prajapati brahma kumares ishwariya vishwa-vidyalaya.
- 5. Karmanada Swami (2008), Yogic management of common disease, Munger, Yoga publication trust
- 6. Kuvalananda Swami and Vinegar S. L: (1963) yogic therapy: Its basic principles and methods, pub. Ministry of health, Govt. of india, New Delhi
- 7. Singh S J. "History and Philosophy of nature and cure"
- 8. Chandrasekaran, (1999) Sound Health Through Yoga, Prem kalian publication, seapatti,
- 9. Madurai Swami Kuvalayananda and Dr. S.L Vinekar Yogic Therapy Kaivalyadham, lonavala
- 10. N.Murugesh, Basic Anatomy And Physiology, Madurai
- 11. Raman. K, A (1998) Matter of Health, East west books, Chennai
- 12. Gathore M.L: Applied yoga Kaivaladhama, Lonavala
- 13. Yoga Mimamsa Journal Pub: Kaivalyadhama, Lonavala

CC 125: Visual and Performing Arts in Education - 2

Theory			I	Practicun	1	Total		
Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Marks Credit Hours			Credit	Hours
30	1	18	20	1	25	50	2	43

Course Learning Outcome: After undergoing the course content, the student-teacher will be able to:

- **\Delta** *Understand the use of 'Dance' as Pedagogy.*
- ❖ *Use creative and decorative art in the teaching learning process.*
- ❖ Integrate singing method in teaching learning process.
- ❖ Understand various 'Dance forms' and their integration in educational practices.
- Develop creativity through different creative art forms.
- Develop creativity through different decorative art forms.
- ❖ Understand the efficacy of different art forms in education.

Contents

Unit I: Music (Gayan and Vadan)	 a) Musical competition and Musical presentation— Effects on students' behaviour. b) Programme related appropriate songs selection. c) Various types of songs- Kirtan, Baul, Bhatiali, Toppa, Thungry, Kabi Gaan, Patriotic song, Prayer song. d) Variety of Rabindra Sangeet- Puja, Prem, Prakriti, Swadesh, Anusthanik, Bichitra.
	e) Integration of Gayan and Vadan in educational practices.
Unit II: Creative Art	 a) Creative writing—Story and Poetry writing. b) Model making—Clay Modeling: i. Preparation of common clay ii. Uses of various tools and equipment for clay work c) Method, Materials and Process of mould and plaster casting d) Origami, Puppet making. e) Modern Indian Sculptor- Ramkinkar Baij, Deviprasad Roy Chaudhury, Prodosh Dasgupta, Chintamoni Kar, Sankho Choudhury, Meera Mukharjee.
Unit III: Decorative Art	 a) Spray painting, Rangoli, Ikebana. b) Designing- Computer graphics, Book cover, CD cover, collage work. c) The use of different Art forms in Education. d) Prepare some useful, productive and Decorative Models out of the waste materials. e) Develop a creative design based on your choice for CD cover or Book cover. f) Develop a design or picture based on Collage work.
Unit IV: The Art of Dance	a) Various Dance Forms- Bharat Natyam, Kathakali, Folk dance: Garba, Bhavai, Bhangra, Bihu and various other dances.b) Integration of Dance in Educational practices. (Action songs, Nritya Natika).

Engagement with Field/Practicum – 20 Marks

- Prepare a script of *Bhavai* based on some Socio-political issues.
- Prepare a pictorial monograph on "Various folk dances of Gujarat".
- Prepare a pictorial monograph on "Various Dance forms in India".
- Develop an Audio CD based on newly composed Poems of Gujarati / Hindi language.
- Prepare some useful, productive and decorative models out of the west materials.
- Visit the Faculty of Performing Arts in your city and prepare a detailed report on its multifarious functioning.
- Organise a competition on some Decorative / Performing Art forms in the school during your School Internship programme and prepare a report on it.
- Organise a workshop on some selected Creative Art forms in the school during your School Internship programme and prepare a report on it.
- Develop a creative design based on your choice for CD Cover or Book cover.
- Develop a design or picture based on collage work.

Suggested Readings:

- i. Bhavai by Sudahaben Desai
- ii. Bhavai by Krishnakant Kadkiya
- iii. Kramik Pustak Malika by Pt. Bhatkhande
- iv. Abhinav Geet Manjari by Ratanjankar
- v. NCERT, (2006). Position Paper by National Focus Group on Arts, Music, Dance and Theatre.

CC 126: Development of Evaluative Tool (Achievement Test) (EPC -3)

Theory			I	Practicum	1	Total		
Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks Credit Hours		Marks	Credit	Hours	
-	-	-	40	2	50	40	2	50

Preparation of Evaluative Tool (Achievement Test) in each method subject and submission of the report to the concerned method teachers in the institution. The report is to be prepared according to the following headings-

- a) Concept of Achievement Test
- b) Selection of Topic (Unit)
- c) Identification of learning objectives
- d) Preparation of blue print
- e) Development of questions
- f) Preparation of answer keys
- g) Application of Achievement Test
- h) Evaluation of answer scripts
- i) Reporting the Results

CC 127: Micro Teaching on 1st Method (EPC 4)

Theory			I	Practicun	1	Total		
Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Marks Credit Hours Ma			Credit	Hours
-	-	-	35	2	50	35	2	50

- ❖ In this semester the student-teacher shall practise micro teaching skills on their first method under the supervision of method subject teacher and at the end of the practice of micro teaching, student-teacher shall be required to submit a report consisting of practice micro teaching lessons and the peer feedback sheets to the institution.
- ❖ In each subject one or two group leaders can be selected among the student teachers for smooth functioning of the Micro Teaching.

- ❖ At the end of the practice of micro teaching, student-teachers shall also practise macro teaching under simulation mode with the help of their subject teachers. They will be continuously assessed by their subject supervisors throughout the semester. Subject supervisors will also provide them feedback. He will also help their students in preparing Teaching Learning Material (TLM) and Learning Design (LD).
- ❖ Student-teachers shall be required to submit 10 peer-feedback sheets, 10 Teacher-feedback sheets, 1 micro-teaching LD on each skill, 1 macro-teaching LD (sample) and 2 TLMs.

CC 128: School Attachment: 2 weeks (School Study & Appraisal)

Theory			I	Practicun	1	Total		
Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks Credit Hours Marks Credit			Credit	Hours	
-	-	ı	25	2	50	25	2	50

- ❖ During the 2 weeks of school attachment programme, the student-teacher shall study the school/classroom environment with reference to infrastructure, equipments, learning teaching materials, functioning, human resources, organisation of various activities, various curricular activities, e.g. sports and games,dance, songs; and the learning-teaching process in the classroom, ICT use, student participation, classroom management etc. For this, the student teachers may be placed in regional language and other language medium schools.
- ❖ Based on their observation of the 2 weeks of school attachment programme, student-teachers shall submit the School Study and Appraisal reports.

Semester – 3

	Semester – 3							
Course Code	Course Name	Theory (T)	Practicum (P)	Full Marks	Hours (T+P)	Credit (T+P)		
CC 131	Evaluation & Management in Education	80 (40+40)	20 (10+10)	100	72+25	4+1		
CC 132	Guidance & Counselling and Curriculum Studies	80 (40+40)	20 (10+10)	100	72+25	4+1		
CC 133	Integration of Advanced Technology	40	10	50	36+25	2+1		
CC 134	School Internship (Phase I): 8 Weeks	-	200 (100+100)	200	0+200	0+8		
CC 135	Learners' Study (EPC 5)	-	25	25	0+50	0+2		
CC 136	Communicative Skill - 2 (EPC 2B)	-	25	25	0+50	0+2		
	Total (Semester – 3)	200	300	500	555	25		

CC 131: Evaluation & Management in Education

Theory		I	Practicun	n Total				
Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Marks Credit Hours		Marks	Credit	Hours
80	4	72	20	1	25	100	5	97

1st Half: Evaluation in Education

Theory			I	Practicun	racticum Total			
Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Marks Credit Hours		Marks	Credit	Hours
40	2	36	10	0.5	12.5	50	2.5	48.5

Course Learning Outcome: After undergoing the course content, the student-teacher will be able to:

- ❖ Get basic knowledge of assessment for learning.
- * *Know the process of evaluation and its uses.*
- Write educational objectives.
- * Know different techniques of evaluation, tools of evaluation and their uses.
- ❖ Know different characteristics of instruments of evaluation.
- ❖ Know different types of teacher made tests and will construct them.
- **&** *Compute simple statistics to assess the learning.*

	a) Meaning and nature of Test, Examination, Measurement, Assessment &					
Unit I:	Evaluation					
	Distinguish among Test, Examination Measurement, Assessment and					
Concept of Test,	Evaluation					
Measurement,	c) Nature and purpose of Evaluation.					
Assessment &	d) Measurement & Evaluation in Language, Social Sciences, Science and					
Evaluation	Mathematics.					
	e) The status of educational measurement in India.					
	Test Construction and its Standardization — Meaning and Nature,					
11	Principles and Methods of Test construction and standardisation.					
Unit II:	Scales of Measurement- Nominal, Ordinal, Interval, Ratio.					
Test Constructions	c) Criteria of Standardised test a) validity b) reliability C) objectivity d)					
Test constituetions	usability e) norms					
	d) Construction of a Standardised Achievement Test.					
	Formative & Summative Tests					
	b) Diagnostic & Prognostic Tests					
Unit III:	e) NRT and CRT					
Approaches and	d) Written & Oral Tests					
Types of	e) Essay type & Objective type Tests					
Evaluation) Semester system					
	g) Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation					
	n) Computer in evaluation					

	a) Scoring and Grading, Analysis of Score and Its Interpretation
Unit IV:	b) Tabulation of data
Tools and Techniques of Evaluation	 c) Graphical representation of Data (Histogram, frequency Polygon, Ogive) d) Measurement Central Tendency e) Measurement of dispersion

Engagement with Field/Practicum - 10 Marks

- Writing educational objectives, learning experience and corresponding evaluation techniques, General and specific objectives.
- Designing Rating scale, Questionnaire, Interview Schedule in a given a topic.
- Framing Different types of questions.
- Preparation of Blue Print and a question paper.
- Prepare graphs and use statistics for analysis of test result.

2nd Half: Management in Education

Theory			Practicum			Total		
Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours
40	2	36	10	0.5	12.5	50	2.5	48.5

Course Learning Outcome: After undergoing the course content, the student-teacher will be able to:

- Understand the concept and significance of school in the modern Indian context;
- ❖ Have a knowledge about various school services and its importance;
- ❖ Develop concept and skills in school administration;
- Develop the understanding and ability of institutional planning;
- ❖ Acquire knowledge about healthy practices in school;

	a)	Meaning, Nature & Scope, School as an Organization.
	b)	School Plant – Site, Buildings and Equipment, Planning of school
Unit I:		plant.
	(c)	Role of Classroom, Library and Laboratory in school.
School	d)	Significance of School in the present Indian Context – as stated in the
Organisation		Report of Kothari Commission (1966), National Policy of Education
		(1986) & POA (1992), and National Curriculum Framework (NCF-
		2005), NEP 2020.
	a)	Meaning, Nature & Scope.
	b)	Controlling Authorities – Roles of Central Government, State
*****		Government, NCERT, SCERT, WBBSE, WBCHSE, WBME.
Unit II:	c)	Local Regulatory Bodies - Functions of Village/Ward Education
School		Committee, School Managing Committee, Staff Council, Teachers'
Administration		Council, Finance Committee, Parent Teacher Association.
1 Kullinisti ation	(d)	Duties & Responsibilities – Secretary of the Managing Committee,
		Headmaster/Headmistress, Assistant Headmaster/Headmistress of a
		school.

	a)	Concept, characteristics & significance of institutional planning.
Unit III:	b)	Steps and principles of institutional planning.
	(c)	Long-term & Short-term Planning: Academic Calendar, Time Table,
Institutional		Co-curricular activities.
Planning	d)	Finance & Budget.
	e)	Inspection & supervision.
	a)	Admission, Examination, Evaluation & Publication of results.
	b)	Games & Sports, Seminars/ Symposia/ Discussions/ Workshops,
Unit IV:		Health & sanitary services, NSS/NCC, Community Based Activities,
		Cultural Programme, Excursion. Daily Prayer, Magazine.
School Services	(c)	Student self- Governance, Literary Club, Science Club, Eco Club,
		Gender Equity Cell, Protection of Human Rights Cell, Grievance
		Redressal Cell, Inclusive Growth Cell & Internal Assurance Cell.

Engagement with Field/Practicum – 10 Marks

- Project on formation of Managing Committee.
- Preparation of a report on the time table of two schools on the basis of the principles of time table construction.
- Preparation of a report on NCC/ Literary Club/ Science Club/ Eco Club in school.

Suggested Reading:

- i. School Planning and Management T.K.D. Nair
- ii. School Organisation & Management J. Prasad
- iii. Educational Management J.C. Agarwal
- iv. School Management S.K. Kochar
- v. Educational Management Dr. Subir Nag
- vi. Educational administration, supervision and school management J. Mohanty
- vii. Secondary school administration S.K. Kochar
- viii. Sikshya Babostapona –Pal, Dhor, Das, Banerjee.

CC 132: Guidance & Counseling and Curriculum Studies

Theory			Practicum			Total			
Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours	
80	4	72	20	1	25	100	5	97	

1st Half: Guidance and Counselling

Theory			Practicum			Total		
Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours
40	2	36	10	0.5	12.5	50	2.5	48.5

Course Learning Outcome: The students will be able to

- Develop an understanding of the concepts of guidance and counselling.
- ❖ *Know about different areas of counselling.*

- **Create** awareness about the working of guidance organisations.
- ❖ *Know about the basic needs of guidance services.*
- ❖ Develop the knowledge about different fields of Guidance & Counselling.
- ❖ Know about the necessity of Career Guidance & Counselling
- ❖ Know about Mental Health & Hygiene

Contents

	a) Concept, nature & Scope of Guidance and Counselling					
Unit I:	b) Difference & Relation between Guidance and Counselling					
Basic concept of	c) Basic principles of Guidance and Counselling,					
Guidance and	d) Ethical issues in Guidance and Counselling					
Counselling	e) Counselling and Psychotherapy					
	a) Steps in Guidance and Counselling					
Unit II:	b) Different types of Guidance - Educational, Vocational & Personal.					
Tachniques of	c) Different approaches of Counselling - Directive, Non-directive and					
	Eclectic approaches					
	Guidance and Counselling - Individual and Group					
Counselling	e) Guidance and Counselling at different stages of education.					
	a) Essential information for Guidance and Counselling					
Unit III:	b) Personal information - information about physical, intellectual,					
Essential	personality & academic achievement.					
information for	c) Educational information – scope and opportunities available					
Effective Guidance	d) Occupational information-Scope and Opportunities for employment,					
and Counselling	Career prospects.					
17	a) Concept, Nature, and Scope of Mental Health & Hygiene					
Unit IV:	b) Adjustment, Maladjustment: Defense Mechanisms					
Mental Health &	c) Stress- Nature, Type, Causes, and Consequences, Coping Strategies					
Hygiene	d) Concepts of Conflicts, Frustration, Complex & Anxiety					
information for Effective Guidance and Counselling Unit IV: Mental Health &	Eclectic approaches d) Guidance and Counselling - Individual and Group e) Guidance and Counselling at different stages of education. a) Essential information for Guidance and Counselling b) Personal information - information about physical, intellectual, personality & academic achievement. c) Educational information – scope and opportunities available d) Occupational information-Scope and Opportunities for employment, Career prospects. a) Concept, Nature, and Scope of Mental Health & Hygiene b) Adjustment, Maladjustment: Defense Mechanisms c) Stress- Nature, Type, Causes, and Consequences, Coping Strategies					

Suggested Reading:

- i. Aggarwal, J.C. (1989). *Educational and Vocational Guidance and Counselling*, Doaba House; Delhi
- ii. Aggarwal, J.C. (1998). Career Information in Career Guidance: Theory and Practice. Doaba House. Delhi
- iii. Dev, Kapil (2006). Educational Counselling, Pragun Publications, New Delhi
- iv. Gupta, Manju (2003). Effective Guidance & Counselling modern Methods and Techniques, Mangal Deep Publications, India.
- v. Sharma, Ramnath and Sharma, Rachana (2007). *Guidance and Counselling in India*, Atlantic Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi.
- vi. Choudhury, Mohamad & Islam, Mo: Aminul (2014). *Counselling Psychology*, Mostafa Prakashani, Dhaka.
- vii. Ghosh, Dr. Sanat Kumar, Shikshay Sangati-Apasangati Ebong Nirdeshana,
- viii. Nag, Dr. Subir & Datta, Dr. Gargi. Sangati Bidhane Nirdeshana O Paramarshadan (Guidance and Counselling in Adjustment), Rita Book Agency.
- ix. Nanda, Adhyapak Bishnupada & Jaman, Adhyapika Saraoyatara. *Byatikramdharmi Shishu*, Maola Brothers, Dhaka.
- x. Pal, Debashis (2001). Shikshay O Brittite Nirdeshana, Central Library.
- xi. Pal, Debashis. Nirdeshana O Paramarsha, Central Library, Kolkata.
- xii. Guidance & Counselling S.K. Kochar
- xiii. Guidance & Counselling R. Agarwal

Engagement with the field/ Practicum - 10 Marks

Project on Maladjusted behaviour (any one; on the basis of case study) - Truancy, Lying, Timidity, Stealing, Anxiety, Phobia, Hysteria, OCD, Depression, Suicidal tendency, Substance Abuse Disorder, Antisocial Behaviour

2nd Half: Curriculum Studies

Theory			I	Practicun	1	Total		
Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours
40	2	36	10	0.5	12.5	50	2.5	48.5

Course Learning Outcome: The students will be able to-

- ❖ understand the concept, types, bases and determinants of curriculum;
- * know different approaches of planning and designs of curriculum development;
- apply the models of curriculum implementation;
- comprehend the process of curriculum evaluation;
- * know about the contemporary trends in curriculum implementation.

Contents

	a)	Meaning, nature and scope of curriculum, Relationship between							
Unit I:		curriculum and syllabi							
	b)	Types of curriculum – core, hidden, null and latent curriculum							
Basic Concept of	c)	haracteristics & need of a good curriculum.							
curriculum	d)	rinciples of curriculum construction.							
	e)	Constitutional values and national culture in curriculum.							
	a)	Bases of Curriculum – Philosophical, Psychological & Sociological.							
	b)	Objectives of curriculum: Need to form objectives of curriculum.							
Unit II:		Sources of objectives of the curriculum: society, discipline, needs of							
Bases & Objectives		students.							
of Curriculum	(c)	Framing of Curriculum Objectives: Cognitive, Affective &							
or curriculum		Psychomotor domains.							
	d)	Principles of selecting curriculum contents							
	a)	Approaches to Curriculum Design							
Unit III:	b)	Determinants & Stages of Curriculum Development							
	(c)	Models of Curriculum Implementation – Administrative, Grass-root,							
Curriculum		Demonstration, System Analysis.							
Development and	d)	Curriculum Support Materials – Roles and Types							
Evaluation	e)	Meaning, Nature & Objectives of Curriculum evaluation, Models of							
		Curriculum evaluation							
	a)	Curriculum reforms as suggested by various commissions and							
Unit IV:		committees							
Curriculum	b)	Issues and Trends in Curriculum Implementation in National Education							
reforms in		Policies (1968, 1986 & 2020) – Primary, Secondary, Higher Education							
Contemporary		& Teacher education levels.							
India	c)	Highlights & Implementation of NCF – 2000, 2005 & NCFTE –							
India		2009							

38

- i. Agarwal, J. C., Curriculum Development, 2005.
- ii. Chauhan, S. S., Innovations in the Teaching Learning Process, Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi, 1993.
- iii. Arora, G. L., Reflections on Curriculum, NCERT, New Delhi, 1984.
- iv. Ciddldwood, D. & Burton, N., *Managing the Curriculum*, Sage Publications, New Delhi, 2010.
- v. Glatthorn, A. A., Boschee, F., & Whiteheed, B. M., *Curriculum Leadership: Strategies for Development and Implementation*, Sage Publications, New Delhi, 2009.
- vi. Julian, C. S. & Kenneth, D. H., *Education and Evaluation*, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 1978.

Engagement with the field/ Practicum - 10 Marks

- Policy analysis National Curriculum Frameworks.
- Identification of core, hidden, null and latent curriculum in textbooks.
- Designing an activity based curriculum.
- Textbook analysis
- Review of curriculum in elementary education.
- Review of curriculum in secondary education
- Review of curriculum in higher secondary education
- Report on liking of curriculum in between the classes in secondary education

CC 133: Integration of Advanced Technology

Course Learning Outcome: The trainees will be acquainted with:

- ❖ Understand the social, economic, security and ethical issues associated with the use of ICT
- ❖ *Identify the policy concerns for ICT*
- ❖ Describe a computer system;
- Operate the Windows;
- Use Word processing, Spreadsheets and Presentation software;
- Acquire the skill of maintaining the computer system and the skill of trouble shooting with the help of Anti-Virus and Other tools.
- ❖ Operate on Internet with safety
- ❖ Elucidate the application of ICT for Teaching Learning Pedagogy
- ❖ Develop various skills to use computer technology for sharing the information and ideas through the Blogs and Chatting groups

Contents

a) Concepts of information and communication technology (ICT); Its objectives and scope in education; Universal access Vs Digital Divide – issues and initiatives. b) Aims and Objectives of National Mission on Education through ICT (NMEICT), Virtual laboratory and Haptic technology. c) National Policies & their recommendations on Information and Communication Technology (ICT) in School Education in India; IT@ School Project; Challenges of Integration of ICT in School. d) Media Crowd & Media Culture; High Tech & High Touch.

Unit II: Educational Resources & ICT	 a) MS Word, MS Excel & MS PowerPoint, Introduction to Internet, e- mail, Search Engines, Info-Savvy Skills; Digital Age Skills, safe surfing mode. b) Internet resources for different disciplines like natural sciences, social sciences, Humanities and Mathematics. c) General Introduction to e-learning, Mobile-learning, distance learning, On-line learning. d) Virtual University, Wikipedia, Massive Open Online Courses (MOOCs); Social networking e) Models of Communication system
Unit III: ICT Integrated Education	 a) ICT Integrated Education, Student management through automation software, e-guidance & counselling, e-modules, e-learning Resources. b) ICT based Cooperative and Collaborative Learning – concept, features and educational application c) Communication Tools - Mobile, e-mail, chat Online Conferencing, Blog, Wiki, Internet forum, News Groups
Unit IV: Hands on Knowledge of ICT Hardware & Software	 a) Computer, Server, Projection & Operating systems b) Software, Websites, Virtual Servers & Cloud technology c) Recording, Audio & Video editing, Pedagogic collaboration d) Set up of digital classrooms and lab e) Promoting inclusivity through ICT

- i. Benkler, Y. (2006). The wealth of networks: How social production transforms markets and freedom. Yale University Press.
- ii. Douglas Comer(2007) The Internet Book: Everything You Need to Know about Computer Networking and How the Internet Works, Prentice Hall,
- iii. DSERT Karnataka. (2012). Position paper on ICT mediation in education. DSERT.

Engagement with the field/ Practicum - 10 Marks

- Installation of Operating systems, Windows, installation of essential Software and Utilities;
- Projects that may involve the hardware like LCD Projector, digital camera, camcorder, scanner, Printer, interactive white board and software like word processors (MS Word/LibreOffice), spreadsheet and Slide Presentation (PPT/impress); and/or Creating and using Blogs and Google Groups, Google Docs.
- Develop a report on preparing a learning design on any topic from your methods while using internet resources. The report should mention the details of navigating, searching, selecting, saving and evaluating the authenticity of the material and also mention how it adds or justify the facts, figures (data), graphics, explanation and logic of the topic.
- Teaching with a multimedia e-content developed by the student.

CC 134: School Internship (Phase I): 8 Weeks

Theory			Practicum			Total		
Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours
-	-	-	200	8	200	200	8	200

School Internship Phase I (Semester 3)							
Subject	Breakups	Marks					
A. Method Paper I	1. Final Teaching	50					
	2. Practice Teaching	(50)					
	I. Learning Design	30					
	II. Internship Attendance	10					
	III. Teaching Diary	10					
	Total	100					
B. Method Paper II	1. Final Teaching	50					
	2. Practice Teaching	(50)					
	I. Learning Design	30					
	II. Internship Attendance	10					
	III. Teaching Diary	10					
	Total	100					
Total Mar	ks in both the Method in Internship Phase I	200					

- ★ Eight weeks school internship shall be carried out during the third semester. Here, the student teachers are required to be placed suitably in the schools.
- ★ The institute may assign a senior faculty as 'School Internship Coordinator' for smooth functioning of the internship programme, who would identify and allot schools to student teachers and maintain liaison with the schools. The role of the 'School Internship Coordinator' would be to share his professional experiences, present model lessons, assess student teachers' performance, and provide on-site guidance and support during internship.
- ★ Selected faculty members of the institute, on the basis of their availability, would be allotted to different schools as 'School Internship In-charge' during the internship period. Along with the names of the 'School Internship In-charge', the subject/subjects are to be observed and the schools for observation may be written & noticed.
- ★ In each school one or two group leaders can be selected among the student teachers. The 'School Internship In-charge' shall coordinate the activities of all the student teachers with the group leaders of the school. All the faculty members, on the basis of their availability, would visit all the schools as 'Subject Supervisors' and would assess student teachers' performance.
- ★ During the Internship period, the student teacher shall be attached to the various activities of the school (Annual Sports, Cultural Programmes, Tree Plantation Programme etc.) and he shall undertake such duties as are assigned to him by the Head of the Institution of the school. He must remain actively involved in all observation programmes of school such as celebration of Independence Day, Gandhi Jayanti, Netaji Jayanti, Republic Day etc.
- ★ During this semester the student teachers are acquainted with the overall conduct of the school activities and record keeping. It may include morning assembly, class time table, attendance register, stock register, mid-day meal, conduct of periodical meetings, purchase and consumption and co-curricular activities.
- ★ During or at the end of the internship programme the final teaching examination shall be organised by the institution in the respective schools preferably in their first method subject. At least 30 learning designs should be delivered within this internship period (duly prepared and approved by the Subject Supervisors).

★ A teaching diary is to be maintained by all student teachers throughout the programme and it is required to submit the same to the institution at the end of the programme or at the time of final teaching examination.

CC 135: Learners' Study (EPC -5)

Theory		Practicum			Total			
Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours
-	-	-	25	2	50	25	2	50

- One of the main course learning outcome of this course is to learn about the various aspects of the learners.
- ❖ In this section the student teacher will learn about different aspects of scholastic and coscholastic areas of the learners.
- * This will give a comprehensive picture about the all round development of the learners.

CC 136: Communicative Skill - 2 (EPC -2B)

Theory		Practicum			Total			
Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours
-	-	-	25	2	50	25	2	50

Contents

Unit I:	a) Advantages and disadvantages of Oral communication;b) Communication in Society and the Workplace
Social	c) Culture and Gender stereotyping
Communication	d) Brainstorming, Debate and Group Discussion
	 a) Using online platforms for presentation, group discussion and job interviews
Unit II:	b) Communicating with learners using Google classroom, learning Apps
Technology based Communication	(Aptoid,Byju)c) Modern day research and study skills: search engines, repositories, forums such as Quora, Stack Exchange, OSS communities (MOOC, SWAYAM, NPTEL,Coursera,Udemy,edX)
Unit III	
Pronunciation,	a) Speech Rhythms; Intonation patterns and their use.b) Situational use of vocabulary;
Vocabulary and	c) Basic grammar
Grammar	v) David Statistical

Suggested Reading:

- i. Developing Communication Skills Mohan, K & Banerjee, M.
- ii. E-writing: 21st Century Tools for Effective Communication- Diana Booher.
- iii. Technical Communication- Meenakshi Raman and Sangeetha Sharma.Oxford University Press.

Semester - 4

	Semester – 4							
Course Code	Course Name	Theory (T)	Practicum (P)	Full Marks	Hours (T+P)	Credit (T+P)		
CC 141	Inclusive Education and Children with Special Needs	80 (40+40)	20 (10+10)	100	72+25	4+1		
CC 142	Humanistic Education (Peace Education, Value Education and Gender Studies)	40	10	50	36+25	2+1		
CC 143	Special Paper (EDTE / POEE / ENVE / COME / WEVE / HEPE / EDWB)	40	10	50	36+25	2+1		
CC 144	School Internship (Phase II): 8 Weeks (Method- 1 & Method- 2)	-	200 (100+100)	200	0+200	0+8		
CC 145	Action Research (School Internship) (EPC 5)	-	25	25	0+50	0+2		
CC 146	Community Activity	-	50	50	0+50	0+2		
CC 147	Project on Medicinal Plants (EPC 6)	-	25	25	0+50	0+2		
	Total (Semester – 4)	160	340	500	569	25		

CC 141: Inclusive Education & Education of Children with Special Needs

Theory		Practicum			Total			
Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours
80	4	72	20	1	25	100	5	97

1st Half: Inclusive Education

Theory		Practicum			Total			
Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours
40	2	36	10	0.5	12.5	50	2.5	48.5

Course Learning Outcome: The students will be able to

- The background ideas of inclusive education, its dimensions and educational placement of special children.
- ❖ Policies, legislation and provisions in contemporary India & abroad with regard to inclusive education.
- ❖ Preparation of Inclusive setting in Education
- **❖** *Inclusive in operation.*

	a) Concept & history of Inclusive education.						
	b) Special education, integrated education and inclusive Education &						
	their relation.						
Unit I:	c) Philosophical, Sociological, Economical, Humanitarian &						
Unit 1.	Educational dimensions of inclusive education.						
Introduction to	d) Advantages of inclusive education for the individual and society.						
inclusive Education	e) Problems in inclusion, Ways for overcoming the problems in						
	inclusion.						
	a) Important international declarations / conventions /						
	proclamations- BMF (1993-2012),						
	b) Recommendations of the Salamanca Statement and Framework						
	of Action (1994), UNCRPD (2006).						
	c) National initiatives for inclusive education –						
Unit II:	i. Constitutional provisions,						
Logal and paliar	ii. PIED-1987,						
Legal and policy perspectives in	iii. National Policy on Education – 1968, 1986 & 2016 (Draft)						
inclusive education	iv. IEDC- 1992,						
	v. RCI act- 1992,						
	vi. NCF-2005,						
	vii. National Policy on Disability (2006),						
	viii. RTE Act (2009),						
	ix. PWD Act-2016.						

	a) Concept & Characteristics of inclusive schools, Schools' philosophy
	& mission, Enrolment & Retention drive.
	b) Classroom management and organizations.
11	c) Review of existing educational programmes offered in secondary
Unit III:	schools (General and Special Schools).
Preparation of	d) Skills and competencies of teachers and teacher educators for
Inclusive setting in	education in inclusive settings.
Education	e) Professional development of teachers – their Attitude &
	Accountability.
	f) Teacher preparation for inclusive education in the light of NCF,
	2005.
	a) Curricular adaptations for inclusive education, learning designing,
	development of suitable TLM.
	b) Pedagogical strategies to respond to individual needs of students:
Unit IV:	Cooperative & Collaborative learning strategies in the
Inclusion in	classroom, peer tutoring, social learning, team teaching,
operation	reflective teaching, multisensory teaching.
	c) Technological Advancement and its applications – ICT, Adaptive
	and Assistive devices, equipment, aids and appliances.

Engagement with the field/Practicum – 10 Marks

- Visit to Inclusive Schools and observe classroom transactions of any one of such schools in the vicinity and make a report of the same.
- Preparation of teaching aids, toys, charts, flash cards for children having any one type of disability (Visit to Resource Room).
- Preparation of learning design, instruction material for teaching students with disability in inclusive school.
- Case Study of one main streamed (Inclusive) student w.r.to
 - o Role of a parent
 - o Role of a teacher: Special School Teacher, General School Teacher
 - Role of Counsellor

2nd Half: Education of Children with Special needs

Theory		Practicum			Total			
Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours
40	2	36	10	0.5	12.5	50	2.5	48.5

Course Learning Outcome: The students will be able to

- ***** Concept of exceptional children, their needs.
- ❖ Developmental characteristics of children with special needs- visually and hearing impaired, slow learners, mentally retarded & gifted children, learning disabled, autistic & cerebral palsy children.
- ❖ Educational management for inclusive setting.

Contents

Unit I: Exceptional children & their needs	a) Definition, concept and types of exceptionality.b) Causes of exceptionality.c) Concept of impairment, disability and handicap.d) Needs and problems of exceptional children.
Unit II: Visually and Hearing Impaired Children	 a) Causes & characteristics of sensory impairment – visual & auditory. Identification of visually and hearing impaired children b) Educational provisions for visually and hearing impaired children.
Unit III: Slow learners, Mentally retarded & Gifted Children	 a) Slow learners - Meaning, causes, characteristics & education of slow learner children. b) Mentally retarded- Meaning, types and causes of Mental retardation. Identification, characteristics and education of mentally retarded children. c) Gifted- Meaning, causes, characteristics & education of gifted children.
Unit IV: Learning Disabled, Autistic & Cerebral Palsy Children	 a) Learning disabled - Meaning, types and causes of Learning Disability. Characteristics and Measurement of Learning Disability. Education of Learning Disability. b) Autistic - Meaning, causes, characteristics & education of autistic children. c) Cerebral Palsy - Meaning, causes, characteristics & education of children with Cerebral Palsy.

Suggesting Readings:

- i. Educating Exceptional Children S.K. Mangal
- ii. Inclusive Education Loreman, Deppeler & Harvey
- iii. Inclusive Education for children with special needs Neena Dash
- iv. Byatikromi Sishu Bishnupada Nanda & Sarawata Jaman

Engagement with the field/ Practicum – 10 Marks

- Collection of data regarding children with special needs from Municipal records.
- Identifying one/ two pupils with special needs in the primary schools and preparing a profile of these pupils.
- Developing list of teaching activities of CWSN in the school.
- Visit any one Institution for
 - o Children with visual impairment,
 - Hearing Impairment,
 - o Mental Retardation or
 - Orthopedically Handicapped and
- Make a Report. The report must include reflections on problems faced by Disabled Children, resources, infrastructure, assistive devices, aids and appliances and support services.

CC 142: Humanistic Education (Peace Education, Value Education and Gender Studies)

Theory		Practicum			Total			
Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours
40	2	36	10	1	25	50	3	61

Course Learning Outcome: The students will be able to-

- ❖ understand the concept, nature, and purpose of Value Education;
- ❖ know the types of values and the relevance of Value Education;
- ♦ differentiate such values from religious education and moral training;
- think about and reflect on different values;
- * make human and social choices and expressing them in relation to themselves, others, the community and the world at large;
- * choose their own personal, social, moral and spiritual values and be aware of practical methods for developing values.
- Develop gender sensitivity among the student teachers.
- ❖ Understand the gender issues faced by the schools & in society
- ❖ *Understand the concepts of LGBTIQ*

	a) Meaning, Concept, Objectives, Nature, Scope and Importance of Peace
Unit I:	Education.
	b) Barriers of Peace Education – Psychological, Cultural, Political.
Peace Education	c) Factors responsible for disturbing Peace: Unemployment, terrorism,
& its Social	Exploitation, suppression of individuality, complexes.
Perspectives	d) Need for Peace Education in School, home and society.
	e) Peace Education in Secondary Education curriculum.
	a) Classification of Values
	b) Personal and social values
Unit II:	i. Intrinsic and extrinsic values on the basis of personal interest & social
Unit II.	good.
General Idea	ii. Social, moral, spiritual and democratic values on the basis of
about Values	expectation of society & one's self-inspiration
	c) Identification of Analysis of emerging issues involving value conflicts.
	d) Values in Indian Constitution and Fundamental Duties of citizens.
	a) Meaning, Concept, Objectives, Nature, scope and Importance of Value
Unit III:	Education.
Cint III.	b) Philosophical, psychological and sociological perspectives of Value
Basic concept of	Education.
Value Education	c) Design and develop of instructional material for Value Education
	d) Characteristics of Instructional material for Value Education.
	a) Concept of gender including LGBTIQ, Difference between gender and
	sex.
Unit IV:	b) Gender bias, gender stereotyping, and empowerment.
Unit IV:	c) Curriculum and the gender Issues
Gender studies	d) Gender Identities and Socialization Practices in Family, Schools & Other
	formal and informal organisations.
	e) e) Role of Teacher in eliminating Gender bias in school.
	e, e, reaction reaction in chiminating dender of the in school.

- i. R. P. Shukla. (2010). Value education and human rights.
- ii. The moral child Damon, W.New York: The free press.
- iii. Values in Education and Education in value Halstead, J.Mark. London.
- iv. Moral Education Durkheim, E.London.
- v. The Psychology of moral Development Kohlberg. New York.
- vi. Values Education Bagchi, J.P: University Book House (P) Ltd.
- vii. Human Rights A source Book Dev, Arjun et. al. NCERT, New Delhi.
- viii. Human Development Report 2002, UNDP New York and Oxford.
- ix. Fundamentals of Indian Philosophy Puligandla, R. Abingdon Press.
- x. Values and Teaching: Working with values in the Classroom, Raths, L
- xi. Basu, R. & Chakraborty, B. (2011). Prasanga: Manabividya. Kolkata: Urbi Prakashan.
- xii. Bandarage, A. (1997). Women Population and Global Crisis: A Political Economic Analysis. London: Zed Books.
- xiii. Nanda,B.P.(2014) Sikhya Ekibhaban,Classiq Books,Kolkata.
- xiv. Boserup, E. (1970). Women's Role in Economic Development

Engagement with the field/ Practicum - 10 Marks

- Visit schools and study the sexual abuse and sexual harassment cases.
- Textbook analysis for identifying gender issues, gender biases reflected in it.
- To undertake study of sex ratio and analysis of it state-wise.
- Develop an awareness programme for female infanticide and foeticide, child marriages, dowry. Sexual abuse, work place harassment in terms of drama, street play, poster, documentary, power point presentation.
- Prepare presentation on laws related to rape, dowry, remarriage, divorce, property inheritance, trafficking etc.
- Debate on women reservation bill.
- Group activities on domestic violence and other personal issues and its remedies.
- Visits to institutions like WSRC, dowry prohibition cell, women help line, NGO working for women etc.
- Develop / compile stories with values from different sources and cultures,
- Organise value based co-curricular activities in the classroom and outside the classroom.
- Develop value based learning designing,
- Integrating values in school subjects.

CC 143: Special Paper (Any one to be selected)

Theory		Practicum			Total			
Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours
40	2	36	10	1	25	50	3	61

143A: Educational Technology (EDTE)

143B: Population Education (POEE)

143C: Environmental Education (ENVE)

143D: Comparative Education (COME)

143E: Work Education & Vocational Education (WEVE)

143F: Health Education and Physical Education (HEPE)

143G: Education in West Bengal (EDWB)

143A - EDTE: Educational Technology

Course Learning Outcome: The trainees will be acquainted with:

- ❖ The concept and meaning of educational technology and its role in educational practices.
- ❖ The mode and use of various instructional strategies.
- ❖ Concepts and applications of some models of teaching.
- ❖ Concept of PSI, e-learning, virtual classroom.

Unit I: Concept of Educational Technology	 a) Meaning, nature & scope of Educational Technology b) Components of ET: Hardware, Software & System c) Hardware & Software Instructional aids d) Role of ET in Modern educational practices. 		
Unit II: Teaching – Learning Strategies	 a) Teaching Methods, Strategies & Devices. b) Communication in Teaching-learning Process c) Organization of Teaching-learning: Selection of teaching methods and strategies, Selection and use of proper teaching aids, Selection & use of appropriate communication strategy. 		
Unit III: Computer Learnedness & Instructional approaches	 a) Programmed Instruction - Meaning, Characteristics, Principles & Styles b) Learner Controlled Instruction (LCI) - Meaning, Nature, Steps. c) Personalized System of Instruction (PSI) - Meaning, Objectives, Characteristics, Mechanism. d) Computer Assisted Instruction & Computer Managed Instruction – Meaning, Definitions, Types, Processes. 		

	a) e-Learning - Meaning, Nature, Types. Advantages, Limitations
Unit IV:	b) Virtual Classrooms – Meaning, Videotape, Ratio-vision,
Onit I V.	Teleconferencing, CCTV, Advantages, Limitations
e- Learning &	c) Resource Centres for Educational Technology- CIET, UGC,
Recent trends	IGNOU, NOS, State ET Cells, AVRC, EMRC, NIST- Their
	activities for the improvement of teaching learning.

- i. Essentials of Educational Technology: Teaching Learning Innovations in Education J.C. Aggarwal
- ii. Educational Technology and Management vol. I & II Y.K. Sharma
- iii. Fundamental Aspect of Educational Technology Y.K. Sharma
- iv. Advanced Educational Technology Prasad & Koushik
- v. Models of Teaching Joyce, Well, Calhoun

Engagement with the field/Practicum - 10 Marks

- Seminar presentation on approaches to educational technology.
- Seminar presentation on Evolution of Educational Media.
- Evaluating multimedia CD ROMs using standard criteria
- Comparative study of ICT syllabus of school education and teacher education of various organisations.

143B - POEE: Population Education

Course Learning Outcome: The student teacher will know:-

- ❖ The different terms, rules, acts, agencies, summits related to the environment.
- Present status of the environment of the world, country and the region, and their history.
- * Role of teachers and other institutions in different processes for the development of Environment and transaction of environmental education. Understand –
- ❖ a) cause of environmental degradation and pollution,
- **&** *b) different measures for prevention and remedy.*
- ❖ Efficacy of different methods of environmental education apply
- the knowledge of different aspects of the environment for the teaching learning of the environment, its hazards and protection and its sustainable development.

	a) Concept of population education and its meaning
Unit I:	b) Population education and sex Education
Concept of	c) Population education and family planning
Population Population	d) Population education as an Innovation
Education	e) Important Characteristics of population Education
	f) Scope of population education
TT *4 TT	a) Population Situation in developed and developing countries: with
Unit II:	special reference to India
History & trends	b) National policy on education (NPE) and population education and
of Population	National population policy (2000AD)
Education	c) Growing population: Need and importance of education in India and
Education	implementation programme (Role of various Agencies)

Unit III: Population Education & Present Scenario	 a) Teaching Methodology of population education b) Population Education and Teachers c) Population control: Education and empowerment of women d) Interaction Between population growth and quality of life
Unit IV: Population dynamics	 a) Population dynamics: distribution and density b) Population composition: Age, Sex, rural and Urban c) Fertility, Mortality and Migration d) World population: Trends and its economic, Social, political and educational implications

- i. Population & Environmental Education, Dr. Subir Nag
- ii. SCERT published document on population education

Engagement with the field/ Practicum - 10 Marks

- Field based study & Report on population control
- Field study on Wetland management and reporting
- Academic report on sustainable development
- Survey based report on Health and Nutrition
- Field based study on Natural resources with Population education

143C - ENVE: Environmental Education

Course Learning Outcome: The students will be able to-

- ❖ understand the concept, nature, and importance of Environmental Education;
- ❖ learn the objectives and goals of Environmental Education.;
- gain an insight into the relation between environmental awareness and environmental action;
- understand the concept of education for sustainable development;
- * acquire knowledge about physical environment, pollution and its causes, and major environmental problems in India;
- ❖ acquire knowledge about the international efforts for environmental protection;

Unit I: Concept of environmental education	 a) Meaning, scope, aims and objectives and importance of environmental education in contemporary Indian context. b) Development of environmental awareness among teachers, students and community, strategies and action plan. c) Roles of teachers and other institution in the development of environmental awareness.
Unit II: Ecology and Environment	 a) Definition of ecology and ecosystem, their basic characteristics and principles. b) Ecosystem and human life. c) Biodiversity.

Unit III:	a)	Environmental conditions in India
Environmental degradation and pollution	b) c)	Environmental degradation and pollution: causes, effect and control measures Movements for protection of environment in India
Unit IV:	a)	Development of environmental education project and their execution
Environmental education and management	b) c)	Sustainable development; energy and waste management Indian environment policies, World Summits, International agencies and Programmes on environmental management.

- i. Environmental Education Curriculum Framework and Teacher Educators, NCTE, New Delhi, 2005.
- ii. Env. Education & Pollution Control Senapati and Sahoo Mittal 2009
- iii. Environmental Education-R Roy(Ed) Shipra (Delhi) -2008
- iv. Paribesh R.N. Bose-CU-2001
- v. Environmental Studies-E Bharucha-UGC-Universities Press-2005
- vi. Environment quiz book R. Garg-Pustak Mahal-1993
- vii. Environmental Education-J. Chand- anshah Publishing House-2007
- viii. Paribesh Parichay (VI-X) WBBSE

Engagement with the field/ Practicum - 10 Marks

- Visits to polluted sites and preparation of reports.
- Interviewing people and reporting the inconveniences due to any of the Environmental problems.
- To study innovations done by any organisation to improve the local Environment.
- To study the implementation of Environmental Education Programmes.
- To prepare models and exhibits for general awareness of the public regarding environmental hazards.
- To prepare a programme for environmental awareness and to conduct the same, with school children.
- To visit industries and study alternative strategies of Environmental management.
- To prepare a resource material on any of the environmental problems along with a suitable evaluation strategy.
- To prepare quizzes and games on environmental issues.
- To study the contribution of NGOs in improving the environment of the city.

143D - COME: Comparative Education

Course Learning Outcome: The students will be able to -

- ❖ Understand the concept, scope, need, and importance of Comparative Education;
- **❖** *Understand Comparative Education as a discipline;*
- ***** compare between Comparative Education and International Education;
- * know the methods of Comparative Education, understand the factors and forces of Comparative Education:
- develop understanding of system of education in India and developed countries, develop the sense of international understanding;
- * know the problems of developing countries (SAARC), their causes and solutions through education.

Contents

Unit I:	a) Meaning, Nature, and Scope
	b) Importance of Comparative Education
Concept of	c) Comparative Education as an Academic Discipline
Comparative	d) Comparison between Comparative Education and International
Education	Education
	a) Area Study
	b) Juxtaposition Comparison, Intra and Inter Educational Analysis
Unit II:	c) Interpretative and Explanatory Methods- Historical Approach,
Methods & Factors	Sociological Approach, Philosophical Approach, Scientific
of Comparative	Approach (Quantities)
Education	d) Cross Disciplinary Approaches used in Comparative Education
	e) Factors of Comparative Education - Socio-cultural, Historical,
	Philosophical, Economical, Structural, Functional
Unit III:	a) Primary Education: USA, UK, Japan, and India
Companyativa Study	b) Secondary Education: USA, Russia, and India
Comparative Study of Educational	c) Higher Education: UK, France, and India
Systems among	d) Teacher Education: USA, Germany, and India
Different Countries	e) Adult Education: Australia, Brazil, and India
and India	c) Adult Eddeation. Australia, Diazii, and india
Unit IV:	
Danaklama	
Problems Prevailing in	a) Poverty (Bangladesh, Sri Lanka, India)
Developing	b) Unemployment (Bangladesh, Pakistan, India)
(SAARC)	c) Population Explosion (Bangladesh, Pakistan, India)
Countries with	d) Terrorism (Pakistan, Sri Lanka, India)
Special Reference	e) Illiteracy (Bangladesh, Pakistan, India)
to India, Their	2) miletae, (Sangiaceon, Lanisani, maia)
Causes and	
Solution through	
Education	

Suggested Reading:

- i. Trivedi, P. R., Singh, U. K., & Sudarshan, K. N., *Global Education: An Analysis*, Commonwealth, New Delhi, 1994.
- ii. Comparative Education Nicholas Hans.
- iii. A Text Book of Comparative Education-T.S.Sodhi
- iv. Comparative Education B.C.Rai
- v. Comparative Education- S. P. Choube
- vi. Comparative Education- The methods of Analysis and Enquiry- V.Rao. R.S Reddy.
- vii. Comparative Method in Education-Gorge Z. F. Bereday.

Engagement with the field/ Practicum - 10 Marks

- Report on comparative analysis of Primary education between India & Bangladesh
- Report on comparative analysis of Secondary & Higher Secondary education between India & Bangladesh
- Report on comparative analysis of Teacher Education between India & Bangladesh

- Report on comparative analysis of Primary education between India & Sri Lanka
- Report on comparative analysis of Secondary & Higher Secondary education between India & Sri Lanka
- Report on comparative analysis of Teacher Education between India & Sri Lanka
- Report on comparative analysis of Primary education, Secondary & Higher Secondary education and Teacher Education between SAARC countries.

143E - WEVE: Work Education & Vocational Education

Course Learning Outcome: The students will be able to-

- * Make a teacher-trainee aware of the modern approaches to teaching of Work Education in the perspectives of its development from traditional approaches.
- ♦ Make the teacher-trainee acquainted with the basic skills required for the inculcation of the modern approaches to teaching of Work Education.
- ❖ Make the teacher trainees aware of different methods of teaching suitable to different topics of Work Education.
- ❖ Make the teacher trainees acquainted with the ways and means for managing class-room from the standpoint of inclusive education.

darv		
 a) Aims and Objectives of Teaching Work Education at Secondary level. Values of teaching Work Education at Secondary level. b) Correlation of Work Education with other School Subjects. c) Bases of Work Education – Psychological, Sociological, Historical and Economical. 		
al		
i. Lecture Cum Demonstration Method		
ii. Laboratory Method.		
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J		
c) Concept of improvisation; its use in the teaching of Work Education.		
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- i. Choudhury, J., Deb, N. and Samanta, A. (2014) Karmashiksha Shikhsan Bigyan Kala O Prajukti, Aaheli Publishers, Kolkata.
- ii. Kincheloe, Joe L. Toil and Trouble: Good Work, Smart Workers, and the Integration of Academic and Vocational Education. New York: Peter Lang Publishing. (1995)

Engagement with the field/ Practicum - 10 Marks

- Growing of Vegetables/ Fruit / Flower
- Household wiring and Electrical gadgets repairing
- Tailoring and Needle Work
- Bamboo Work and Wood craft
- Tie-Dye and Batik Printing
- Clay Modelling
- Fruit preservation
- Cardboard Work and Book Binding
- Soap, Phenyl and Detergent making
- Wallet mast making
- Paper making and paper cutting work

143F - HEPE: Health Education and Physical Education

Course Learning Outcome: The students will be able to -

- ❖ Build a scenario of Health Education in India.
- ❖ Develop a Knowledge Base of the Most Common and Uncommon
- ❖ Diseases in India; their Diagnosis & Remediation.
- ❖ Learn the Tech Related Health Risks & Learn How to Fix These.
- Study the Health Education Vision & Mission of India.

	a) Introduction to the concept of health, it's significance and		
	importance		
	b) Identity of Educational Institutional Plants: Structure, Infrastructure and		
	Environment,		
Unit I:	c) Emerging Health & Total Quality of the Educational Institutions,		
Health Education	d) Status of Health Education in India from Pre-Natal Education through		
	Higher Education,		
Scenario in India	e) Health & Hygiene, Mess & Toilets, Disease & Dispensary, Work &		
	Leisure,		
	f) Total Health Quality of Educational Governors, Administrators,		
	Teachers, Students, Supporters, Libraries, Laboratories, Classrooms,		
	Halls, Play Fields		

Unit II: Most Common & Uncommon diseases in India	 a) Heart Diseases, Cancer, HIV/AIDs, Swine Flue, Reproductive Helpless Health, Osteoporosis, Depression, b) Intentional & Unintentional Injuries, Diabetes, and Obesity, Uncommon Diseases- Autistic, Cerebral Palsied, Blood Borne Diseases c) Beta Thal Major, Sickle Cell Anemia, Hemophilia, Diagnosis, Prevention & Prognosis.
Unit III: Tech- Related Health Risks & How to Fix Them	 a) Identification of the technological health hazards- Smartphone Stress, Acne caused by the Cell Phones, Blackberry Stress Injuries to the Thumb, Radiation from the cell phones, Cell Phone Sickness, Cell Phone & Car Accidents, Allergies & Phones, Crazy Phones, b) Computers Causing Wrist Pain, Back & Neck Pain, Decreased Sperm Count from the WIFI, Laptop Burns, Laptop Headaches, Sleeping Problems from the Laptops, Decreased attention span from using Face-book, c) The Internet Causing Anxiety, Headphone Use leading to Accidents, Hearing Loss from Headphones, Visual Impairment, d) Death from Social Networking, Environmental Degradation, Aggression, Social Crimes Evolving Controlling & Regulatory Mechanisms.
Unit IV: Health Issues, Health Education: Vision & Mission; First Aid	 a) Fast Food Problems, Drinking Water Problems, Falling Heart & Brain Entrainment Ratio, Inflated Height Weight Index, b) High & Low Blood Pressure, Depression & Aggression, Adhyatmik Troubles, Adhi- bhoutik Troubles, Adhidaivik Troubles, along with these all sorts of Medical Practices c) Vision & Mission of Medical Council of India, Health Education Priorities, and immediate need of Health Education Policy of India. d) The principles of first aid, equipment, principles & treatments - Fractures, Muscular sprains, haemorrhage, respiratory discomfort, Natural and artificial carriage of sick and wounded person, unconsciousness, heat stroke.

- i. Bhattacharyya, A.K.(2010). *Dimensions of Physical Education Principles, Foundation & Interpretation*. Kolkata: Classique Books.
- ii. Bucher, C.A. Foundation of Physical Education St. Louis: The C.V. Mosby Co.
- iii. Bhattacharyya, A.K. &Bhowmick, S. Sarir*siksha*. Kolkata: Paschimbanga Rajya Pustak Parshad.
- iv. Bandyopadhyay, K. Sarir siksha parichay. Kolkata :Classique Books
- v. Kar, Subhabrata& Mandal, Indranil. (2009). *Uchhatara sarir siksha*. Lalkuthipara, Suri, Birbhum: *S*arir Siksha Prakashani.

Engagement with the field/ Practicum - 10 Marks

- Surfing to know the diseases in India
- Preventive & Ameliorative measures for health hazards
- Playing Games
- Athletics
- Yoga
- Reflective Dialogues on Serials, such as, Satyamev Jayate on Health of the People
- Preparation of inventories on myths on exercises and different type of food

- Make an inventory of energy rich food and nutritious food(locally available) indicating its health value
- Make an inventory of artificial food and provide critical observations from health point of view
- Home remedies as health care
- Role of biopolymers (DNA) in health of child
- Medicinal plants and child health
- Strategies for positive thinking and motivation
- Preparation of first aid kit

143G - EDWB: Education in West Bengal

Course Learning Outcome: The students will be able to -

- ❖ Know the educational history of West Bengal
- ❖ Understand the academic structures of different educational sectors in West Bengal
- ❖ Know the administrative structures of education in West Bengal at different levels.
- ❖ Know recent development and trends of education in West Bengal

Unit I:	a) Education of Ancient, Medieval, Colonial Bengal - Featuresb) Education in Bengal after Independence - Features			
Educational	c) Eminent Educationists of Bengal			
History of West	d) Notable Institutions of Bengal			
Bengal	e) Different Education Commissions and Committees in West Bengal			
	a) Primary Education - Structure, Curriculum, Agencies			
	b) Secondary & Higher Secondary Education - Structure, Curriculum,			
	Agencies			
	c) Higher Education - Structure, Universities, Courses Offered,			
Unit II:	Evaluation System			
Unit II.	d) Teacher Education - Structure, Universities, Curriculum			
Academic Structure	e) Others Sectors - Structure, Universities, Curriculum			
of Education in	i. Mass Education,			
Different Sectors	ii. Lifelong & Continuing Education			
	iii. Vocational Education,			
	iv. Medical Education,v. Technical EducationAgricultural Education			
	vi. Judicial Education			
	vii. Open & Distance Education			
11	a) Primary Education & Elementary Education			
Unit III:	b) Secondary & Higher secondary Education,			
Administrative				
Structure of	d) Different Statutory Bodies, Boards, Councils, Research Institutes,			
Education in West	Centre and Schools of West Bengal			
Bengal	· ·			

Unit IV:	 a) SSA – RMSA, KGBV b) Incentive Schemes – Kanyashree, Sikshashree, Sabuj Sathi,
Recent Initiatives in Education of West Bengal	c) Grants – Prematric - Postmatric - Minority Scholarship, Non-NET fellowship for M.Phil & Ph.D Scholars, Uniform-Shoe-Umbrella-Books Grants.

Engagement with the field/ Practicum - 10 Marks

- Field visit & report writing to any educational or administrative institution
- Seminar Presentation
- Preparation of educational timeline of West Bengal
- Report on recent initiatives and development

CC 144: School Internship (Phase II): 8 Weeks - 200 Marks

(1st Method: 100 + 2nd Method: 100)

Theory		Practicum			Total			
Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours
-	-	-	200	8	200	200	8	200

	School Internship Phase I (Semester 3)					
Subject	Breakups	Marks				
A. Method Paper I	1. Final Teaching	50				
	2. Practice Teaching	(50)				
	I. Learning Design	30				
	II. Internship Attendance	10				
	III. Teaching Diary	10				
	Total	100				
B. Method Paper II	1. Final Teaching	50				
	2. Practice Teaching	(50)				
	I. Learning Design	30				
	II. Internship Attendance	10				
	III. Teaching Diary	10				
	Total 10					
Total Marks in bo	Total Marks in both the Method in Internship Phase I 200					

- ★ Eight weeks school internship shall be carried out during the fourth semester. Here, the student teachers are required to be placed suitably in the schools.
- ★ The institute may assign a senior faculty as 'School Internship Coordinator' for smooth functioning of the internship programme, who would identify and allot schools to student teachers and maintain liaison with the schools. The role of the 'School Internship Coordinator' would be to share his professional experiences, present model lessons, assess student teachers' performance, and provide on-site guidance and support during internship.

- ★ Selected faculty members of the institute, on the basis of their availability, would be allotted to different schools as 'School Internship In-charge' during the internship period. Along with the names of the 'School Internship In-charge', the subject/subjects are to be observed and the schools for observation may be written & noticed.
- ★ In each school one or two group leaders can be selected among the student teachers. The 'School Internship In-charge' shall coordinate the activities of all the student teachers with the group leaders of the school. All the faculty members, on the basis of their availability, would visit all the schools as 'Subject Supervisors' and would assess student teachers' performance.
- ★ During the Internship period, the student teacher shall be attached to the various activities of the school (Annual Sports, Cultural Programmes, Tree Plantation Programme etc.) and he shall undertake such duties as are assigned to him by the Head of the Institution of the school. He must remain actively involved in all observation programmes of school such as celebration of Independence Day, Gandhi Jayanti, Netaji Jayanti, Republic Day etc.
- ★ During this semester the student teachers are acquainted with the overall conduct of the school activities and record keeping. It may include morning assembly, class time table, attendance register, stock register, mid-day meal, conduct of periodical meetings, purchase and consumption and co-curricular activities.
- ★ During or at the end of the internship programme the final teaching examination shall be organised by the institution in the respective schools preferably in their second method subject. At least 30 learning designs should be delivered within this internship period (duly prepared and approved by the Subject Supervisors).
- ★ A teaching diary is to be maintained by all student teachers throughout the programme and it is required to submit the same to the institution at the end of the programme or at the time of final teaching examination.

CC 145: Action Research (School Internship) (EPC -5)

Theory		Practicum			Total			
Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours
-	-	-	25	2	50	25	2	50

Course Learning Outcome: This Action Research will enable the student-teacher to:

- ❖ Identify the Meaningful problems in Education especially in Schools.
- **&** Be engaged in the inquiry into the problems.
- Develop a plan of action for the solution of the problem.
- ❖ Have firsthand experience for conducting research and its reporting.

Students-teachers are to prepare a research report after conducting action research based on education. The action research report is to be prepared according to the following heading.

A. Section I:

- 1. Title page
- 2. Acknowledgement
- **3.** Contents

B. Section II:

1. Introduction:-

- a) Background
- b) Objective of the Study (Identification of a problem area, Identification of the problem, delimiting the problem)
- c) Action hypotheses / Research questions

2. Methodology:

- a) Subjects
- b) Preparation of tools for gathering data
- c) Procedure (Data Collection)

3. Results:

- a) Presentation of data
- b) Analysis of data

4. Discussion:

- a) Summary of findings
- b) Implication of the Study.
- c) Conclusion

CC 146: Community Activity – 50 Marks

Theory		Practicum			Total			
Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours
-	-	-	50	2	50	50	2	50

Students-teachers are to prepare detailed reports on the following topic/s or as suggested by the concerned teacher.

- i. Organization of a rally or campaign on any social issue e.g. Polio, HIV, Electoral Rights, Gender sensitization etc.
- ii. Planning, Organizing & Participation in Field Trip / Excursion
- iii. Gardening
- iv. Cleanliness of the campus and beautification, Cleaning of furniture
- v. Assembly
- vi. Community Games
- vii. Cultural Programmes
- viii. SUPW, Work Education
- ix. Scout & Guide / NSS
- x. Celebration of National Festivals, Teachers Day etc.
- xi. First Aid
- xii. Aesthetic development activities-decoration of classrooms etc.
- xiii. Teaching of marginalised children

CC 147: Project on Medicinal Plants (EPC 6)

Theory		Practicum			Total			
Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours
-	-	-	25	2	50	25	2	50

- Ayurveda is an Upaveda of Atharva or Rigveda according to some schools or is a Panchama Veda. It is also considered as Upanga of Atharva Veda i.e. it is not imposed or added from the exterior but is a part and parcel of the main body of the Vedas. Thus Ayurveda holds an important position in the Indian Knowledge System (IKS). There are many useful and medicinal plants around us whose significance is mentioned in some Ayurvedic texts. Some such plants are also present in the Charaka Uddyan and Sushruta Uddyan of Sikshanamandira.
- ❖ Students will undergo the process of identifying these plants in this project work. They will also know the usage of these plants from the study of the available literature on the internet on these plants and submit a report on it.

ANNEXURE

CC 122 & CC 123: Understanding Discipline & Pedagogy of School Subject

Groups	Contents					
Group A Understanding Discipline and School Subject	 Nature and Characteristics of a Discipline Emergence of Various Disciplines Merger of Various Disciplines Interrelation and Interdependence amongst various School subjects Objectives, scope and nature of school subjects Different strategies used for respective school subjects. 					
Group B	Critical Appraisal of Subject Content Selected Subject Contents from Class VI-XII					
	Focus Area	Marks				
	Division of the unit into suitable sub-units specifying the number of periods.	2				
	The brief essence of the sub-unit	2				
	Previous knowledge					
Group C	Appropriate instructional objectives in behavioural terms	3				
Pedagogical	The broad method of teaching					
Analysis of	Learning Teaching Materials		30			
the School	Two probing questions with probable answers	2				
Subject	Illustration of the concepts with examples/analogies/contrasts	2				
Content	Teaching aids	2				
	Criterion Based Test (at least six items) preceded by a table specification	6				
	Theoretical argument for inclusion in the school curriculum	2				
	Relevance of the topic from practical view persists in real-life situation					
Group D	Pedagogy of School Subject		30			
Practical on So	chool Subject (Project / Experiment)		20			
Total Marks			100			

CC 122: First Method Subject (Method 1):

Theory		Practicum			Total			
Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours
80	4	72	20	1	25	100	5	97

CC 123: Second Method Subject (Method 2):

Theory		Practicum			Total			
Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours	Marks	Credit	Hours
80	4	72	20	1	25	100	5	97

Bengali

Group – B: Critical Appraisal of the Subject Content: Bengali - 10 Marks

Class	Contents
VI-XII	1.গাছের কথা – জগদীশচন্দ্র বোস (গদ্য) - অষ্টম শ্রেণী 2.তার সঙ্গে– পাবলো নেরুদা (কবিতা)অনুবাদ-শক্তি চটটোপাধ্যয় - দ্বাদশশ্রেণী 3.ধীবর বৃত্তান্ত – কালিদাস (গদ্য) - নবম শ্রেণী 4.কারক-বিভক্তি প্রকরণ (ব্যাকরণ) - দশম শ্রেণী 5.ঈশ্বরচন্দ্র বিদ্যাসাগর-মাইকেল মধুসূদন দত্ত - দ্বাদশ শ্রেণী

Group - D: Pedagogy of School Subject: Bengali - 30 Marks

একক 🗕 ১ মাতৃভাষা হিসাবে বাংলা ভাষার স্থান ও গুরুত্বঃ	ক) ভাষা ও মাতৃভাষা; জীবন ও শিক্ষায় গুরুত্ব, থ) মাতৃভাষার শিক্ষা ও মাতৃভাষার মাধ্যমে শিক্ষাঃ উদ্দেশ্য ও গুরুত্ব, গ) মাতৃভাষা শিক্ষাক্ষেত্রে পাঠ্যক্রমগত স্তরবিভাগ, ঘ) সাহিত্য শিক্ষকের ব্যাক্তিগত ও পেশাগত গুণাবলী / বৈশিষ্ট্য সমূহ
একক – ২ মাতৃভাষার শিক্ষায় দক্ষভার চতুরঙ্গঃ	ক) গ্রহনধর্মী দক্ষতা অ) শ্রবন – দক্ষতা বিকাশের উপায়সমূহ, আ) পঠন – পঠনের প্রকারভেদ সরব ও নীরব পাঠ, ব্যাপক ও গভীর পাঠ। ধারনা, চর্বনা ও স্থাদনা পাঠ। দ্রুত পঠন – প্রয়োজন অভ্যাস গঠন, এই দক্ষতার বিকাশের জন্য করনীয় কৃত্যঃ শিক্ষক ও বিদ্যালয়ের। থ) প্রকাশধর্মী দক্ষতা অ) কথন – বাংলা ভাষার বৈশিষ্ট্য। মৌলিক বর্ণ ও যুক্তবর্ণের উদ্ধারন বিধি। মান্য উদ্ধারন বনাম উপভাষা / আঞ্চলিক উদ্ধারন। এই দক্ষতার বিকাশের জন্য করনীয় কৃত্যঃ শিক্ষক ও বিদ্যালয়ের। আ) লিখন – সুন্দর হস্তাক্ষরের সংঙ্গা ও বৈশিষ্ট্য সমূহ, হস্তাক্ষরের উন্নতির উপায় সমূহ, বাংলা বানান সঠিক বানানের রীতি ও বানান সংস্কার। বিদ্যালয় শিক্ষার্থীদের বানানের ভুলের প্রকৃতি, কারন ও প্রতিকার।
একক 🗕 ৩ সাহিত্যানুশীলন ও ভাষাবিকাশে শব্দভান্ডার সমৃদ্ধি ও সহপাঠক্রমিক কার্যাবলীর ভূমিকা ও ব্যবহার।	ক) আবৃত্তি, থ) অভিনয়, গ) বিত্তর্ক, ঘ) তাৎক্ষণিক বক্তৃতা ৬) সাহিত্য সভা ও প্রতিযোগিতা, চ) পত্রিকা সংগঠন ও প্রকাশ, ছ) আলোচনাচক্র, জ) ভাষা গবেষণাগার, ঝ) শিক্ষামূলক প্রদর্শনী

Practical on School Subject (Project / Experiment) Bengali: - 20 Marks

- 1. সৃজনশীল রচনা (২৫০ শব্দ) নিজের পছন্দ খেকে লেখা
- 2. একটি অনুচ্ছেদ পাঠ (10 লাইনের অধিক)
- 3. Close-Test (Reading comprehension silent Reading)

Suggested Readings:

- i. বাংলা শিক্ষা পদ্ধতি ডঃ সুবিমল মিশ্র
- ii. বাংলা শিক্ষা পদ্ধতি কৌশিক চট্টোপাধ্যায়
- iii. বাংলা পড়ানোর রীতি সত্যগোপাল মিশ্র
- iv. Encyclopaedia of Teaching Languages in India: Bengali S.R. Sharma

English

Group – B: Critical Appraisal of the Subject Content: English - 10 Marks

Class	Contents						
	1. The Great Escape by Sugata Bose (VIII)						
	2. His First Blight by Liam O'Flaherty (IX)						
VI-XII	3. Father's Help by R. K. Narayan (X)						
	4. Of Studies by Francis Bacon (XI)						
	5. Strong Roots by APJ Abdul Kalam (XII)						

Group – D: Pedagogy of School Subject: English - 30 Marks

	a) Aims & Objectives of teaching English in Post- independent India
Unit I:	with reference to multicultural perspectives.
Concept &	b) Trends in second language teaching theories: A brief overview
Concept & Background of	i. The behaviourist school
Teaching English	ii. Cognitive school
Teuching English	iii. Vygotsky and language development
Unit II:	a) Commissions and committees on status of English in India after
Unit II.	independence
The Identity Phase	b) English as a global language
Unit III:	a) Methods and approaches of language teaching
Cint III.	I. Concept & procedure
Methods and	II. Teachers' & learners' role
Approaches of	b) Continuing Professional Development (CPD) - Concept and
Language	features, CPD for Language Teachers: NEP 2020
Teaching	

Practical on School Subject (Project / Experiment): English - 20 Marks

- 1. Preparation of Learning Material (Audio / Audio-Video).
- 2. Reading (aloud) Extract from any drama
 Pronunciation, stress, modulation, suggestive pause, meaningfulness
- 3. Creative writing (in 250 words) Free writing any one topic out of five
- 4. Reading comprehension Test (silent reading) A text will be supplied with gaps Students will be asked to fill in the gaps either from accurate word from the text, or relevant word Categories: (a) accurate (b) Relevant (e) inaccurate

Suggested Reading:

- i. English Language teaching Nagaraj.
- ii. Approaches and methods in language teaching Richards & Rodgers
- iii. Teaching of English Parveen Sharma
- iv. Teaching English Evans, Midgley,
- v. S. Kudchedkar (ed.), 'English Language Teaching in India: Orient Longman.
- vi. V. Saraswathi, 'English Language Teaching: Principles and Practice': Orient Longman.

Sanskrit

Group – B: Critical Appraisal of the Subject Content: Sanskrit - 10 Marks

Class	Contents
	 शब्दरूपाणि- स्वरान्तानि, व्यञ्जनान्तानि, सर्वनामानि, संख्यावाचकानि
	2. धातुरूपाणि- भ्वाद्यदादिरुधादीनि
	3. सन्धिः- स्वरसन्धिः, व्यञ्जनसन्धिः
	4. कारकाणि
	5. चाणक्यश्लोकाः
VI-XII	6. मुनिमूषिककथा
	7. वर्षावर्णनम्
	8. उपमन्युकथा
	9. दानवीर: कर्ण:
	10.अभ्यासवशगं मन: (श्रीमद्भगवद्गीता)

Group - D: Pedagogy of School Subject: Sanskrit - 30 Marks

TT */ T	a) Aims and Course objectives of teaching Sanskrit.
Unit I:	b) Relation and relevance of Sanskrit into contemporary Indian
Concept and	Language.
background of	c) Views of different commissions and committees for school-level
teaching Sanskrit	Sanskrit Teaching.
teaching Sanski it	
	a) Traditional Method.
11 4 11	b) Bhandarkar Method.
Unit II:	c) Textbook Method.
Method of Teaching	d) Direct Method.
Sanskrit	e) Translation Method.
Sanskiit	f) Psychological Method.
	, , ,
	a) Listening skill – listening comprehension and strategies for its
	development. 1
	b) Speaking skill – impact of phonetics on development of speech habit,
	strategies for correct pronunciation and fluency in speaking.
	c) Reading skill - reading for comprehension, factors determining
	reading, strategies for its development.
** ** ***	d) Writing skill – characteristics of Devanagari Script, factors influencing
Unit III:	handwriting, causes of spelling mistake, strategies for its development
Developing Skills	e) Critical analysis of the Sanskrit syllabus at Secondary Level in West
Developing Skins	Bengal.
	f) Causes of backwardness and remedial teaching in Sanskrit.
	g) Agencies of Sanskrit education
	i. Rashtriya Sanskrit Sansthan.
	ii. Sanskrit Universities.
	iii. Sanskrit Institution – In India and abroad.

Practical on School Subject (Project / Experiment): Sanskrit - 20 Marks

- 1. Listening and speaking comprehension test (both Listening and speaking skill).
- 2. Reading aloud Dramatisation (Proper stress, accent, modulation, punctuation, pause, meaningfulness).
- 3. Typing a text in Sanskrit software named Baraha Powerpoint presentation in Sanskrit
- 4. Creative writing (in 250 words) free writing any one out of five.
- 5. Planning, Organizing & Participation in Field Trip
- 6. Correction of spelling mistakes with the help of proper pronunciation (specimens should be collected from modern Bengali words for correction and justification).

Suggested Readings:

- i. Teaching of Sanskrit- Apte & Dongre
- ii. Debabhasa Sikshanam (Beng.)- Atulananda Mandal
- iii. Teaching of Sanskrit- Safaya, Shukla
- iv. Sanskrit sikshan paddhati (Beng.)- Rita Book Agency

Hindi

Group – B: Critical Appraisal of the Subject Content: Hindi - 10 Marks

कक्षा VI – XII	1. कोई नहीं पराया – गोपाल दास नीरज (VIII)
YAN VI – AN	2. वाक्य, कारक, समास एवं संधि
	3. संस्कृति है क्या – रामधारी सिंह दिनकर (IX)
	4. भेड़ और भेड़िये – हरीशंकर परसाई (XI)
	5. रोटी और संसद – धूमिल (XII)

Group – D: Pedagogy of School Subject: Hindi - 30 Marks

इकाई 1: भाषा शिक्षण के आधार	 भाषा: अर्थ, महत्व एवं प्रकृति भाषा और समाज: भाषा और लिंग, भाषा और वर्ग, भाषा और अस्मिता भाषा और विद्यालय: घर की भाषा और विद्यालय की भाषा में अंतर व महत्व, बहुसांस्कृतिक एवं बहुभाषिक कक्षा का महत्व संविधान और शिक्षा समितियों की रिपोर्ट में हिंदी भाषा एवं अन्य भाषा की स्थिति: धारा 343-351, कोठारी आयोग 1964-1966, राष्ट्रीय शिक्षा नीति 1986, राष्ट्रीय शिक्षा नीति 2020, एन.सी.एफ.टी.ई 2009, राष्ट्रीय पाठ्यचर्या की रूपरेखा 2005
इकाई 2: हिंदी शिक्षण में विभिन्न विधियों एवं विधाओं का संक्षिप्त अवलोकन:	 हिन्दी शिक्षण की विधियाँ :निगमन विधि, आगमन विधि, समीक्षा विधि, योजना विधि, खेल पद्धिति, समवाय विधि, प्रश्नोत्तरी एवं अभिनयीकरण पद्धिति हिन्दी शिक्षण की विभिन्न विधाओं का उद्देश्य, महत्व एवं प्रक्रिया : गद्य शिक्षण कविता शिक्षण एवं नाटक शिक्षण व्याकरण शिक्षण एवं रचना शिक्षण शिक्षणशास्त्रीय विश्लेषण: अवधारणा, उद्देश्य, सोपान एवं लाभ

	1. भाषायी कौशल: अर्थ, विशेषताएं, प्रकार
इकाई 3:	2. श्रवण कौशल, मौखिक अभिव्यक्ति कौशल,पठन कौशल, लेखन कौशल: अर्थ, प्रकार,
हिन्दी शिक्षण में	उद्देश्य,महत्व एवं प्रविधियां
भाषायी कौशल एवं	3. शिक्षण कौशल: परिभाषा, विशेषताएं, घटक एवं वर्गीकरण
शिक्षण कौशल	4. सूक्ष्म शिक्षण: अवधारणा, विशेषताएं, सोपान,सावधानियां
	5. अधिगम प्रारूप: अवधारणा, आवश्यकता एवं आवश्यक गुण
इकाई 4:	शिक्षण विधि (Methodology of Teaching)

Practical on School Subject (Project / Experiment): Hindi - 20 Marks

प्रशिक्षण/कक्षा शिक्षण के दौरान गतिविधि

- 1. वाक् एवं वाग्ययन्त्र
- 2. सृजनात्मक लेखन(250 शब्द)
- 3. वाक्य विन्यास
- 4. कक्षा शिक्षण के दौरान ''कक्षा आठ के छात्रों द्वारा हिन्दी में की जाने वाली वर्तनी संबंधी अशुद्धियों को दूर करना ''-इस समस्या पर क्रियात्मक शोध तैयार करें I
- 5. प्रशिक्षण के दौरान 'पश्चिम बंगाल के संदर्भ में प्रथम, द्वितीय एवं तृतीय भाषा' -विषय पर परिचर्चा का आयोजन करें I
- 6. भाषायी कौशलों से संबंधित विभिन्न प्रकार की गतिविधियां तैयार करें और उनका प्रयोग कक्षा शिक्षण के दौरान करें I
- 7. प्रशिक्षण के दौरान किसी पाठ का शिक्षणशास्त्रीय विश्लेषण करें I
- 8. कक्षा शिक्षण के दौरान खेल-खेल में विभिन्न क्रियाओं-कलापों के द्वारा व्याकरण सिखायें I
- 9. पाठ्य प्स्तक की समीक्षा
- 10. अन्रूपित शिक्षण (5 पाठ)

Mathematics

Group - B: Critical Appraisal of the Subject Content: Mathematics - 10 Marks

Class	Contents
VI-XII	Algebraic Formulae Ratio and proportion Simple and compound Interest Congruence and Similarities Equation Linear Inequalities Mensuration on Solids Trigonometrical Ratios and Identities Sequence and series Relations and Functions Introduction of Calculus (Differentiation, Integral) Matrix, Determinant Vectors: Basic operations Statistics: Upto dispersion Coordinate Geometry: Straight line

Group - D: Pedagogy of School Subject: Mathematics - 30 Marks

	a) Nature and significance of mathematics.
	b) Aims and Objectives of Teaching Mathematics at school level.
Unit I:	c) Historical Perspectives of mathematics.
Importance of	d) Mathematics in everyday life.
Teaching	e) Place of mathematics in school curriculum.
Mathematics	f) Correlation of Mathematics with other school subjects.
	g) Psychological theories of teaching mathematics: A brief view of
	Piaget, Dienes and Bruner.
	a) Methods of teaching mathematics:
	i. Inductive method,
	ii. Deductive method,
II:4 II.	iii. Analytic method,
Unit II:	iv. Synthetic method,
Methods &	v. Problem method
Strategies of	vi. Project method
Teaching	vii. Laboratory method
Mathematics	b) Mathematics phobia
	c) Identification of slow learners in mathematics
	d) Remedial measures for slow learners in mathematics
	e) Identification and nurture of gifted students in mathematics
	a) Different types of teaching aids (projective and non-projective)
Unit III:	including calculator, computer, models.
	b) Teaching mathematics through – Mathematics Club, magazines, Quiz,
Instructional aids	puzzles – their roles in mathematics teaching learning.
and assistance in	c) The mathematics laboratory: its nature and use
teaching	d) Good Mathematics textbooks : features
mathematics and	e) Good Math teacher: Qualities
Evaluation	f) Importance of evaluation in mathematics
	g) Types of evaluation in mathematics (Formative, Summative,

Diagnostic, and prognostic)
h) Techniques of evaluation (oral, written, achievement test,
observation).

Practical on School Subject (Project / Experiment): Mathematics - 20 Marks

- 1. To verify the sum of 1st n natural numbers.
- 2. To verify the Pythagoras Theorem.
- 3. To verify the angles in the same segment of a circle are equal.
- 4. To verify the value of Π
- 5. To make a cone with given slant-height and circumference.
- 6. To make a cylinder with a given circumference and height.
- 7. Construction of a parabola.
- 8. To measure the height of an object by trigonometric method
- 9. To find out the number of permutations and combinations from a set of different objects.
- 10. Frequency of letters/ words in a text (graphical)
- 11. Percentage open space calculation of a room.
- 12. To write the sample space by tossing coins.

Suggested Readings:

- i. Agarwal S.M.– Teaching of Modern Mathematics.
- ii. Kulbir Sing Sidhu Teaching of Mathematics.
- iii. Teaching of Mathematics- C.L. Banga

Computer Studies

Group – B: Critical Appraisal of the Subject Content: Computer Studies - 10 Marks

Class	Contents
	1. History of computer
	2. Generation of computer
VI-VIII	3. Different parts of computer
	4. Operating system
	1. Word
IX-X	2. Spreadsheet
	3. Powerpoint presentation
	4. Internet
XI-XII	1. Programming language
	2. Application of computer

Group - D: Pedagogy of School Subject: Computer Studies - 30 Marks

	1 Congration Types & Characteristics of Computers
II:4 I.	1. Generation, Types & Characteristics of Computers.
Unit I:	2. Nature & Scope of Computer Studies.
Importance of	3. Aims and Objectives of Teaching Computer Studies.
Teaching	4. Place of Computer Studies in the School Curriculum.
Computer Studies	5. Computer Studies Teacher: a) Qualities & Responsibilities. b) Need for
computer studies	Professional Orientation.
II	A. Inductive and Deductive approaches
Unit II:	B. Methods:
Approaches &	
Methods of	1) Concept Mapping Method 2) Leasture Core Demonstration Mathed
Teaching	2) Lecture Cum Demonstration Method
Computer Studies	3) Problem Solving Method
Computer Studies	4) Project Method
	Characteristics of a Good Textbook in Computer Studies.
	2. Legal & Copyright Issues regarding Downloading Material from Internet.
	3. Viruses and protection System.
	4. Critical Evaluation of the Syllabus of the 'Modern Computer Application'
Unit III:	prevailing in the Secondary Education System in West Bengal.
Aspect and	5. Computerization of School Library and Office.
evaluation of	6. Importance of Mass Literacy in Computer Studies.
Teaching	7. Importance of evaluation in Computer Studies.
Computer Studies	8. Types of evaluation in Computer Studies (Formative, Summative,
Computer Studies	Diagnostic, and prognostic)
	9. Techniques of evaluation (oral, written, achievement test, observation).
	10. Evaluation of Computer Studies Syllabus in Higher Secondary level in
	W.B.
	Brief Introduction about Operating System and types, CPU
	Scheduling.
	2. Basic concept about logic gates and their expressions, Use of Boolean
	Algebra in Computer Studies.
	3. Using Internet for Accessibility & Retrieval of Information and
	different types of Networks – LAN, MAN, WAN.
Unit IV:	4. Number system: Bits, bytes, base conversion, complement system,
(EVTDA) II	addition, subtraction, Fixed point, Floating Point, ASCII, BCD,
(EXTRA) Use and	EBCDIC, Excess- 3,2421, Gray Code.
Assistance in Teaching	5. Digital Circuit: Adder, Subtractor, Decoder, Encode, Multiplexer,
Computer Studies	Demultiplexer.
Computer Studies	6. Sequential circuit: Flip-flop, Register, Counter.
	7. Introduction to DBMS – Data, Database, Advantages of DBMS,
	Layered Architecture of database, Data Independence, Data Models,
	Schemes and Instances, Database languages, Database users, DBA, Data
	Dictionary, Functional components of a DBMS, Entity, Attributes and
	Relationship, Keys, ER Diagram of Some Examples Database.
	8. html

Practical on School Subject (Project / Experiment): Computer Studies - 20 Marks

- 1. Preparation of materials & programmes to inculcate computer attitude.
- 2. Analysis and Evaluation of Computer Science/Application Textbook.
- 3. Survey of Computer Science Laboratory in a school.
- 4. Evolving suitable technique(s) to evaluate laboratory work.
- 5. Visit to the Community Science Centre / Science City / Science Museum.
- 6. Simulated Teaching Practical (5 lessons).
- 7. Any other decisions by the class teacher.

Physical Science

Group – B Critical Appraisal of the Subject Content: Physical Science - 10 Marks

Class	Contents		
	Physics	Chemistry	
VI-XII	 Measurement System (VI) Force and Pressure (VIII) Heat (VIII) Force & Motion (IX) Work , Power & Energy (IX) Lens and Dispersion (X) Modern Physics (X) Gravitation (XI) THERMAL PROPERTIES OF MATTER (XI) Optics (XII) Current Electricity (XII) 	 Simple, Compound and Mixed Matter (VI) Molecule, Atom & Chemical Reaction (VII) Properties of Gas (VIII) Atomic Structure (IX) Acids, Bases and Salts (IX) Physical and Chemical Change (IX) Electronic Theory of Oxidation & Reduction (X) Ionic and Covalent Bonding-Chemical Bonding (X) Structure of Atom (XI) Solid State (XII) Polymers (XII) 	

Group - D: Pedagogy of School Subject: Physical Science - 30 Marks

Unit I: Importance of Teaching Physical Science	a) Aims and Objectives of Teaching Physical Science.b) Qualities & Responsibilities of Physical Science Teacher
Unit II: Approaches & Methods of Teaching Physical Science	 a) Inductive and Deductive approaches b) Methods: Concept Mapping Method. LCD Method. Heuristic/ Discovery Method. Problem Solving Method. Project Method.
Unit III: Aspects and Evaluation in Physical Science	 a) CAI, Electronic Media/ ICT used in lesson Demonstration. b) Physical Science Laboratory. c) Popularization and Propagation of Science d) Improvisation of teaching-learning material. e) Scientific Temper and Nurturance of Special Talents f) Qualities of a Good Physical Science Textbook g) Types and Techniques of evaluation h) Evaluation of Physical Science Syllabus in Secondary & Higher Secondary level in W.B.

Practical on School Subject (Project / Experiment): Physical Science - 20 Marks

- Planning, Organizing & Participation in Field Trip
- Either from Physics (any one from each Gr. A & Gr. B) or Chemistry (any one from each Gr. A & Gr. B)

Physics: Group A

- 1. To measure diameter of a small spherical / diameter and length of a cylindrical body using slide callipers, hence calculate its volume with proper formula
- 2. To measure the internal diameter and depth of a beaker using slide callipers and hence find its volume.
- 3. To measure diameter of a given thin wire using screw gauge
- 4. To determine the volume of an irregular but uniform thickness lamina using screw gauge and graph paper.
- 5. To determine the radius of curvature of a given spherical surface by a spherometer
- 6. To study the acceleration due to gravity by measuring variation in time period (T) with effective length (L) of a simple pendulum, plot graphs of L T and L T2. Determine the effective length of second pendulum from L T2 graph

Physics: Group B

- 1. Verify Ohm's law for a given unknown resistance (a 100 cm uniform wire) by plotting a graph of potential difference versus current. Calculate the resistance and hence resistance per cm of the wire from the slope of the graph.
- 2. Using a Metre Bridge determines the resistance of about 100 cm of uniform wire. If its length and diameter are supplied, calculate the specific resistance of the material of the wire.
- 3. To convert the given galvanometer (of known resistance and figure of merit) into an ammeter and voltmeter of desired range and to verify the same.
- 4. Draw the lines of forces for a magnet placing its north pole towards the geographic north. Also determine the position of neutral points on two sides of the magnet.

Chemistry: Group A

- A. Basic Laboratory Techniques i. Cutting glass tube and glass rod ii. Bending a glass tube iii. Drawing out a glass jet iv. Boring a cork
- B. Characterization and purification of chemical substances i. Determination of the melting point of an organic compound ii. Determination of the boiling point of an organic compound iii. Crystallization of impure sample of any of the following: Alum, Copper, Sulphate, Benzoic acid.
- C. Environment-related experiments i. Calculation of pH of soil sample. ii. Determination of turbidity for a given sample of water iii. Determination of dissolved oxygen in a given sample of water iv. Determination of TDS of water sample
- D. Quantitative estimation (Use of digital balance (precession up to 3 decimal points)) (Volumetric analysis) i. Determination of strength of a given sodium hydroxide solution by titrating it against a standard oxalic acid solution. ii. Determination of strength of a given hydrochloric acid solution by titrating it against standard sodium carbonate solution. iii. Standardisation of KMnO4 solution by using standard Oxalic acid solution. iv. Estimation of Fe in Mohr's salt solution using standard KMnO4 solution or standard K2Cr2O7 solution.

Chemistry: Group B

- A. Chemical kinetics (i) Study of the rate of reaction of iodide ions with hydrogen peroxide at room temperature using different concentrations of iodide ions. (with Excel plot) (ii) Study of the reaction rate of hydrolysis of ester in an acidic medium (with Excel plot)
- B. Thermochemistry: Any one of the following experiments: (i) Enthalpy of dissolution of copper sulphate or potassium nitrate. (ii) Enthalpy of neutralization of strong acid (HCl) and strong base (NaOH) (iii) Determination of enthalpy change during interaction (hydrogen bond formation) between acetone and chloroform.

- C. Electrochemistry (i) Potentiometric titration of Fe3+/Fe2+ system with Potassium dichromate and Potassium permanganate solutions. (ii) Potentiometric determination of concentration of AgNO3 solution (N/100 or N/200) using standard KCl solution (N/10).
- D. Tests for the functional groups present in organic compounds: Unsaturation, alcoholic -OH (1°), phenolic -OH, aldehyde, ketone, carboxylic acid and primary aromatic amine groups.
- E. Preparation of Organic compounds: Preparation of any two of the following compounds: (i) Benzilic acid (From Benzil) (ii) Aniline yellow or 2-Naphthol aniline dye. (iii) Iodoform.
- F. Characteristic test of carbohydrates, fats and proteins in pure samples and their detection in given foodstuffs.
- G. Qualitative analysis Determination of one cation and anion in a given salt. (Note: Insoluble salts excluded)

Suggested Readings:

- Innovative Science Teaching for Physical Science Teacher- Radhamohan
- ii. Modern Science teaching R.C. Sharma
- iii. Bhota Vijnan Sikshan Paddhati (In Bengali) Dr. Kamal Krishna De.

Life Science

Group – B: Critical Appraisal of the Subject Content: Life Science - 10 Marks

Class	Contents		
VI-XII	 Diversity of structure and function of biotic components of ecosystem (VII) Environment, health and hygiene (VII) Photosynthesis and respiration (IX) Hormones (X) Biological Classification (XI) Genetic and evolution (XII) 		

Group - D: Pedagogy of School Subject: Life Science - 30 Marks

Unit I Importance of Teaching Life Science	 a) Aims and Objectives of teaching Life Science at school. b) Relation of Life Science with other schools, and in particular with Physical Science. c) Core concepts of Life Sciences and multi-disciplinary approaches of modern areas of Life Science like genetics, bio- technology, bioinformatics, microbiology, bio-chemistry etc. d) Life Science Teacher: e) Qualities & Responsibilities.
Unit II	 a) Inductive and Deductive approaches b) Methods: Demonstration Method. Laboratory Method Heuristic/ Discovery Method. Problem Solving Method. Project Method. c) Visual, Audio, Audio-Visual Aids.
Approaches, Methods, Aids and Equipments in Teaching Life Science	d) Popularization and Propagation through – i. Science Fair, Exhibition and Club ii. Science Magazine iii. Science Quiz iv. Field Trips & specimen collection/dissection v. Science museum, Zoological & Botanical gardens, aquarium/vivarium/terrarium. vi. Community Awareness Campaign (Health & Hygiene, Nutrition, Dengue, Anemia, Tobacco Sensitization, Immunization, AIDS, Thalassemia, gender awareness, Female infanticide and Cancer.

Unit III

Important Aspects of Teaching and Evaluation in Life Science

- a) Improvisation of materials in Life Science teaching.
- b) Meaning and scope of the concepts Scientific Aptitude, Scientific Temper and Nurturance of Special Talents.
- c) Qualities of a good Life Science Textbook.
- d) Evaluation of Life Science Syllabus in Secondary and Higher Secondary Stages in West Bengal.
- e) Types of evaluation in Life Science (Formative, Summative, Diagnostic, and prognostic)
- f) Techniques of evaluation (oral, written, achievement test, observation).

Practical on School Subject (Project / Experiment): Life Science - 20 Marks

Planning, Organizing & Participation in Field Trip Demonstration of Laboratory Practical:

- 1. Botany or Bio-Chemistry or Zoology or Physiology (Two Practical)
- 2. Laboratory Note-Book
- 3. Project Work
- 4. Viva voce

Botany (Lab. Works – cutting, dissection, display etc.) (Answer scripts – During Lab. Identification etc.)

- 1. Demonstration of cutting of section (Root/ Stem- Monocot/ Dicot), or flower dissection
- 2. Microscopic observation of the section and to show the same to the Examinee. OR T.S. of ovary and display of flower dissection
- 3. Drawing and Labelling
- 4. Identifying character of the section Or description of flower

Or **Biochemistry** (Lab. Work – demonstration + Identification Written work)

- 1. Demonstration for identification of the sample (starch, glucose, fat, protein)
- 2. Written work based on identification of the food material (mentioning procedures of observation, influence of the test)

Or **Zoology**

- 1. Demonstration for identification of the specimen (any two)
 - Drawing
 - Writing of two identifying characters of the specimen and mentioning only the scientific name.

Or

2. Prepare pedigree charts of any one of the genetic traits, such as rolling of tongue, blood groups, ear lobes, Widow's peak and colour blindness.

Or Physiology:

- 1. PFI / Blood Pressure: Demonstration in class
- 2. Written work in answer Scripts about procedure / result

Suggested Readings:

- i. Teaching of Biological Science Jasim Ahmad
- ii. Modern Teaching of Life Science S.M. Zaidi

History

Group – B: Critical Appraisal of the Subject Content: History - 10 Marks

Class	Contents		
	1. Concept of History		
VI-XII	2. Evolution of Indian Civilization		
	3. Indian sub-continent of 6 th Century		
	4. Rise of Kingdoms		
	5. Delhi Sultanate and Mughal Empire		
	6. Emergence of Indian Nationalism and Separatism		
	7. Rebels and Raj		
	8. Framing of the Constitution		
	9. Partition, Nation formation and related aspects		
	•		

Group - D: Pedagogy of School Subject: History - 30 Marks

Unit I:	a) Definition of History, Aims, Objectives of Teaching History
Unit 1.	
Concent and	
	c) Correlation of history with other subjects
background of	
Teaching History	
	a) Importance, Classification and Preparation of Low Cost teaching aids.
	b) History Library, Text-Book, History Room, History Museum.
	c) Excursion, Cinemas and Documentaries, Collateral Reading (Historical
	Biographies, Travel Accounts, Reference Books, Historical fictions,
Unit II:	Magazine, Journals and Newspapers).
Aids, Equipment	d) Time Scale.
and Methods in	e) Use of Technology in History.
	f) Lecture Method
Teaching History	g) Heuristic Method
	h) Project Method
	i) Dramatization Method
	j) Discussion Method
	a) History Teacher:
	i. Qualities and Functions of a History Teacher.
Unit III:	ii. History Teacher and Controversial Issues.
	iii. Role of History teacher in Action Research.
Aspects of	b) Art of Questioning in History Teaching, Brainstorming Questions
Teaching History	c) Importance of evaluation in History.
& Evaluation in	d) Types of evaluation in History (Formative, Summative, Diagnostic, and
History	prognostic)
	e) Techniques of evaluation (oral, written, achievement test, observation).
	c) recliniques of evaluation (oral, written, achievement test, observation).

Practical on School Subject (Project / Experiment): History - 20 Marks

- 1. Numismatics: (Name of the Dynasty, Nature of Coin, Issuer, Metal used and Weight, Name of the Ruler, Time, Mint Name, Calligraphy, Comments etc.).
- 2. Inscription studies: (Brahmee, Kharastee, Greek, Arabic, Urdu, Proto -Bengali etc.)
- 3. Project on Local History.
- 4. Preparation of Time-Line, Time-Graph and History Maps.
- 1. Planning, Organizing & Participation in Field Trip.

Geography

Group - B: Critical Appraisal of the Subject Content: Geography - 10 Marks

Class	Contents		
	1. River (VII)		
	2. Pressure Belts and Wind (VIII)		
VI VII	3. Determination of Location on Earth, International Date & Time, Antipode (IX)4. Weathering (X)		
VI-XII	5. Geomorphic Process (XI)		
	6. Concepts of Isostasy (XI)		
	7. Biosphere (XII)		
	8. Geographical Perspectives on Selected Issues and Problems (XII)		

Group - D: Pedagogy of School Subject: Geography - 30 Marks

	a)	Nature, Concept & Scope of Geography in Human Life and its Place in		
		the School Curriculum.		
Unit I:	b)	Aims and Objectives of teaching Geography.		
Immoutones	c)	Correlation of geography with other school Subjects. Inductive and		
Importance		Deductive approach		
Approaches & Methods of	d)	Direct Observation Method and Local Study		
Teaching	e)	Indirect Observation Method.		
Geography	f)	Lecture Method.		
Geography	g)	Demonstration Method.		
	h)	Project Method.		
	a)	Maps, Graphs, models, Visual Aids, Filmstrips and Slides,		
	b)	CAI, Electronic Media, Excursion & Field Study.		
	(c)	Geography Room & Museum, Geography Laboratory.		
Unit II:	d)	Organization of Geography Club.		
Aspects, Aids, e) Geography Teacher:		Geography Teacher:		
Equipments and		i. Qualities and Functions of Geography Teacher.ii. Need for Professional Orientation.		
Assistance in				
Teaching		iii. Use of Graphs & Statistics.		
Geography		iv. Need for Environmental Awareness.		
	f)	Art of Questioning in Geography Teaching, Brainstorming Questions,		
		Probing Questions		
	a)	Importance of evaluation in Geography.		
Unit III:	b)	Types of evaluation in Geography (Formative, Summative, Diagnostic,		
Cilit III.		and prognostic)		
Evaluation in	c)	Techniques of evaluation (oral, written, achievement test, observation).		
Geography	d)	Evaluation of Geography Syllabus in Secondary & Higher Secondary		
		level in W.B.		
	l			

Practical on School Subject (Project / Experiment): Geography - 20 Marks

- Comparative Study of Liner, Digital and Vernier Scales
- Surveying
- Prismatic Compass Surveying

- Interpretation of Topographical Sheets with Suitable Morphometric Techniques.
- Map Projection: Cylindrical Equal Area
- Polar Zenithal Equal Area.
- Instruments Study.
- Maximum and Minimum Thermometer.
- Hygrometer
- Rain Gauge
- Barometer (Fortin's and Aneroid)
- Rock & Mineral Identification.
- Cartograms
- Choropleth mapping Population density by screen method,
- Pie-diagram Occupational structure or Land use Pattern,
- Bar Diagram Male-Female population / Rural-urban population/ Production of food-grains,
- Dot method and interpretation Rice & Wheat.
- Statistical Diagram with interpretation: Rainfall Temperature graphs of different climates of the World.
- Global Positioning System (GPS)
- Remote Sensing and Geographic Information System (GIS)
- Preparation and Presentation of Field Reports

Suggested Readings:

- i. Teaching Geography- Madhumita Das
- ii. Remote Sensing Principles and Applications -Dr. B.C.Panda

Political Science

Group - B: Critical Appraisal of the Subject Content: Political Science - 10 Marks

Class	Contents
	1. Nature and Scope of Political Science as a Discipline.
	2. Fundamental Rights & duties
	3. Cultural citizenship & Present India
	4. Making and the Philosophy of the Constitution of India.
	5. Forms of Government: Definition and Basic Features.
IV VII	6. Liberty: A general profile; Safeguard of liberty
IX-XII	7. Nationalism: Elements of Nationality, Tagore's views on Nationalism.
	8. Election and Representation.
	9. UNO Aims and Principles.
	10. Organs of the Indian Government.
	11. India and her Neighbours: SAARC

Group – D: Pedagogy of School Subject: Political Science - 30 Marks

Unit I:	a) Prolude to the study of Political Science as an applied Social Science	
Unit 1;	a) Prelude to the study of Political Science as an applied Social Science	E.
Concept and	b) Modern Definitions of Political Science.	
background of	c) Scope, Aims, Objectives and Values of Teaching Political	
Teaching Political	Science.	
Science	d) Place of Political Science in School Curriculum.	
	a) Inductive and Deductive Approaches	
	b) Lecture Method	
	c) Question Answer Method	
Unit II:	d) Supervised Study Method	
	e) Project Method	
Approaches,	f) Discussion Method	
Methods, Aids and	g) Individualised Instruction Method	
Assistance in	h) Problem Solving Method	
Teaching Political Science	i) Teaching Aids: Importance, Classification and Preparation of Low	
Science	Cost teaching aids, Computer Assisted Instruction.	
	j) Text-Books, Journal and Periodicals for teaching Political Science,	
	Resource Room, Subject Museum.	
	a) Swami Vivekananda's view on State and Society.	
Unit III:	b) Socio Political investigation: Vigilant Citizenship perspective.	
	Principles of framing the Political Science Syllabus.	
Critical Context &	c) Qualities and Functions of a Political Science Teacher.	
Evaluation of	d) Art of Questioning in Political Science Teaching.	
Political Science		

Practical on School Subject (Project / Experiment) Political Science - 20 Marks

- 1. Political Map, Timeline
- 2. Project on Local Political Governance
- 3. Planning, Organizing & Participation in Field Trip
- 4. Visit a political Institution and prepare a project as a hands on approach.

Suggested Readings:

- i. Modern Methods of Teaching Political Science Prem Lata Sharma, Swarup and Sons, New Delhi
- ii. Teaching Social Science in Schools: NCERT
- iii. Teaching Political Science Vernon Van Dyke, Humanities Press
- iv. Rashtra Bijnan Sikshan Paddhati Dr. Smritikana Mazumder, Rita Publication
- v. Political Theory: A Text Book of Class XI (NCERT)

Education

Group – B: Critical Appraisal of the Subject Content: Education - 10 Marks

Class	Contents
	1. Aims of Education: Individualistic & Socialistic Aims of Education, Constitutional
	Values; Democracy and Secularism.
	2. Factors of Education: Learner, Teacher, Curriculum & Environment.
	3. Forms of Education: Formal, Informal and Non Formal (Meaning, Concept,
	Characteristics, Need, Role, Limitations).
	4. Meaning and Needs of Educational Philosophy, Relationship between Education and
WI	Philosophy. Schools of Indian and Western Philosophy.
XI	5. Meaning and Needs of Educational Sociology, Relationship between Education and
	Sociology. Social Organisation and Social Structure.
	6. Meaning and Needs of Educational Psychology, Relationship between Education
	Psychology. Schools of Educational Psychology (Behaviourism, Gestalt &
	Psycho-Analysis).
	7. Growth & Developments: Meaning, Principles, Factors. Role of Education on these.
	8. Contribution of Indian Social Reformers towards the development of
	Education: Raja Ram Mohan Roy, Iswar Chandra Vidyasagar, Begum
	Rokeya, Savitribai Phule. 9. Post-Independent Period of Indian Education System.
	10. Great Educators and their Contributions in Education.
	11. Education for Differently abled Children: Meaning, Concept & Classification.
3/11	12. Education for All: Universalisation of Elementary Education in India. Role of
XII	Positive Psychology in Modern Education.
	13. Learning: Meaning, Characteristics, Factors & Mechanisms.
	14. Mental Health & Mental Wellbeing: Concepts, Strategies for Promotions. Ten Core
	Life Skills as Prescribed by WHO.
	15. Educational Technology: Concept, Need, Scope & Components of It.
	16. Statistics in Education: Concepts, Applications (Frequency Distribution, Central
	Tendency & Correlations)

Group - D: Pedagogy of School Subject: Education - 30 Marks

	a)	Definition of "Education"
	b)	Aims, Objectives of Teaching Education.
	c)	Correlation of Education with other subjects.
Unit I:	d)	Instructional approaches: Direct, Indirect, PSI.
Concept, Approaches	e)	Lecture Method
& Methods of	f)	Project Method
Teaching Education	g)	Discussion Method
	h)	Programmed Instructions/CAI
	i)	Brainstorming Group Discussion
	j)	Demonstration
Unit III:	a)	Importance Classification and Preparation of Low Cost teaching
Unit III:		aids.
Aids, Equipments	b)	Education Library, Text-Book, Education Room, Education
and Assistance in		Museum.
Teaching Education	c)	Excursion, Documentaries

	d)	Use of technology in Education
	a) Qualities and Functions of an Education Teacher.	
Unit III:	b)	Art of Questioning in Teaching Education.
	c)	Critical Analysis of Education Syllabus
Aspects & Evaluation	d)	Principles of framing the "Education" Syllabus.
of Teaching	e)	Importance of evaluation in Education.
Education	f)	Evaluation of Education Syllabus in Higher Secondary level in
		W.B.

Practical on School Subject (Project / Experiment): Education - 20 Marks

- 1. Team Teaching
- 2. Project work
- 3. Preparation of LTM
- 4. Planning, Organizing & Participation in Field Trip
- 5. Group Discussion

Suggested Readings:

- i. শিক্ষা বিজ্ঞান ড. নিখিল দত্ত ও ড. চৈতন্য মন্ডল
- ii. শ্রেণীশিক্ষনে শিক্ষাবিজ্ঞান ড. চৈতন্য মন্ডল
- iii. সমাজবিজ্ঞান শিক্ষণ পদ্ধতি ড. চৈতন্য মন্ডল

Music

Group – B: Critical Appraisal of the Subject Content: Music - 10 Marks

Class		Contents				
	1.	A brief overview of Vedic Music.				
	2.	Musical Definitions- Nada, Shruti, Swara, Tala, Matra, Murchhana, Alankar, Laya and Layakari.				
	3.	Knowledge of Taals: Dadra, Kaharaba, Tritala, Ektal, Jhaptal ete.				
	4.	Definition and Characteristics of Raga. Knowledge of Ragas: Yaman, Bhairab,				
VI-XII		Khamaj.				
V 1-7X11	5.	Seasonal songs of Rabindranath and Taals created by Rabindranath.				
	6.	Description and function of Tanpura, Harmonium, Tabla-Bayan.				
	7.	Knowledge of Akarmatrik and Hindustani Notation System.				
	8.	Musical contribution of Ramprasad Sen, Swami Vivekananda, Rajanikanta Sen,				
		Atulprasad Sen, D.L.Roy, Kazi Nazrul Islam, Tulsidas, Lalan Fakir, Tansen.				

Group - D: Pedagogy of School Subject: Music - 30 Marks

	a) Aims and Objectives of Teaching Music at Secondary and Higher
Unit-I:	Secondary Level.
	b) Concept & Scope of Music in Human Life.
Importance of Teaching Music	c) Musical Ability, Musical Aptitude, Musical Creativity.
Teaching Music	d) Qualities and Responsibilities of Music Teacher

	a) System of introducing Music to beginners' use of Alankaras and Tanas		
	, ,		
Unit-II:	for vice- training.		
	b) Methods:		
Approaches &	i. Demonstration method.		
Methods of	ii. Heuristic method		
Teaching Music	iii. Problem solving method		
	iv. Project method		
	a) Good music textbooks: features.		
	b) Behavioural/instructional objectives of Music teaching.		
Unit-III:	c) Art of questioning in music teaching, Brainstorming,		
	Question, Probing questions.		
Aspect, Teaching	d) Principles of framing the music syllabus		
Aids, Equipments, Assistance and	e) Techniques of evaluation in music (oral, written, practical,		
Assistance and Evaluation in	observation), Types of evaluation in music (Formative,		
	Summative, Diagnostic etc)		
Teaching Music	, ,		
	f) Evaluation of music syllabus in H.S level of W.B.C.H.S.E.		

Practical on School Subject (Project / Experiment): Music - 20 Marks

- 1. Practical Demonstration & reporting of Activity
- 2. Planning, Organizing & Participation in Field Trip
- 3. Laboratory book
- 4. Practical Activities
 - a. Raga (Secondary & H.S Level)
 - b. Bhajan
 - c. Rabindra Sangeet (Darupada & Khayal Style)
 - d. Nazrul Geeti (any one)
 - e. D. L. Roy, Rajanikanta, Atulprasadi song (any of each)
 - f. One Padabali Kirtan

Accountancy

Group - B: Critical Appraisal of the Subject Content: Accountancy - 10 Marks

Class	Contents
XI	 Financial Accounting, Cost Accounting and Management Accounting. Basic Accounting Terms, Basic Accounting Concepts, Golden Rules of Accounts, Basics of Journals, CSR GAAP, Goods and Service Tax (GST), Rules of Debit and Credit, Book of Original Entry: Journal, Special Purpose Books, Rectification of Errors, Types of Reserves, Bills of Exchange Ledger, Cash Book, Trial Balance, Depreciation, Methods of Depreciation, Difference between SLM and WDV, Final Accounts of Sole Proprietor, Balance Sheet
XII	 Partnership: Features, Partnership Deed, Goodwill, Features and types of companies. Share and Share Capital, Debentures: Meaning and types Financial Statement Analysis, Accounting Ratios, Concept of Electronic Spreadsheet Accounting for Partnership Firms, Admission of a partner, Retirement and death of a partner, Accounting for share capital, Forfeiture and reissue of shares Cash Flow Statement: Indirect Method of AS-3 (Revised) and without Adjustments, Database Management System

Group - D: Pedagogy of School Subject: Accountancy - 30 Marks

Unit I: Concept, Approaches & Methods of Teaching Accountancy	 a) Aims & Objectives of teaching Accountancy. b) Correlation of Accountancy with other subjects. c) Instructional approaches: Direct, Indirect, PSI. d) Teaching Methods: Lecture Method, Project Method, Discussion Method e) Programmed Instructions/CAI.
Unit II: Aids, Equipment and Assistance in Teaching Accountancy	 a) Importance, Classification and Preparation of Low-Cost teaching aids. b) Accountancy Text-Book, Accountancy Room, Excursion (Visit to profit-seeking and non-profit-seeking organisations). c) Use of technology in Accountancy.
Unit III: Aspects & Evaluation of Teaching Accountancy	 a) Qualities and Functions of Accountancy Teacher. b) Art of Questioning in Teaching Accountancy. c) Critical Analysis of Accountancy Syllabus d) Principles of framing the Accountancy Syllabus. e) Importance of Evaluation in Accountancy

Practical on School Subject (Project / Experiment): Accountancy - 20 Marks

- 1. Team Teaching
- 2. Project work on commercial phenomena
- 3. Preparation of LTM
- 4. Planning, Organizing & Participation in Field Trip
- 5. Industrial Survey work

 The End	